

NGQUSHWA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY FINAL ANNUAL REPORT 2017/2018

CONTENTS

ABBR	EVIATIONS/CONCEPTS AND MEANING	4
СНАР	TER 1 INTRODUCTION	7
1.1	MAYOR'S FOREWORD	7
1.2	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY BY THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER	9
1.3	MUNICIPAL PROGRAM 2017/18	12
1.4	MUNICIPAL GRAND STRATEGY	14
1.5	INTRODUCTION TO MUNICIPAL BACKGROUND	15
1.6	SERVICE DELIVERY OVERVIEW	20
СНАР	TER 2_GOVERNANCE	21
	POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE	
2.2	ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE	29
2.3	INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS	30
2.4	PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY AND PARTICIPATION	32
2.5	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	38
CHAP	TER 3 SERVICE DELIVERY PERFORMANCE	54
3.1.	WATER PROVISIONError! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 54	
3.2	SANITATIONError! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 56	
3.3	ROAD MAINTENANCEError! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 56	
3.4	PROJECT MANAGEMENTError! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 57	
3.5	ELECTRICITY	58
3.6	PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENTError! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 59	
3.6.1	Spatial developmentError! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 60	
3.6.2	Land and housing Error! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 61	
3.6.3	Land tenure availability and redistribution Error! Bookmark not	
defin	ed. 62	
3.6.4	. LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTError! Bookmark not	
	ed. 68	
3.6.5	COMMUNITY & SOCIAL SERVICES Error! Bookmark not	
defin	ed72	
3.6.5	.1 Waste ManagementError! Bookmark not	
defin	ed 72	

3.6.5.3 Introduction to Cemeteries' & Crematoriums Error! Bookmark not
defined73
3.6.5.4 Introduction to Peddie Garden Error! Bookmark not
defined74
3.6.6 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION Error! Bookmark not
defined74
3.6.6.1 Introduction to Environmental ProtectionError! Bookmark not
defined74
3.6.6.2 Introduction to Pollution Control Error! Bookmark not
defined74
3.6.6.3 Introduction Bio-Diversity and Landscape Error! Bookmark not
defined74
3.6.7 SECURITY AND SAFETY Error! Bookmark not
defined75
3.6.7.1 Ngqushwa Municipal Traffic Services Error! Bookmark not
defined75
3.6.7.2 Overall Performance of Ngqushwa Municipal Traffic Services Error! Bookmark not
defined75
3.6.8INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT) SERVICES Error! Bookmark not
defined76
delined
CHAPTER 4 INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND ORGANISATIONAL PERFORMANCE
4.1 MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE MANAGEMENT
4.2 MANAGING WORKFORCE
EXPENDITURE
4.3 ORGANIZATIONAL PERFROMANCE REPORT
4.5 ONGANIZATIONAL FERI NOMANCE REPORT
CHAPTER 5: FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE
5.1 FINANCIAL SUMMARYError! Bookmark not
defined88
5.1.1 Financial Performance Error! Bookmark not
defined88
5.2 GRANTS Error! Bookmark not
defined
5.2.1 Grant Performance Error! Bookmark not defined90
5.3 ASSET MANAGEMENTError! Bookmark not
defined
5.4 REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE Error! Bookmark not
defined91
5.5 FINANCIAL RATIOS BASED ON KEY PERFORMANCE
INDICATORS92Error! Bookmark not defined.

5.5.1 Liquidity RatioError! Bookmark not	
defined	92
5.5.2 Creditors ManagementError! Bookmark not	
defined	93
5.5.3 Borrowing Management Error! Bookmark not	
defined93	3
5.5.4 Employee costs Error! Bookmark not	
defined	94
Component B: Spending Against Capital BudgetError! Bookmark not	
defined94	
5.6 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE Error! Bookmark not	
defined9	4
5.7 SOURCES OF FINANCE Error! Bookmark not	
defined	95
5.7.1 Capital Expenditure by Funding Source Error! Bookmark not	
defined. 95	
Component C: Cash Flow Management and Investments Error! Bookmar	k not
defined. 96	
5.8 CASH FLOW Error! Bookmark not	
defined	96
CHAPTER 6	98
ALIDITOR CENERAL ALIDIT FINIDINGS	00
AUDITOR GENERAL AUDIT FINDINGS	98
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTSError! Bookmark not defined	
AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTError! Bookmark not	
defined	66
AUDIT ACTION PLANError! Bookmark not	.00
defined	170
	1/9
MPAC OVERSIGHT REPORTError! Bookmark not defined	214
AUDIT COMMITTEE ANNUAL REPORTError! Bookmark not	214
defined244	
KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORSError! Bookmark not	
defined248	
APPENDIXES	•••

ABBREVIATIONS/CONCEPTS AND MEANING

ABBREVIATIONS/CO	MEANING		
NCEPTS	IVILATIVIO		
Accountability	Documents used by executive authorities to give "full and regular"		
documents	reports on the matters under their control to Parliament and		
	provincial legislatures as prescribed by the Constitution. This includes		
	plans, budgets, in-year and Annual Reports.		
Activities	The processes or actions that use a range of inputs to produce the		
	desired outputs and ultimately outcomes. In essence, activities		
	describe "what we do".		
Adequacy indicators	The quantity of input or output relative to the need or demand.		
ADM	Amatole District Municipalities.		
AG	Office of the Auditor General.		
Annual Report	A report to be prepared and submitted annually based on the		
	regulations set out in Section 121 of the Municipal Finance		
	Management Act. Such a report must include annual financial		
	statements as submitted to and approved by the Auditor-General.		
Approved Budget	The annual financial statements of a municipality as audited by the		
	Auditor General and approved by council or a provincial or national		
- "	executive.		
Baseline	Current level of performance that a municipality aims to improve		
	when setting performance targets. The baseline relates to the level		
martin and state of	of performance recorded in a year prior to the planning period.		
Basic municipal	A municipal service that is necessary to ensure an acceptable and reasonable quality of life to citizens within that particular area. If not		
service	provided it may endanger the public health and safety or the		
	environment.		
ВТО	Budget and Treasury Office.		
Budget year	The financial year for which an annual budget is to be approved –		
7.0	means a year ending on 30 June.		
CBOs	Community Based Organizations.		
CDWs	Community Development Workers.		
Cost indicators	The overall cost or expenditure of producing a specified quantity of		
	outputs.		
DBSA	Development Bank of Southern Africa.		
DEDEA	Department of Economic Development and Environmental Affairs.		
DM	District Municipality.		
Distribution	The distribution of capacity to deliver services.		
indicators			
ECDC	Eastern Cape Development Corporation.		
EPWP	Expanded Public Works Programmes.		
Financial Statements	Includes at least a statement of financial position, statement of		
	financial performance, cash-flow statement, notes to these		
EV	statements and any other statements that may be prescribed.		
FY General Key	Financial Year After consultation with MECs for local government, the Minister may		
General Key performance	After consultation with MECs for local government, the Minister may prescribe general key performance indicators that are appropriate		
indicators	and applicable to local government generally.		
mulcaturs	and applicable to local government generally.		

ABBREVIATIONS/CO	MEANING	
NCEPTS GDP	Gross Domestic Product.	
HDI	Human Development Index.	
НН	Households.	
HOD	Head of Department.	
HR	Human Resource.	
IDP	Integrated Development Plan.	
Impact	The results of achieving specific outcomes, such as reducing poverty	
Прасс	and creating jobs.	
Inputs	All the resources that contribute to the production and delivery of	
	outputs. Inputs are "what we use to do the work". They include	
	finances, personnel, equipment and buildings.	
IT	Information Technology.	
LED	Local Economic Development.	
LM	Local Municipality.	
MFMA	Municipal Finance Management Act.	
MIG	Municipal Infrastructure Grant.	
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding.	
MPAC	Municipal Public Accounts Committee.	
MSA	Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000).	
National Key	Service delivery & infrastructure	
performance areas	Economic development	
	Municipal transformation and institutional development	
	Financial viability and management	
	Good governance and community participation	
NGOs	Non-Governmental Organisations.	
NLM	Ngqushwa Local Municipality.	
NYDA	National Youth Development Agency.	
Outcomes	The medium-term results for specific beneficiaries that are the	
	consequence of achieving specific outputs. Outcomes should relate	
	clearly to an institution's strategic goals and objectives set out in its	
Outrote	plans. Outcomes are "what we wish to achieve".	
Outputs	The final products, or goods and services produced for delivery. Outputs may be defined as "what we produce or deliver". An output	
	is a concrete achievement (i.e. a product such as a passport, an action	
	such as a presentation or immunization, or a service such as	
	processing an application) that contributes to the achievement of a	
	Key Result Area.	
PDOHS	Provincial Department of Human Settlements	
Performance	Indicators should be specified to measure performance in relation to	
Indicator	input, activities, outputs, outcomes and impacts. An indicator is a	
	type of information used to gauge the extent to	
	which an output has been achieved (policy developed, presentation	
	delivered, service rendered)	
Performance	Generic term for non-financial information about municipal services	
Information	and activities. Can also be used interchangeably with performance	
	measure.	

ABBREVIATIONS/CO NCEPTS	MEANING		
Performance	The minimum acceptable level of performance or the level of		
Standards:	performance that is generally accepted. Standards are informed by		
	legislative requirements and service-level agreements. Performance		
	standards are mutually agreed criteria to describe how well work		
	must be done in terms of quantity and/or quality and timeliness, to		
	clarify the outputs and related activities of a job by describing what		
	the required result should be. In this EPMDS performance standards		
	are divided into indicators and the time factor.		
Performance Targets:	The level of performance that municipalities and its employees strive		
	to achieve. Performance Targets relate to current baselines and		
	express a specific level of performance that a municipality aims to		
	achieve within a given time period.		
PGDP	Provincial Growth and Development Plan.		
PMS	Performance Management System.		
PMU	Project Management Unit.		
Service Delivery	Detailed plan approved by the mayor for implementing the		
Budget	municipality's delivery of services; including projections of the		
Implementation Plan	revenue collected and operational and capital expenditure by vote		
(SDBIP)	for each month. Service delivery targets and performance indicators		
	must also be included.		
SDF	Spatial Development Framework.		
SME	Small Micro Enterprise.		
Vote:	One of the main segments into which a budget of a municipality is		
	divided for appropriation of money for the different departments or		
	functional areas of the municipality. The Vote specifies the total		
	amount that is appropriated for the purpose of a specific department		
WSA	or functional area.		
WSDP	Water Service Development Plan		
WSDP	Water Service Development Plan. Water Service Provider.		
WTW	Water Treatment Works.		

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 MAYOR'S FOREWORD

As the Mayor of Ngqushwa Municipality, I am delighted and honoured to present our annual report for 2017/2018 financial year.

It is a lawmaking authorization that as a Local Municipality, we are obligated to prepare an Annual report which its main objective is to reflect on the performance of the Municipality for each financial year. This report is prepared in terms of the provisions of section 121(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act as well as section 46(1) of the Municipal Systems Act of 2000.

The Mandate given by society to us is to improve the quality of their lives. These ideals are captured in the IDP that was adopted by the current Council. This 2017/18 Annual report of the Ngqushwa Local Municipality, which in many ways reflect our service delivery and developmental achievements and challenges, is presented in recognition of our legislative obligation to be an accountable and transparent organization.

This report reflects the key strategic and service delivery related projects and programmes undertaken by the Municipality during the review period. These include the projects undertaken in terms of our Municipal Integrated Development Plan (IDP) adopted by Council.

The highlights and successes detailed in this Annual Report were undertaken in line with the Strategic objectives of the Municipality, which includes the following:

- Ensuring access to basic services for all resident communities in Ngqushwa
- Ensuring sound financial viability and management
- Ensuring a culture of public participation in municipal planning, budgeting and decisionmaking process.
- We have secured a partnership with Canada Innisfil Municipality
- Enhancing capacity within the youth of Ngqushwa, we have implemented a Learnership for a New Venture Creation worth R 20million for 440 learners
- 100% has been spent on MIG funding

The period was earmarked by several outstanding achievements, such as receiving unqualified audit opinion for the 2016/17 and 2017/18 financial year and we intend to get a clean audit in the future. We will also intend to maintain sustained service delivery and strengthen organisational capacity.

An Integrated Development Planning and Budget public participation processes was undertaken, which involves political office bearers to address and interact with public.

Lastly, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all Councillors, officials, the communities of Ngqushwa and stakeholders for their dedication, support and co-operation which enabled the institution to record all service delivery progress during the year under review

His worship: Mayor CLLR M. T. Siwisa

1.2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY BY THE MUNICIPAL MANAGER

The 2017/18 Annual Report serves a communication tool that reflects an overview of the municipal activities, performance in service delivery and financial position aimed at improving the lives of Ngqushwa communities.

With the declining economic condition placing extra burden on the Municipality, it become evident that the 2017/18 financial year was a difficult year.

With this said Ngqushwa Local Municipality remained focused on accomplishing our strategic goals and the creation of environment conducive for financial stability, the promotion of organisation well-being and ultimately the improvement of effective and efficient service deliver for all communities

The Municipality focus intensely on ensuring that the vision and mission of the organisation was clearly brought across to the public.

1) Administrative Functionality

The administration has been stronger than ever and with the support and guidance of Council we have made a remarkable strides in achieving our vision "To be the preferred, vibrant, socio-economically developed municipal area that embraces a culture of human dignity, good governance and characterised by good quality of service for all.

Key Managerial position such as Municipal Manager, Director Corporate Services, Director Infrastructure Development and Director Community Services were filled in 2017/18 financial year.

2) Performance Management

The performance management policy was reviewed and individual performance workshops were held with the Senior Managers and Middle Manager. The aim of this exercise was not only to prepare them for the coming financial year but also to create a performance culture throughout the entire organisation. For the 2017/18 financial year institutional annual performance is 72% (Audited) and has decrease by 8% compared to previous financial year. All senior managers are appointed to execute the administrative functions of the municipality.

3) Communication

Municipality has implemented several communication systems to keep the public abreast with the progress and information that affects them. After the implementation and successful execution of newsletter, a massaging system proceeded and established a social media presence. This platform has ensured that we have interactive, real time communication with our communities

4) LED

Ngqushwa Local Municipality is one of Municipalities in Eastern Cape where The Federation of Canadian Municipalities in partnership with the South African Local Government Association (SALGA) are piloting BIGM program over a period of 52 months.

The BIGM program aims to improve the capacity of South African municipalities to support effective service delivery, inclusive local green economic growth and enhanced climate change mitigation and adaptation measures.

The program is piloting local economic development initiatives in six Eastern Cape municipalities to:

- Promote job creation
- Poverty reduction, and
- Enhanced well-being, while empowering women, youth and vulnerable groups, and ensuring their inclusion as decision makers and beneficiaries.

We as organisation ere determine to ensure that we meet our strategic objectives of Local Economic Development. We have placed our focus on job creation within the areas via EPWP and CWP .We are pleased to have a good relationship with our Local Tourism Organisation, business sectors as well as farming communities and looking forward to the coming financial year to make a new and improved changes in the LED environment.

During 2017/18 financial year the following four properties were handed over to Ngqushwa Local Municipality by Amathole District Municipality through ASPRE.

- 1. Emthonjeni Artist Retreat
- 2. Arts and Craft Centre
- 3. Environmental Centre
- 4. Music Academy

The Memorandum of Understanding between Amathole District Municipality, ASPIRE and Ngqushwa Local Municipality was also signed.

5. Good governance

Good governance remains crucial to the success of the organisation and the value of a well-functioning Council with its Committee structures, as well as Ward Committees cannot be overstated by the institution. The Municipality ensure that all reasonable steps to ensure that the Municipality has and maintains effective, efficient and transparent system of financial, risk management and internal control are effectively implemented.

Risk Management Initiatives and actions performed

- An annual risk assessment conducted
- Monthly monitoring on the status of the strategic and operational risk register as well as quarterly reporting.

The Municipal Council adopted seven policies during the year under review. The developments and improvements in our financial management led the municipality to receive a better audit outcome in 2017/18 (Unqualified Audit Opinion).

6. Public participation

The municipality realises that community participation is a major implication on democratising service delivery. Therefore, we continue to utilize space for public participation programmes where we communicate regularly with communities and disseminate relevant information through structures that are in place.

7. Financial Sustainability

The financial viability of Ngqushwa Local Municipality has not improved as several problems stills prevail and our communities still very dependent on Grant funding. We are considerate of indigent

people to receive goods and services such as housing, water and sanitation, refuse removal and electricity. We committed ourselves to support the indigent and poor households where 6 042 people have access to free basic electricity and people benefitted to free basic refuse removal per unit were 1993 per month. Again, with the municipality's allocation of R31 833 000.00 on Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG), the management committed to 100% expenditure to ensure quality service delivery. By so doing, we follow IDP implementation and pride ourselves by ensuring that our people get the best service according to their priority needs.

The municipality has developed the following strategic document that will respond to the needs of the community of Ngqushwa:

Financial Recovery Plan

8. Joint projects and functions with Sector Departments

The Municipality share the area and community with other spheres of government and has to work closely with National, Provincial department and District Municipality to ensure effective implementation of various projects and functions.

I commend all my staff, irrespective of rank for their respect, commitment dedication, loyalty and hard work that contributed to a successful year. I also acknowledge the good relationship that prevailed with sector departments and organised labour.

In conclusion, I would like to thank the Mayor Cllr T.M Siwisa, Executive Committee, Councillors, Senior Managers and staff who dedicated themselves and worked hard in ensuring that the people of Ngqushwa benefit from improved quality of life in a sustainably functional municipal area.

Mrs.M.P.Mpahlwa Municipal Manager

1.3 2017/18 MUNICIPAL PROGRAMMES

Key Communication	Programme	Messenger/Dept.	Time	STATUS
Activity per KPA	Comice Delivery Dave	responsible	Frame	Dana
Mandela Month	Service Delivery Days to all wards	Office of the Municipal Manager:	July 2017	Done
	to all wards	SPU and		
		Communications		
Women's Month	Women's month	Women's Caucus,	August	Done
Celebrations	Rugby Tournament	SPU, Manager	2017	Done
		Mayor and		
		Speakers Office and		
		Communications		
Heritage and Tourism	Tyata Hiking Trail	Manager : Tourism	September	Done
Month		and	2017	
		Communications		
Agricultural Show	Exhibition and	Agriculture and	September	Done
	Competition of	Department of	2017	
	Farmers Products	Rural Development		
		and Agrarian		
		Reform		
16 Days of Activism	Launch of 16 days of	Manager: SPU and	November	Done
	Activism	Communications	2017	
Initiation Awareness	Customary male	Department of	November	Done
Programme	initiation	Health	2017	
		Department of		
		Social Development		
		Department of Education		
		Department of		
		Cooperative		
		Governance and		
		Traditional Affairs		
World Aids Day	World Aids	Manager : SPU and	December	Done
	Programme	Communications	2017	200
Disability Programme	Disability Awareness	Manager : SPU and	December	Done
., ., .,	Day	Communications	2017	
16 Days of Activism	Closing of 16 Days of	Manager : SPU and	December	Done
•	Activism	Communications	2017	
Christmas Party	Christmas Party for	Manager : SPU and	December	Done
	Vulnerable	Communications	2017	
Christmas Lights	Switch on of	Manager : Tourism	December	Done
	Christmas Lights at	and	2017	
	Peddie Town and	Communications		
	Hamburg			
Technical Strategic	Senior Management	Strategic Manager	January	Done
Planning Session	:Technical Strategic	:Planning and	2018	
	Planning Session	Development		

Institutional Strategic Planning Session	Council ,Senior Management and Line Managers Strategic Planning Session	Strategic Manager :Planning and Development	February 2018	Done
State of the Nation address	State of the Nation Address by the President	Manager: Communications GCIS	February 2018	Done
State of the Province Address	State of the Province Address by the Premier	Office of the Premier Manager : Communications	March 2018	Done
Service Delivery Day	Handover of Sharing Shed at Qhugqwala	Department of Agriculture Department of Rural Development and Agrarian Reform Manager: Communications	April 2018	Done
Heritage Programme	Isikhumbuzo soMqwashu	Tourism Unit Manager :Communications	May 2018	Done
Service Delivery Day	Handover of Gcinisa Community Hall	Technical Services Unit Manager :Communications	May 2018	Done
Service Delivery Day	Handover of Soccer Kit at Sotinini Secondary School	Nedbank Manager: Office of The Mayor Manager :Communications	May 2018	Done
State of the District Address	State of the District Address by the Executive Mayor	Amathole District Municipality Ngqushwa Local Municipality	May 2018	Done
Service Delivery Day	Imbizo on Brutal Killing of Women and Children by SAPS	SAPS Department of Social Development Department of Justice and Constitutional Development Ngqushwa Local Municipality	June 2018	Done
Service Delivery Day	Operation Cokisa	Amathole District Municipality Ngqushwa Local Municipality	June 2018	Done

	Department of	
	Health	
	TB-HIV/AIDS NGO	

1.4 MUNICIPAL GRAND STRATEGY

VISION

To be the preferred, vibrant, socio-economically developed municipal area that embraces a culture of human dignity, good governance and characterized by good quality of service for all.

MISSION STATEMENT

Ngqushwa Local Municipality will strive to become a benchmark institution in the country in respect of good quality and affordable services, through effective resource mobilization and management, stimulation of economic growth, and good governance practices.

MUNICIPAL CORE VALUES/STANDARDS

Linked to the mission, the municipality identified the following **CORE VALUES** to be adhered to by the Councillor s, management and the officials of the Municipality for all the interactions with customers:

- Competency- We commit to attract and retain a competent workforce to service our customers.
- Honesty and Integrity-We will demonstrate complete honesty and integrity in everything we
 do.
- Diligence-We will demonstrate caution, commitment and due diligence in discharging our duties.
- Transparency-We will be transparent and fair in all our dealings for utmost accountability.
- Accountability-We will create an environment to be held to account by our stakeholders and customers.
- Professionalism-We will always uphold and maintain a professional behaviour in executing our mandate and individual responsibilities for the furtherance of service delivery.
- Value for Money-We commit derive value for money as return on investment in all business engagements with service providers.

1.5 INTRODUCTION TO MUNICIPAL BACKGROUND

GEOGRAPHIC PROFILE

MUNICIPAL GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

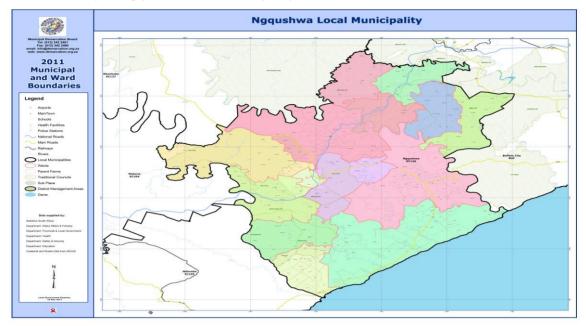
Ngqushwa Local Municipality falls within the jurisdiction of the Amathole District Municipality which is situated in the Eastern Cape Province. Amathole District Municipality covers an area of 23 573km² and the Ngqushwa Municipality area covers 2245 square kilometres which accounts for 10% of the district. Ngqushwa is located in the west of the Amathole district and consists of two towns Peddie and Hamburg, a portion of King Williams Town villages. It is one of the six municipalities that fall within the Amathole District Municipality.

The administrative seat of the Municipality finds itself in Peddie and the municipal area is divided into 13 wards which consists of 108 villages. Ngqushwa is bordered by the Great Fish River to the west and the Keiskamma River to the East. The southern boundary comprises a part of the coastline of the Indian Ocean.

WARDS AND VILLAGES

Ward	Villages
1	Zalara, Mtati, Tyeni, Ngqwele, Bhele, Nonibe, Gobozana, Nxopho
2	Upper & Lower Mthombe, Thyatha, Mtyholo, Qugqwala, Dlova, Nquthu, Tildin, Tapushe,
	Rode, Zimbaba & Mavathulana.
3	Qawukeni, Mabongo, Khalana, Shushu, Ntsinekana, Mqwashu, Bongweni A, Gcinisa
	North, Hlosini, Bongweni B, Nqwenerhana, Crossman/ Mgwangqa, Nomonti & Torr
4	Machibi, Upper & Lower Dube, Madliki, Phole, Moni, Ngxakaxha & Mdolomba
5	Tyityaba/Ferndale, Bodium, Bell, Lover's Twist, Crossroads, Tuku A, B & C,
	Wooldridge, Hoyi, Leqeni, Begha,
6	Cisira, Feni, Dam-dam, Makhahlane, Celetyuma,Mahlubini/Nyaniso
7	Ndlambe, Ndwayana, Glenmore, Qamnyana, Gwabeni, Mankone, Horton,
	Maqosha, Luxolo & Rura
8	Peddie Town, Peddie Extension, Power, Luxolweni, German village, Durban Location
9	Runletts, Woodlands, Pikoli, Nobumba, Ntloko, Mgwalana, Lewis & Paradise
10	Mtati, Ngqowa, Upper Gwalana, Mabaleni, Ntshamanzi, Newtondale, Maxhegweni,
	Upper Qeto, Lower Qeto, Lower Mgwalana, eSigingqini
11	Mpheko, Mgababa, Prudhoe, Mkhanyeni
12	Hamburg, Benton, Gcinisa-South, Wesley, Bhingqala/Soweto, Mqheleni, Tarfield/Nier, Qobo-
	qobo/Nuloets,Daninge

Below is the map of Ngqushwa Local Municipality

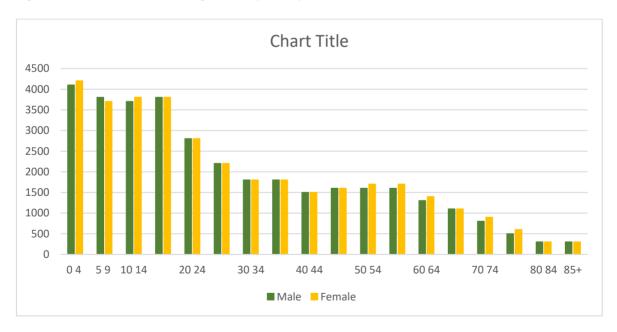


DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE:

Ngqushwa Local Municipality has an estimated population of 66 227 (Stats SA: 2016 figures). Compared to the previous census figures before 2011 the number of Ngqushwa population has decreased by 8.1%. Table below shows a summary of key statistics by gender from Stats SA (2016):

WARD	POPULATION BY WARD			
	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	
1	2 593	2 962	5 555	
2	2 899	3 166	6 065	
3	2 658	2 902	5 560	
4	2 789	3 041	5 830	
5	2 798	3 167	5 965	
6	2 531	2 812	5 343	
7	2 543	2 847	5 390	
8	2 323	2 688	5 011	
9	2 322	2 574	4 896	
10	2 658	3 120	5 778	
11	2 180	2 603	4 783	
12	2 827	3 224	6 051	
GRAND	31 121	35 106	66 227	
TOTAL	47% MALES	53% FEMALES	OVERALL	

Figure : Below shows sex and age in completed years



However, prior to the Wards been narrowed down to 12 wards, the above figures reflected a high dependency rate with numbers of children aged between 0 and 19 years, school going age estimated at 28 800 with approximately 14 899 being males and 13 901 females. On the other hand, the numbers of those who fall above the economically active population (above 60 years) are estimated at 11 675. Of those, approximately 7 260 are women and about 4 415 were men. This indicates that the total number of children, youth and elderly is 40 475 which accounts for about 56% of the total population which is very promising. This was very high and indicated that the municipality had to

focus more efforts and funding towards children and youth development as well as caring for the aged. There was a high rate of school drop outs as well as high unemployment rate (Stats SA, 2016). This further promoted the need to develop social and youth development programs, provision of basic services and vigorous job creation programs going forward towards 2022

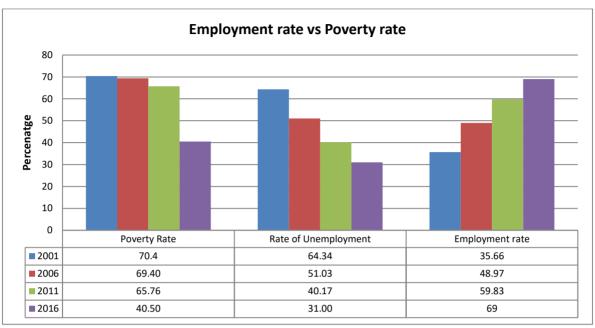
HOUSEHOLDS

The table below gives an overview of common statistics of Ngqushwa Local Municipality according to the official census done by Stats SA.

Demographic profile of Ngqushwa Local Municipality			
	2016	2011	
Population	66 227	72 190	
Age Structure			
Population under 15	31.1%	29.9%	
Population 15 to 64	60.8%	58.3%	
Population over 65	8.1%	11.8%	
Dependency Ratio			
Per 100 (15-64)	64.6	71.5	
Sex Ratio			
Males per 100 females	88.9	88.7	
Population Growth			
Per annum	-0.55%	n/a	
Education (aged 20 +)			
No schooling	7.8%	14.1%	
Matric	21.4%	14.5%	
Higher education	5.3%	3.7%	
Household Dynamics			
Households	17 149	19 471	
Average household size	3.7	3.1	
Female headed households	51.7%	51.0%	
Formal dwellings	72.9%	71.6%	
Housing owned	70.7%	80.9%	
Household Services			
Flush toilet connected to sewerage	8.0%	5.0%	
Weekly refuse removal	8.8%	7.2%	
Piped water inside dwelling	7.2%	6.5%	
Electricity for lighting	96.0%	91.4%	

ECONOMIC INDICATORS:

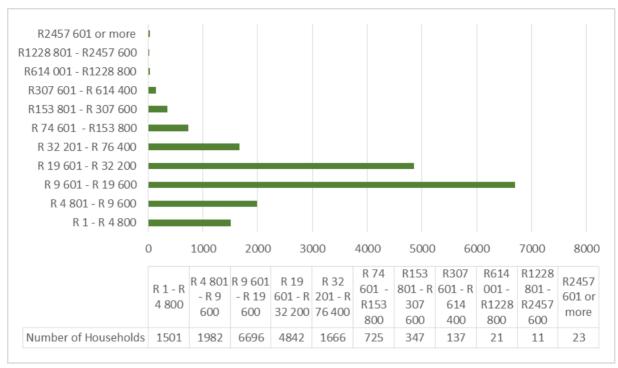
Figure 4: Employment rate vs. poverty



Source: Stats SA: 2016

Figure 4: Above reflects decreasing poverty levels between 2001, being about 70.4 % to 40.50% in 2016. The rate of unemployment on the other hand also shows a decrease from 64.34% in 2001 to 31% in 2016. The employment rate has increased from 35.66% in 2001 to 69% in 2016.

Ward meetings cited poverty and unemployment as one of the major challenges. These meetings also suggested that government should provide more support to orphans and child-headed households.



Source: Stats SA (Census 2011)

Figure 5 reflects the majority of households earning very low incomes. Statistics SA (2011) information shows the number of the employed households being 11 538 earning between R9 601 and R38 200 per annum. Ward meetings revealed that the majority of the population relies heavily on social grants. They raised that there is a need for projects to provide the community with food security. Proposals for skills development and provision of institutions of higher learning that will ensure improvement of the labour force also came up strongly from the wards

1.6 SERVICE DELIVERY OVERVIEW

Service Delivery Standards				
Service	Percentage			
Access to Water	93%			
Access to Sanitation	64.30%			
Access to Electricity	94%			
Access to Roads	12km surface roads in very bad condition; 145km gravel roads in very good condition; 548km earth roads in very bad condition Total roads network = 705km			

CHAPTER 2 GOVERNANCE

2.1 POLITICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE



Cllr T.M. Siwisa Mayor



Cllr N. Magingxa Speaker



Cllr F. Phumaphi Chief Whip

INTRODUCTION TO GOVERNANCE:

Ngqushwa Local Municipality is a Category B which forms part of the six (6) local municipalities under the Amathole District Municipality (ADM). A local municipality is a type of municipality that serves as the third, and most local, tier of local government.

POLITICAL GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

Ngqushwa Local Municipality has a total number of 12 Ward Councillors and 10 Proportional Representatives including the Mayor and the Representative of the opposition party. Refer to **Appendix A** for a full list of Councillors, committee allocations and attendance at council meetings. Also included are committees and committee purposes.

The Council performs both legislative and executive functions. It focuses on legislative, oversight and participatory roles, and has delegated its executive function to the Executive Committee. Its primary role is to debate issues publicly and to facilitate political debate and discussion. Apart from their functions as policy makers, Councillors are also actively involved in community work and the various special programmes in the municipal area.

POLITICAL STRUCTURE	FUNCTION
MAYOR: Cllr. T.M Siwisa	FUNCTION: The Mayor of a municipality: • Presides at meetings of the executive committee; and • Performs the duties, including any ceremonial functions, and exercises the powers delegated to the Mayor by Municipal Council or the Executive Committee.
SPEAKER: Cllr. N .Magingxa	 FUNCTION: Presides at meetings of the council; Performs the duties and exercises the powers delegated to the speaker in terms of section 59 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No. 32 of 2000); Must ensure that the council meets at least quarterly; Must maintain order during the meetings; Must ensure compliance in the council and council committees with the Code of conduct set out in schedule 1 to the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No.32 of 2000); and Must ensure that the council meetings are conducted in accordance with the rules and orders of the council.
CHIEF WHIP: Cllr. F.Phumaphi	

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

Cllr. F.Phumaphi (BTO)

Cllr. L. Kolisi (Infrastructure Development)

Cllr. Z.R Nduneni(Community Services)

Cllr. S. Maneli (Corporate Services)

MPAC CHAIRPERSON:

Cllr. N. Mquqo

COUNCILLOR S:

Below is a table that categorise the Councillor's within their specific political parties and wards:

WARD	COUNCILLOR	IDENTITY NUMBER	POLITICAL	PORTFOLIO
NO			PARTY	
1	N. Leve	760210 5891 085	ANC	Ward Councillor /Budget and Treasury Standing Committee
2	P. Sitole	741115 0505 081	ANC	Ward Councillor /Budget and Treasury Standing Committee
3	N. Mpoli	780617 0174 083	ANC	Ward Councillor / Community Service Standing Committee/Chairperson: Multiparty Women's Caucus
4	T.T. Skweyiya	600719 0848 084	ANC	Ward Councillor /Infrastructure Development Standing Committee
5	N. Lawu	660605 1352 084	ANC	Ward Councillor / Corporate Services Standing Committee
6	N. Mquqo	721219 5323 088	ANC	Ward Councillor / Chairperson: MPAC
7	M .Luzipho	7404035401083	ANC	Ward Councillor / Budget and Treasury Standing Committee
8	L. Moyeni	570619 5340 085	ANC	Ward Councillor / Corporate Services Standing Committee/MPAC member
9	N. Mtati	810507 0444 087	ANC	Ward Councillor / Budget and Treasury Standing Committee/ MPAC Member
10	L. Kolisi	580908 5852 084	ANC	Ward Councillor / Infrastructure Development Standing Committee Portfolio Head
11	N. Fulani	781010 2245 086	ANC	Ward Councillor / Infrastructure Development Standing Committee
12	D. Ncanywa	651127 0779 085	ANC	Ward Councillor / Community Services Standing Committee

Below is a table of PR Councillors:

NO	COUNCILLOR	IDENTITY NUMBER	POLITICAL	PORTFOLIO
			PARTY	
1	Mnikelo Tempile	7309225529088	ANC	Mayor
	Siwisa			
2	Nombuyiselo	6608120377084	ANC	Speaker
	Ethelina Magingxa			
3	Sanga Siyabulela	9107265687081	ANC	PR Councillor /Portfolio
	Maneli			Head: Corporate Services

4	Fumanekile Phumaphi	7203037999086	ANC	PR Councillor /Portfolio Head: Budget and Treasury/Chief whip
5	Zuziwe Regina Nduneni	6801013617084	ANC	PR Councillor /Portfolio Head: Community Services
6	Nondyebo Jako	6311110973083	ANC	PR Councillor / Corporate Services Standing Committee
7	Nolusindiso Caroline Gxasheka	840514 0557 08 6	ANC	PR Councillor / Community Services Standing Committee
8	Siphosenkosi Gwavu	9112236152082	EFF	PR Councillor /Corporate Services Standing Committee
9	Nomaledi V. Gxasheka	6411270818084	EFF	PR Councillor /Infrastructure Development Standing Committee
10	Robyn Taylor	5810280111086	DA	PR Councillor / Community Services Standing Committee

TRADITIONAL LEADERS

NO	TRADITIONAL LEADER	IDENTITY NUMBER	TRADITIONAL COUNCIL	PORTFOLIO
1	Nqabayethu Mhlauli	801028 5428 083	Amahlubi T/C	Prince/Corporate Services Standing Committee
2	Gladness Luvuyo Zitshu	510903 5628 08 4	Msutu T/C	Prince/ Infrastructure Development Standing Committee
3	Amanda Goni	8501315677087	Imidushane T/C	Prince/Community Services Standing Committee
4	Ntombizonke Ngqondi	7310080834084	Amaraule T/C	Princess/ Infrastructure Development Standing Committee
5	Zanovuyo Njokweni	6901135636085	Dabi T/C	Chief/Budget and Treasury Standing Committee

COUNCILLOR S ATTENDANCE AT COUNCIL MEETINGS

Council Meetings – 26 July 2017 to 28 June 2018

Name of Councillor	Ordinary Council			Special Council				
<u> </u>	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology
Councillor NB Fulani	4	4	0	0	8	7	1	0
Councillor SS Gwavu	4	3	0	1	8	8	0	0
Councillor NV Gxasheka	4	3	0	1	8	7	1	0
Councilor NC Gxasheka	4	3	1	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor NM Jako	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor L. Kolisi	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor N. Lawu	4	2	2	0	8	8	0	0
Councilor N. Leve	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor ML Luzipho (sworn in on 29/08/2017)	4	3	0	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor NE Magingxa	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor SS Maneli	4	3	1	0	8	6	1	1
Councillor LH Moyeni	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor NP Mpoli	4	4	0	0	8	7	1	0
Councillor N. Mquqo	4	4	0	0	8	5	3	0
Councillor N. Mtati	4	3	1	0	8	7	1	0
Councillor D. Ncanywa	4	4	0	0	8	7	1	0
Councillor ZR Nduneni	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Councillor F. Phumaphi	4	4	0	0	8	7	1	0
Councilor TT Sikweyiya	4	3	1	0	8	7	1	0
Councillor P. Sitole	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0

	4	4	0	0	8	8		0
Councillor MT Siwisa							0	
Councillor R. Taylor	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0

TRADITONAL LEADERS ATTENDANCE AT COUNCIL MEETINGS

Council Meetings – 26 July 2017 to 28 June 2018

Name of Traditional Leader	Ordinary Council			Special Council				
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology
Prince A. Goni	4	4	0	0	8	7	1	0
Princess N. Ngqondi	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Chief ZP Njokweni	4	4	0	0	8	7	1	0
Prince GL Zitshu	4	4	0	0	8	8	0	0
Prince N. Mhlauli	4	4	0	0	8	7	0	1

COUNCILLOR S ATTENDANCE AT EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETINGS

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEETINGS – 19 July 2017 to 26 June 2018

Name of Councillor	Ordinary Executive Committee Meetings				Special Executive Committee Meetings			
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology
Councillor L. Kolisi	4	4	0	0	7	7	0	0
Councillor SS Maneli	4	4	0	0	7	6	1	0
Councillor MT Siwisa	4	3	1	0	7	7	0	0
Councillor ZR Nduneni	4	4	0	0	7	7	0	0
Councillor F. Phumaphi	4	4	0	0	7	6	0	1

COUNCILLOR S ATTENDANCE AT CORPORATE SERVICES STANDING COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Corporate Services Standing Committee Meetings –11 July 2017 to 30 April 2018

Name of Councillor	Ordinary Standing Committees							
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology				
Councillor S. Gwavu	4	4	0	0				
Councillor N. Lawu	4	3	1	0				
Councillor N. Jako	4	4	0	0				
Councillor SS Maneli	4	3	1	0				
Councilor LH Moyeni	4	4	0	0				

Name of Traditional Leader	Ordinary Standing Committees					
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology		
Prince N. Mhlauli	4	4	0	0		

COUNCILLOR S ATTENDANCE AT PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT STANDING COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Council Meetings – 11 July 2017 to 30 April 2018

Name of Councillor		Ordinary Standing Committees				
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology		
Councillor NC Gxasheka	5	5	0	0		
Councillor NP Mpoli	5	4	1	0		
Councillor D. Ncanywa	5	4	1	0		
Councillor ZR Nduneni	5	4	1	0		
Councillor R. Taylor	5	5	0	0		

Name of Traditional Leader	Ordinary Standing Committees				
	No. of Present Absent With Absent Without Apology Meetings Apology				
Prince A. Goni	5	3	0	2	

COUNCILLOR S ATTENDANCE AT BUDGET AND TREASURY STANDING COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Council Meetings – 13 July 2017 to 30 April 2018

Name of Councillor	Ordinary Standing Committees				
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology	
Councillor N. Leve	4	4	0	0	
Councillor M. Luzipho (sworn in on 29/08/2017)	4	3	0	0	
Councillor N. Mtati	4	3	1	0	
Councillor F. Phumaphi	4	4	0	0	
Councillor P. Sitole	4	4	0	0	

Name of Traditional Leader	Ordinary Standing Committees					
	No. of Present Absent With Absent With Apology Apolog					
Chief ZP Njokweni	4	3	0	1		

COUNCILLOR S ATTENDANCE AT INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT STANDING COMMITTEE MEETINGS

Council Meetings – 11 July 2017 to 30 April 2018

Name of Councillor		Ordinary Standing Committees				
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology		
Councillor L. Kolisi	4	4	0	0		
Councillor N. Fulani	4	2	2	0		
Councillor NV Gxasheka	4	3	1	0		
Councillor TT Sikweyiya	4	3	1	0		

Name of Traditional Leader	Ordinary Standing Committees					
	No. of Meetings	Present	Absent With Apology	Absent Without Apology		
Prince GL Zitshu	4	3	1	0		
Princess N. Ngqondi	4	4	0	0		

POLITICAL DECISION MAKING STRUCTURES:

Decisions are taken through the Council and the Executive Committee oversees that all resolutions are implemented. The Audit Committee ensures that the Performance is monitored regularly and all departments submit Quarterly Performance Reports which result in a score card. MPAC plays an oversight role.

2.2 ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE

INTRODUCTION TO ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE:

MFMA section 60 (b): The Municipal Manager of a municipality is the accounting officer of the municipality for the purposes of this Act and must provide guidance on compliance with this Act to political structures; political office bearers, and officials of the municipality and any entity under the sole or shared control of the municipality.

ADMINISTRATIVE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Municipal Manager is the Accounting Officer of the Municipality. S/He is the head of the administration, and primarily has to serve as chief custodian of service delivery and implementation of political priorities. S/He is assisted by his/her directors which constitutes the Management Team, whose structure is outlined in the table below:

Top Administrative Structure	Position	Duration	Qualifications	Performance Agreement Signed Yes/No
Ms .M.P Mpahlwa	Municipal Manager	27 September 2017- current	MA in Public Administration	Yes
Mr .M Mxekezo	Director: Corporate Services	01 December 2017- current	Bsoc Honours in Industrial Psychology	Yes
Mr. V.C Makedama	Chief Financial Officer	01 November 2014- Current	BCompt	Yes
Mr. Z Msipha	Director : Technical Services	02 May 2018-current	BTech : Civil Engineering	Yes
Ms N Makwabe	Director: Community Services	01 June 2018 - current	Bed Honours in Education	Yes

INTRODUCTION TO CO-OPERATIVE GOVERNANCE AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL RELATIONS

MSA section 3 requires that municipalities exercise their executive and legislative authority within the constitutional system of co-operative governance envisage in the Constitution section 41.As outlined in Chapter 3 of the Intergovernmental Relations Framework (2005), the Implementation Protocols (IP) better known as Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is a useful tool to operationalize the management of a Joint Programme to realize government developmental outcomes. The Inter-governmental Relations Framework Act, (Act No 13 of 2005), requires all spheres of government to work jointly, coordinate, communicate, align and integrate service delivery effectively, to ensure access to services. In this regard the Municipality complies with the provisions of the Act. Intergovernmental Relations (IGR) meetings were held in the 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th quarter of the financial year.

QUARTER	DATE	IN ATTENDANCE
1 ST	30 August 2017	Government Departments and State Owned Enterprises
2 ND	29 November 2017	Government Departments and State Owned Enterprises
3 RD	22 March 2018	Government Departments and State Owned Enterprises
4 TH	14 June 2018	Government Departments and State Owned Enterprises

The Local Communicators Forum (LCF) was established but due to non-availability of communicators in government local offices the meeting are not attended and it becomes unproductive to plan programmes together and discuss challenges experienced in wards.

PROVINCIAL INTERGOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE

Ngqushwa Local Municipality attends the Provincial MUNIMEC and Provincial Municipal Infrastructure Forum, Local Government Communications Forum, EPWP Provincial Steering Committee, Chief Audit Executive Forum, Provincial Legal Advisor's Forum, Provincial Round Table on Public Participation, Chief Audit Executive Forum, HRD & Collective bargaining Working Group, Provincial Skills Development Facilitators Forum to consult on matters of mutual interest and where the state and progress of municipalities are addressed.

DISTRICT INTERGOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURES

Ngqushwa Municipality attends the District IGR and District Mayors Forum (DIMAFO), Speakers Forum, District Municipal Manager's Forum, District Strategic Manager's Forum, District Internal

Audit Forum District Engineering Forum, District Communicators Forum (DCF), District Legal Advisor's Forum, District Wide Planning and Economic Development Forum, District Agricultural Forum, District Corporate Services District Forum (CSDF), District Skills Development Facilitators Forum, District Tourism Forum, District Aids Council, District Finance Forum and District IDP/Budget and PMS Representative Forum and District Initiation Forum.

COMPONENT C: PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY AND PARTICIPATION

2.4 PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY AND PARTICIPATION

OVERVIEW OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTABILITY AND PARTICIPATION

Section 16 of the Municipal System Act (MSA) refer specifically to the development of a culture of community participation within Municipality. It states that a Municipality must develop a culture of Municipal governance that complement formal representative government with a system of participatory governance. For this purpose it must encourage and create conditions for the local community to participate in the affairs of the community. Such participation is required in terms of

- The preparation, implementation, review of the IDP
- Establishment, implementation, review of the IDP
- Monitoring and review of the performance, including the outcomes and impact of such performance
- Preparation of the Municipal budget.

PUBLIC MEETINGS:

COMMUNICATION, PARTICIPATION AND FORUMS

As guided and inspired by the Legal framework that includes the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, The Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000, as well as The Municipal Structures Act No.117 Of 1998, Ngqushwa Local municipality has ensured regular and effective communication with the community. The Municipality has to manage strategically

Information flow with relevant target groups, and also to ensure that communication in all spheres of government is driven by a clear message to improve the lives of the people.

It is widely recognized and understood that an organization's success rests on how well it understands the needs of its customers, and how it responds to those needs by delivering what is required. Good Customer Care clearly implies delivering a professional service, providing access to quality information, providing services that are timely, cost effective, and useful, for Government's core objectives. The Presidential Hotline is an electronic tool we are **utilizing to manage queries, complaints.**

Below is a communication checklist of the compliance to the communication requirements:

Communication Activities	Yes/No
Communication Unit	Yes
Communication strategy	Yes
Communication policy	Yes
Customer satisfaction survey	No
Functional Complaint management system	Yes
Newsletter distributed quarterly	Yes

The municipality has ensured during the year that there is full participation of the public through;

- IDP/Budget and PMS Representative Forums.
- IDP /Budget and PMS Road shows.
- War rooms
- MPAC Road shows.
- Local Communicator's Forum.
- Service Delivery Days.
- National Information Days

Each Ward is afforded the opportunity to participate in the IDP/Budget and PMS Representative forum and IDP/Budget and PMS road shows. In these gatherings, people who attend are mostly; unemployed youth, adults and elderly citizens and announcements are done through written communication.

			Public meetings			
Nature and	Date of	Number of	Number of	Number of	Issues	Date and
purpose of the	events	Participating	Participating	Community	Addressed	Manner of
meeting		Municipal	Municipal	members	(Yes/No)	feedback
		Councillor s	Administrators	attending		given to
						community
MPAC	03-10	27	10	3000	Yes	Feedback was
Roadshows	October					tabled during
	2017					IDP and
						Budget Roads
						shows
IDP /Budget	16-23 April	27	10	3000	Yes	Next IDP
and PMS	2018					/Budget
Roadshows						Roadshows
IDP/Budget	Q1-08	27	10	2000	Yes	Next
and PMS	September					IDP/Budget
Representative	2017					and PMS
Forum	Q2-04					Representative
	December					Forum
	2017					
IGR Forum	Q1-30	27	10	120	Yes	Next IGR
	August					meeting and
	2017					through
	Q2-29					bilateral
	November					between
	2017					departments
	Q3-31					
	March					
	2018					
	Q4-14					
	June 2018					

WARD COMMITTEES

The Ward Committees support the Ward Councillor who receives report on development, participate in development planning processes and facilitate wider community participation. To this end, the Municipality constantly strives to ensure that all Ward Committees function optimally with community information provision, convening of meetings, ward planning, service delivery, IDP formulation and performance feedback to communities.

WARD COMMITTEES MEETINGS

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Nokrismesi Mateta	Ngqwele	1	0631116440	22 AUGUST 2017
Vala Mdayi	Gobozana	1	0832438637	17 NOVEMBER 2017
Asanda Siwendu	Bhele	1	0787835378	23 FEBRUARY 2018
Nondzondelelo Blossom Ngcozela	Ngqwele	1	0731916842	18 JUNE 2018
Fundiswa Mantha Mabindisa	Nxopho	1	0634164362	
Lulama Tsotso	Tyeni	1	0780170691	
Thandeka Cynthia Njajula	Gobozana	1	0834406179	
Sangqingqi Melford Ndesi	Nonibe	1	0735905055	
Thobile Jonas Komani	Mthathi	1	0787227844	
Pelisa Ngeni	Zalara	1	0731250049	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT	Dates of meetings held in
			NUMBER	2017/2018
Vuyiswa Zaza	Lower	2	0731278316	23 AUGUST 2017
	Mthombe			21 NOVEMBER 2017
Nelisa Mbilase	Zimbaba	2	0723579916	27 FEBRUARY 2018
Siphelele Kwenzekile	Mthyolo	2	0738862717	19 JUNE 2018
Maureen Pumla Yekani	Qugqwala	2	0782113388	
Pumza Nodala	Nyatyhora	2	0732166341	
Vuyelwa Mgxwadi	Mavathulana	2	0834156048	
Mbulelo Laiti	Tyhata	2	0719840734	
Siphokazi Dlova	Mtyholo	2	0834152971	
Emma Noxolo Kwakwa	Mthombe	2	0834153195	
Faniswa Bangani	Tildin	2	0834153358	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Ntombizandile Gladys Stiti	Nqwenerana	3	0739680043	22 AUGUST 2017
Mangiwe Mavis Nyaniso	Ntsinekana	3	0835402320	17 NOVEMBER 2017
Phumla Kilimani	Bongweni A	3	0732256553	23 FEBRUARY 2018
Nomakula Agnes Nquma	Mqwashini	3	0736533599	18 JUNE 2018
Nomawethu Ntshabo	Qaukeni	3	0633885654	
Ntombomzi Patricia Ndevu	Mabhongo	3	073222256	
Zuziwe Krobani	Kalana	3	0836318371	
Buyelika Tyhali	Gcinisa	3	0788408063	
	North			

Nokuzola Jack	Baltein	3	0734656520
Nyusile Yali	Crossman	3	0631824368

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Khutazwa Tshetu	Upper Dube	4	0731046995	23 AUGUST 2017
Nomhamhase Violet Klaas	Machibi	4	0733191298	21 NOVEMBER 2017
Wezeka Khulu	Mdolomba	4	0789669530	26 FEBRUARY 2018
Funiwe Jeanette Mpendu-	Machibi	4	0781529142	19 JUNE 2018
Sikeyi				
Vuyolwethu Honest	Madliki	4	0782188346	
Dinana				
Nceba Goodman Shugu	Phole	4	0836937251	
Thembisa Joyce Maseti	Dube	4	0834312068	
Tandeka Qekeza	Ngxakaxha	4	0719193048	
Zanethemba Ngcapu	Mdolomba	4	0738646188	
Lindelwa Binda	Nxwashu	4	0730669948	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Phakama Sylvia Kosani	Leqeni	5	0781614982	24 AUGUST 2017
Mongezi Ernest Mavata	Tuku A	5	0762813005	22 NOVEMBER 2017
Phindiswa Patricia Mali	Crossroads	5	0783547971	28 FEBRUARY 2018
Olwethu Mrwebo	Tuku C	5	0738532785	20 JUNE 2018
Siyathemba Mpupu	Loverstwist	5	0780594925	
Mthobeli Warren Mralaza	Bell	5	0786193197	
Phumzile Lennox Ngangani	Crossroads	5	0838844252	
Khayalethu Nqono	Bodium	5	0717256444	
Thozama Veronica Mpofu	Hoyi	5	0834838251	
Nozolile Zuziwe Klaas	Wooldridge	5	0833677438	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT	Dates of meetings held in
			NUMBER	2017/2018
Nobuzwe Magazi	Dam-dam	6	0733959105	30 AUGUST 2017
Xolani Wilberforce Sicwebu	Nyaniso	6	0834156748	30 NOVEMBER 2017
Nombulelo Fowl	Celetyuma	6	0603288429	1 MARCH 2018
Mirriam Jongwana	Feni	6	0718013749	25 JUNE 2018
Ntombizonke Nxomani	Feni	6	0837116414	
Mhlanganisi Headman	Makhahlane	6	0786561519	
Marwanqa				
Dingalanele Ndleleni	Feni	6	0736411992	
Lungelwa Cynthia Sawula	Cisira	6	0603405987	
Lliwe Freda Marashule	Cisira	6	0738917236	
Linda Manona	Nyaniso	6	0834154592	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Yolanda Mame	Ndlambe	7		31 AUGUST 2017
Ntombizandile Primrose	Maqhosha	7	0738523436	30 NOVEMBER 2017
Kunjuzwa				6 MARCH 2018
Siyalinga Kalakulu	Gwabeni	7		26 JUNE 2018
Ayanda Gidani	Ndwayana	7	0785427625	

Neliswa Patricia	Rura	7	
Mahlakahlaka			
Nomakhaya Mazinyo	Eluxolweni	7	0738824064
Lindelwa Virginia Tyatya	Glenmore	7	0788702445
Mthakazeli G Dlengezele	Qamnyana	7	073724596
Lungiswa Luzipho	Rura	7	0835452024
Noludwe Ngwendu-	Horton	7	0837366902
Madikane			

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Nokuzola Joyce Mzileni- Khechane	New Creation	8	0725771940	30 AUGUST 2017 14 NOVEMBER 2017
Abel Velile Peyi	New Rest	8	0717776414	27 FEBRUARY 2018
Vuyelwa Evelyn Nyawula	Power	8	0732368412	25 JUNE 2018
Nokulunga Cynthia Nyaniso	Durban	8	0738937317	
Thando Ramncwana	Peddie Town	8	0717648915	
Thenjelwa Patricia	Peddie	8	0833538113	
Jongwana	Extension			
Siphamandla Jakavula	Durban	8	0738473897	
Thandeka Priscilla Mkatali	New creation	8	0769520948	
L. Mlamla	Ndlovini	8	0785488127	
Malusi Gcobani Samuel Sambu	German village	8	0784836319	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Nolubabalo Diana Ketile	Lewis	9	0730552050	31 AUGUST 2017
Andile Gilman Pantsi	Pikoli	9	0730648202	30 NOVEMBER 2017
Thabisa Eunice Sambu	Mgwalana	9	0726954372	2 MARCH 2018
Ntombokuphila Teyise	Ntloko	9	0732134263	26 JUNE 2018
Georginah Buyiswa Xonxa	Pikoli	9	0604932655	
Diliza Mgcuwe	Runletts	9	0731450625	
Ntombekhaya Felicity Zotani	Woodlands	9	0604193525	
Ntombizodwa Julia Snooks	Nobumba	9	0604739073	
Velisile Mgqwetha	Nobumba	9	0731658655	
NT Mkhutshulwa	Ntloko	9	0631978798	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT NUMBER	Dates of meetings held in 2017/2018
Thembakazi Mavavana	Mabaleni	10	0733348973	29 AUGUST 2017
Eric Tembinkosi Maneli	Newtondale	10	0733740379	23 NOVEMBER 2017
Feziwe Moki	Lower	10	0631386863	7 MARCH 2018
	Mgwalana			21 JUNE 2018
Nontlupheko Oscarina	Lower Qeto	10	0717358246	
Mjekula				
Mbukeli Palala	Upper Qeto	10	0788371562	
Ncedisa Hulushe	Maxhegweni	10	0734426949	

Zukiswa Cynthia Gxoyiya- Mtshelu	Ntshamanzi	10	0784169050	
Nomakathini Gxaweni – Nomjila	Mthathi	10	0733243610	
Nozesazi Ndongeni	Lower Gwalana	10	0785068209	
Nosithembiso Mnotoza	Upper Gwalane	10	0633736270	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT	Dates of meetings held in
			NUMBER	2017/2018
Veronica Kekana	Mgababa	11	0734545598	29 AUGUST 2017
Khululekile Fumba	Mkhanyeni	11	0730846767	23 NOVEMBER 2017
Ndileka Cecilia Gxakrisa	Mpekweni	11	0837535773	7 MARCH 2018
Nonkoliseko Nkobe	Mkhanyeni	11	0784906723	21 JUNE 2018
Headman Snoekie Tom	Mgababa	11	0837744869	
Nomhle Beauty Seti	Prudhoe	11	0780769991	
Phindiwe Virginia Mtwalo	Mgababa	11	0786625129	
Ntsika Bali	Prudhoe	11	0730399124	
Thandeka Nzwili	Mpekweni	11	0789078630	
Xolani Magini	Mpekweni	11	0837118273	

Name	VILLAGE	WARD	CONTACT	Dates of meetings
			NUMBER	held in 2017/2018
Siyabulela Mshweshwe	Wesley	12	0718179532	24 AUGUST 2017
Zwelakhe Ngxumza	Gcinisa	12	0717476462	22 NOVEMBER 2017
Nomthandazo Miriam Mapuma	Hamburg	12	0731880856	28 FEBRUARY 2018
Lunga Sylvester Nyongo	Hamburg	12	0719345168	20 JUNE 2018
Nomvuyo Bacela	Gcinisa	12	0834288125	
Neseka Sinuka	Benton	12	0780563143	
Mcoseleli Ntando	Wesley	12	0833513140	
Daniwe Madlavu	Wesley	12	0735493082	
Ntombinaye Victoria Vellem	Bingqala	12	0633628158	
Nosipho Eunice Maseti	Nier	12	0837716469	

IDP PARTICIPATION AND ALIGNMENT

IDP Participation and Alignment Criteria*	Yes/No
Does the municipality have impact, outcome, input, output indicators?	Yes
Does the IDP have priorities, objectives, KPIs, development strategies?	Yes
Does the IDP have multi-year targets?	Yes
Are the above aligned and can they calculate into a score?	Yes
Does the budget align directly to the KPIs in the strategic plan?	Yes
Do the IDP KPIs align to the Section 56 Managers	Yes
Do the IDP KPIs lead to functional area KPIs as per the SDBIP?	Yes
Do the IDP KPIs align with the provincial KPIs on the 12 Outcomes	Yes
Were the indicators communicated to the public?	Yes
Were the four quarter aligned reports submitted within stipulated time frames?	No
* Section 26 Municipal Systems Act 2000	T 2.5.1

COMPONENT D: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

2.5 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

OVERVIEW OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate governance is the set of processes, practices, policies, laws and stakeholders affecting the way an institution is directed, administered or controlled. Corporate governance also includes the relationships among the many stakeholders involved and the goals for which the institution is governed.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Ngqushwa Municipality's council monitors risk through the Audit Committee. The Committee plays an oversight role to ensure that there is an effective risk management process and system within the organisation. This approach provides technical assistance to the Council to exercise its role in ensuring that an adequate and effective risk management system and process is in place. The Council is expected to exercise the duty of care, skill, and diligence in identifying, assessing and monitoring risks as presented by Audit Committee. The Audit Committee recommends to the Council risk strategies and policies that need to be set, implemented and monitored.

With the technical support from both internal audit and audit committee Ngqushwa Local Municipality identifies risk areas that are managed systematically and continuously. The municipality has a risk register in place which is treated as a working risk management document of which the identified risks are constantly recorded and properly managed. The municipality's senior management monitors and evaluates the implementation and efficiency of management's controls and such actions identified to improve current controls in the risk register. The municipality submits its risk management register to Internal Audit and Audit Committee on a quarterly basis for review.

During the period under review, the municipality updated the Strategic and Operational Risk Register in line with the mitigation plans undertaken by management to improve the Risk Management System.

ANTI CORRUPTION AND ANTI FRAUD

Section 83© of the MSA refers to the implementation of effective bidding structures to minimise the possibility of fraud and corruption and the Municipal Finance Management Act(MFMA)section 112(1)(m)(i) identify supply chain measures to be enforced to combat fraud and corruption, favouritism and unfair and irregular practices. Section 115(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) states that the accounting officer must take steps to ensure mechanisms and separation of duties in a supply chain management to minimise the likelihood of corruption and fraud.

Name of Strategy	Developed: Yes/No	Date Adopted /Reviewed
Fraud Prevention Plan	Yes	Reviewed in 2017/18

The Municipality Audit Committee, appointed in terms of Section 166 of the MFMA has also been

The Audit Committee assessment report for 2017/2018 financial year in accordance with Section 121(3) (j) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) No. 56 of 2003 and King IV on corporate governance. The audit committee (the committee) was established in 2009/2010 financial year. The municipality has appointed a new Audit Committee serving for a 3 year term, commencing from 01 July 2017 to 30 June 2020.

The Audit Committee is a sub-committee of Council. The responsibilities of the Committee are detailed in the Audit Committee Charter. This charter was developed by the committee, presented to management and was approved by the council and it is reviewed on a yearly basis.

The purpose of the committee is to provide:

- Independent assurance on the adequacy of the risk management framework, performance management, governance and the control environment;
- Independent scrutiny of the municipality's financial and non-financial performance; and
- To oversee the financial reporting and compliance processes.

The key benefits of the audit committee are as follows:

- Increasing public confidence in the objectivity and fairness of both financial and non-financial reporting;
- Reinforcing the importance and independence of internal and external audit and similar review processes;
- Providing additional assurance through a process of independent review.
- Raising awareness of the need for internal control and the implementation of audit recommendations.

The audit committee is required to report that it has regulated its affairs in compliance with the audit committee charter, and has discharged its responsibilities set out therein.

Summary of Audit Committee responsibilities:

The responsibilities of the Committee, as laid down in the Charter, include providing oversight on financial reporting and other matters such as the monitoring of governance processes, controls and risk management in the municipality. The Committee also ensures effective communication between the internal auditors, external auditors, the Council and management.

During this period the Committee conducted the following business and made recommendations for improvement in the relevant areas:

- Approval of the Risk Based Internal Audit Plan;
- Reviewed the Annual Financial Statement for 2017/2018 financial year;
- Reviewed the municipalities financial and performance reports;
- Reviewed the risk management framework of the municipality;
- Reviewed the Performance Management policy of the municipality;
- Considered litigation matters facing the municipality;
- Reviewed Internal Audit quarterly reports;
- Reviewed External and Internal Audit recommendations, monitoring and tracking thereof;
- Concluded on issues that were raised on the previous years.

MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Committee comprises of three independent executive members. Representatives from the office of the Auditor General, Internal Audit and senior management of the municipality attend committee meetings on an *ex officio status*. In terms of our Charter at least four (04) meetings should be held during a financial year. We are pleased to announce that all four meetings were held in the 2017/2018 financial year. Details of the Committee members are as follows:

MEMBER	CAPACITY	EXPERTISE	NUMBER OF MEETINGS ATTENDED
Prof. W Plaatjes	Chairperson	Finance, auditing, risk management and	6
		performance management	
Ms.V Hlehliso	Member	Finance, auditing, and risk management	6
Mr.C Sparg	Member	Finance ,auditing and risk management	6
Mr.P H Songo	Member	Litigation & Legal matters ,auditing and	4
		performance management	

The permanent invitees to the Committee meetings include: the Mayor, Portfolio Head BTO, Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer, MPAC Chair, Senior Managers and representatives from Internal Audit.

INTERNAL AUDITING

Ngqushwa Local Municipality has an in house Internal Audit function that consists of Internal Audit Manager, Internal Audit Practitioner and Risk Practitioner.

Each municipality and each municipal entity must have an internal audit unit, subject to MFMA section 165 (1) (2).

- (2) The internal audit unit of a municipality or municipal entity must—
 - (a) prepare a risk-based audit plan and an internal audit program for each financial year;
 - (b) advise the accounting officer and report to the audit committee on the implementation of the internal audit plan and matters relating to—
 - (i) internal audit;
 - (ii) internal controls;
 - (iii) accounting procedures and practices;
 - (iv) risk and risk management;
 - (v) performance management;
 - (vi) loss control; and
- (vii) compliance with this Act, the annual Division of Revenue Act and any other applicable legislation; and
 - (c) Perform such other duties as may be assigned to it by the accounting officer.

The table below depicts the reviews conducted by Internal Audit during the 2017/18 Financial Year

Internal Audit Project	Source	Status
Performance Management System - 2017/18 Quarter 1-4	Internal Audit	Completed
Review	Plan	
Audit readiness review	Internal Audit	Completed
	Plan	

Internal Audit Project	Sour	ce	Status
Review of 2017/18 Annual Financial Statements	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Review of 2017/18 Annual Performance Report	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Internal Audit Follow up	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Technical assistance (Internal Projects)	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Infrastructure and planning (maintenance plan and consulting activities)	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Risk Action Plan Update	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Implementation Status of the Audit Action Plan	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Audit controller	Internal Plan	Audit	In Progress
Investigation on 2015/16 Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure	MPAC Request		Complete
Licensing Management	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Refuse Collection Management	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
ICT Review	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Quarter 1 Performance Management Review	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Drafting of the 2016/17 Audit Action Plan	Managem Request	ient	Completed
Fleet Management Review	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Mid-Year Performance Review	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
EPWP Grand Review	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed
Bi-Annual Financial Statements Review	Internal Plan	Audit	Completed

COMMUNICATION

Local Government has a legal obligation and a political responsibility to ensure regular and effective communication with the community. The Constitution of Republic of South Africa Act, 1996 and other statutory enactment all impose an obligation on local government communication and required high levels of transparency, accountability, openness, participatory, democracy and direct communication with the communities to improve the lives of all.

WEBSITES:

Municipalities are required to develop and maintained a functional website that displays relevant information as per the requirement of Section 75 of the MFMA and Section 21 (b) of the MSA as

amended. The website should serve as a mechanism to promote accountability and transparency to communities and therefore information posted should be accurate and timeously updated.

The Municipal website is a key communication mechanism in terms of service offering, information shearing and public participation. It is a communication tools that should allow easily and convenient access to relevant information. The Municipal website should serve as an integral part of the municipality's communication strategy. The website was later in the financial year upgraded with a new look and feel to be user friendly, documents according to Municipal Systems Act and Municipal Finance Management Act have been updated e.g. Tenders, vacancies, notices and monthly budget.

Documents published on the Municipality's/Entity	Yes/No
Current annual and adjustment budgets and all budget related documents	Yes
All current budget related policies	Yes
The annual report for 2016/17	Yes
The annual report for 2017/18 to be published	
All current performance agreements required in terms of section 57(1)(b) of the Municipal Systems Act for 2016/17 and resulting scorecards	Yes
Mid - year performance report 2017/18	Yes
IDP and Budget 2018/19	Yes
IDP 2017/2022	Yes
Service Delivery and Budget Implementation Plan 2017/18	Yes
All service delivery agreements for 2017/18	No
All supply chain management contracts above a prescribed value for 2017/18	No
An information statement containing a list of assets over a prescribed value that have been disposed of in terms of section 14 (2) or (4) during 2016/17	No
Contracts agreed in Year 1 to which subsection (1) of section 33 apply, subject to	No
subsection (3) of that section	
All quarterly reports tabled in the council in terms of section 52 (d) during 2017/18	Yes
Public private partnership agreements referred to in section 120 made in year 0	No
Public private partnership agreements referred to in section 120 made in year 0	No

2.6 INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY (ICT) SERVICES

ICT section provides appropriate Information and Communication Technologies that enables our users to access the information and services necessary to do their jobs.

	2017/201	2017/2018					
Job Grades	Posts	Employees	Vacancies (fulltime equivalents)	Vacancies (as a % of total posts)			
	No.	No.	No.	%			
0 - 3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
4 – 7	1	1	N/A	100%			

8 – 13	2	1	1	50 %
14 - 18	1	1	N/A	100%

Capital Expenditure 2017/2018: ICT Services							
R' 000							
	2017/2018						
Capital Projects	Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual Expenditure	Variance from original budget	Total Project Value		
Computer Costs	R61456	R61456	R184 020.35	R-122564	R184 020.35		
IT infrastructure and security	R510956	R510956	R211 413.83	R299543.83	R211 413.83		
Software	R302956	R302956	R92 459.85	R210497	R92 459.85		

By – laws and Policies

Below is a list of all available by-laws and policies developed, reviewed during the financial year

	HR Policies and Plans								
	Name of Policy	Name of Policy Completed							
		%	on failure to adopt						
1	Secondment Policy	100%	25 April 2018						
2	Travelling Policy	100%	25 April 2018						
3	Cellphone Allowance Policy	100%	25 April 2018						
4	Recruitment, Selection and	100%	25 April 2018						
	Appointment Policy								
5	Relocation Policy	100%	25 April 2018						
6	Training and Development Policy	100%	25 April 2018						
7	Human Resources Plan	100%	28 June 2018						

Municipal by Laws

- 1. By-law relating to Community Services
- 2. By-law relating to Standing Orders for Council
- 3. By-law relating to Solid Waste Disposal
- 4. By-law relating to Credit Control
- 5. By-law relating to Street Trading
- 6. By-law relating to Advertising Signs
- 7. By-law relating to Prevention of Nuisance
- 8. By-law relating to Public Open Spaces
- 9. By -law relating to Keeping of Dogs and Other animals
- 10. By-law relating to Ward Committee
- 11. By-law relating to Cemetries and Crematoria
- 12. By-law relating to Unsightly and Neglected Buildings
- 13. By-law relating to Liqour Trading
- 14. By-law relating to Buildings
- 15. By -law relating to Delegation of Power

SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Supply Chain Management Policy of the Municipality is deemed to be fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost effective as required by Section 217 of the Constitution. SCM Policy complies duly with the requirement of Section 112 of the MFMA as well as the Supply Chain Management Regulations. The Policy was drafted based on the SCN Model Policy issued by National Treasury and amended to suit the local circumstances within the ambit of the regulatory framework and sometimes even stricter than the legal requirement .

COMPETITIVE BIDS

The Accounting officer established a committee system that is consistent with the MFMA and Municipal SCM Regulations for bids consisting of:

- A bid specification committee
- A bid evaluation committee
- A bid adjudication committee

Performance of Service Providers

Annual Cumulative Report on the Performance of the Service Providers in the 2017/18 Financial Year

The legislated report on the performance of service providers (awarded bids) in terms of section 46(1) (a) of the Municipal systems Act (No.32 of 2000) is encapsulated in the table below. Detailed project monitoring reports in relation to each project are available for inspection.

	LIST OF AWARDED TENDERS 2017-18 (JULY-SEPTEMBER)						
Bid number	Title of Bid	Service Provider	Directora te /Section	Award date	Value of Bid awarded (R)		
8/2/566/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Refuse Bags for a Period of 12 months	Andile S.G Trading	Commun ity Services	13 July 2017	R240.00 per bale of 200		
8/2/567/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Tar Fix for a Period of 12 months	Ingcinga Zethu Enterprise	Technical Services	13 July 2017	R175.00 per bag		
8/2/567/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Concrete Pipes and Rubber Joints	Misheki Tradings		13 July 2017	R 180,000.00		
8/2/558/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Library Stationery	Ngcalentle Trading	Commun ity Services	17 July 2017	R 94,800.00		
8/2/569/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Stationery	Maxa Trading	Corporat e Services	19 July 2017	R 110,000.00		
8/2/570/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Cleaning Material	Luthoz and Sino Trading	Corporat e Services	19 July 2017	R 84,400.00		

0/0/550	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	10116		24.4	D 400 000 00
8/2/572/201 7-2018	Hiring of Excavator	I & U Group (Pty) Ltd		31 August 2017	R 189,000.00
8/2/573/201	for 30 Days	Ivance	Good		D 140 000 00
	Supply and			31 August	R 149,000.00
7-2018	Delivery of ICT	Enterprise	Governa	2017	
0 10 1=== 1001	Equipment		nce		
8/2/555/201	Construction of	Mgunculu	Technical	21 August	R1
6-2017	Mdolomba	Trading JV	Services	2017	431,251.65
	Community Hall	Andile SG			
0 10 1== 0 100 1		Trading			- 1
8/2/556/201	Construction of	Iphupha	Technical	21 August	R 1
6-2017	Gcinisa Community	Investments	Services	2017	274,755.96
	Hall	JV Fez			
		Building			
		Constructio			
		n CC			
8/2/560/201	Provision of	Sokhani	Technical	08	R 264,404.48
6-2017	Professional	Engineers	Services	September	
	Services:Regravelli			2017	
	ng of Newtondale				
	Internal Streets				
8/2/561/201	Provision of	Gilgal	Technical	08	R 197,006.82
6-2017	Professional	Developme	Services	September	
	Services:Regravelli	nt		2017	
	ng of Qamnyana	Consulting			
	Internal Streets	Engineers			
8/2/562/201	Provision of	Sokhani	Technical	08	R 264,404.48
6-2017	Professional	Engineers	Services	September	
	Services:Regravelli			2017	
	ng of Mgababa				
	Internal Streets				
8/2/563/201	Provision of	Gilgal	Technical	08	R 225,506.82
6-2017	Professional	Developme	Services	September	
	Services:Regravelli	nt		2017	
	ng of Crossroads	Consulting			
	Internal Streets	Engineers			
8/2/564/201	Provision of	Gilgal	Technical	08	R 197,006.82
6-2017	Professional	Developme	Services	September	
	Services:Regravelli	nt		2017	
	ng of Cisira Internal	Consulting			
	Streets	Engineers			

	LIST OF AWARDED TENDERS 2017-18(OCTOBER-DECEMBER)							
Bid number	Title of BID	Service Provider	Directora te /Section	Award date	Value of Bid awarded (R			
8/2/576/201 7-2018	Training of 20 Lifeguards for Hamburg and Birha Beaches	Mzantsi Facilitator s	Communi ty Services	13 October 2017	R 188,850.00			
8/2/579/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of 7 Grader Tyres	N2L Pro Services	Technical Services	13 October 2017	R 196,452.60			
8/2/580/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of ICT Consumables	Bhozza Trading	Good Governan ce	19 October 2017	R 56,780.00			
8/2/589/201 7-2018	Services to Develop Safety and Security Assessment Plan for NLM	Sibu's Security & Cleaning Services (Pty) Ltd	Communi ty Services	31 October 2017	R 188,736.21			
8/2/584/201 7-2018	Construction of Newtondale Internal Streets	PMB Projects 06 CC	Technical Services	21 November 2017	R 2 075,940.57			
8/2/585/201 7-2018	Construction of Cisira Internal Streets	Dintwa Trading	Technical Services	21 November 2017	R 2 148,665.57			
8/2/586/201 7-2018	Construction of Qamnyana Internal Streets	Inathi Olo Investme nt JV Kajuno Civil Construct	Technical Services	21 November 2017	R 2 181,143.48			

8/2/583/201 7-2018	Electrification of 211 Ngqushwa Villages Extensions	AM Engineeri ng Consultin	Technical Services	21 November 2017	R 2 994,304.94
8/2/593/201 7-2018	Design, Supply, Erection, Maintenance and New Decorative Festive Lighting (Xmas Lights)	Mantella Trading 522 cc T/A Designer Lighting	Communi ty Services	05 December 2017	R 198,000.00
8/2/594/201 7-2018	Hiring, Supply and Install sound system, stage and back-up generator	Carnation Delux Events (Pty) Ltd	Communi ty Services	05 December 2017	R 188,750.00
8/2/574/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery Danger Plates and Timber Poles	Singalulo Enterpris e		07 December 2017	R 98,000.00
8/2/597/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Xmas gifts for older persons, people with disabilities & vulnerable children	Ezamasw azi Trading	Good Governan ce	08 December 2017	R 195,000.00

LIST OF AWARDED TENDERS 2017-18 (JANUARY-MARCH)						
Bid number	Title of Bid	Service Provider	Directorate/Se ction	Award date	Value of Bid awarded (R)	
8/2/582/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Road Signs	Lutho's and Sino Trading	Technical Services	08 January 2018	R 178,000.00	

8/2/603/201 7-2018	Provision of Debt Recovery from Government Departments	Sebenzani Trading 23 (Pty) Ltd	вто	11 January 2018	20% of recovered amount
8/2/604/201 7-2018	Construction of Crossroads Internal Streets	Dintwa Trading	Technical Services	18 January 2018	R 2 432,462.00
SCM 01/12/2017	Development & Implementatio n of Best Financial Strategies to Achieve Clean Audit/Administr ation for NLM for 24 Months	MMFAS	вто	02 February 2018	R2 806,876.00
8/2/599/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of Production Inputs	Movetshe Trading	Community Services	06 February 2018	R 95,500.00
8/2/573/201 7-2018	Supply and Delivery of ICT Equipment	Tshezilam Trading	Good Governance	09 February 2018	R154,900.00
8/2/606/201 7-2018	Supply and delivery of Motor Grader Tyres	Snazo Developm ents	Technical Services	09 March 2018	R 198,000.00
8/2/592/201 7-2018	Services of Medical Surveillance	Mink-Line Consulting		26 March 2018	R595 pp

8/2/601/201 7-2018	Supply of Microsoft Server Software	CHM Vuwani Computer Solution (EC) Pty Ltd	Good Governance	27 March 2018	R 105,403.88
8/2/602/201 7-2018	Server Consolidation and Virtualization	Resilient Servers & Networks	Good Governance	27 March 2018	R 241,011.77
SCM 01/01/2018	Provision of Legal Services for 3 years	Dyushu & Majebe Attorneys	Good Governance	27 March 2018	R 1 500 ph

LIST OF AWARDED TENDERS 2017-18(APRIL-JUN)							
Bid number	Title of Bid	Service Provider	Directorate/ Section	Award date	Value of Bid awarded (R)		
8/2/613/2017 -2018	Supply and Delivery of 500 Plastic Chairs	Tiaglo (Pty) Ltd	Community Services	03 April 2018	R 66,000.00		
8/2/578/2017 -2018	Spatial Development Framework Review For NLM	Complan Town & Regional Planners	Community Services	18 April 2018	R 186,760.00		
8/2/614/2017 -2018	Supply and Delivery of 3 Laptops with Carry Bags	Amended Recline Trading &Projects	Good Governance	18 April 2018	R 49,950.00		
82/615/2017- 2018	Services For Partial Back Office Proposal for the Traffic	Total Compute	Community Services	18 April 2018	R 54,804.00		

	Management System	r Services (Pty) Ltd			
8/2/616/2017 -2018	Services of Offender Tracking & ANPR Trailer	Total Compute r Services (Pty) Ltd	Community Services	18 April 2018	R 198,800.00
8/2/627/2017 -2018	Services for Training of MPAC	Unakho Business Solutions	Good Governance	04 May 2018	R 198,990.95
SCM- 01/04/2018	Implementation of Surfacing of Peddie Town Street Phase 2	Kayalihle Trading CC	Technical Services	10 May 2018	R 8 275,741.80
8/2/607/2017 -2018	Professional Services for Design, Supervision of Qugqwala Internal Streets	Black Mountain Ziinzame JV	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 194,496.00
8/2/608/2017 -2018	Professional Services for Design, Supervision of Runletts Internal Streets	Khulanat hi Consultin g	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 219,996.36
8/2/609/2017 -2018	Professional Services for Design, Supervision of Wesley Internal Streets	Kukho Consultin g Engineers	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 203,531.16
8/2/610/2017 -2018	Professional Services for Design, Supervision of	Beacon Consultin g	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 217,869.51

	Hamburg Internal Streets				
8/2/611/2017 -2018	Professional Services for Design, Supervision of Mpeweni Internal Streets	Gilgal Develop ment Consultin g Engineers	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 215,199.50
8/2/618/2017 -2018	Construction of Bhele Communtiy Hall	27 Years Robben Island Construct ion JV Vaxobyte	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 1 398,469.39
8/2/619/2017 -2018	Construction of Shushu Communtiy Hall	Waving High Trading & Projects	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 1 499,180.60
8/2/620/2017 -2018	Construction of Ngquma Communtiy Hall	27 Years Robben Island Construct ion JV Vaxobyte	Technical Services	07 May 2018	R 1 398,469.39
8/2/627/2017 -2018	Training Of 5 GAs on Unit Standards 119553-119557	Lizwa Ntlabati Trading CC	Corporate Services	21 May 2018	R 79,000.00
8/2/628/2017 -2018	Training of 5 Roads General Assistants on Construction Road Works	Lizwa Ntlabati Trading CC	Corporate Services	28 May 2018	R 110,000.00

8/2/623/2017 -2018	New Venture Creational Certificate (SMME) NQF Level 2	Vezokuhl e Youth Develop ment Project	Corporate Services	12 June 2018	R 5 280,000.00
8/2/632/2017 -2018	Supply and delivery of ICT Equipment	SMS ICT Choice	Good Governance	20 June 2018	R 82,889.13
8/2/633/2017 -2018	Designing, Editing, Printing & Binding IDP 2018/2019 (60 copies)	Copyworl d (Pty) Ltd	Good Governance	25 June 2018	R 33,285.60
8/2/622/2017 -2018	Compilation and Maintenance of General and Supplementary Valuation Rolls for the Period 2018- 2023	Umhlaba Valuers	вто	27 June 2018	R 674,814.25
8/2/624/2017 -2018	Insurance Services for Municipal Assets for a Period of 24 months	Lateral Unison Insurance	вто	27 June 2018	R 288,343.00
8/2/629/2017 -2018	Professional Services for Design, supervision and construction monitoring of 2018/19 Electrification of 320 Connections for Ngqushwa Villages	ASCA Consultin g Engineers t/a Vokon Afrika Consultin g	Technical Services	27 June 2018	R 372,610.14

CHAPTER 3

SERVICE DELIVERY PERFORMANCE

3.1. WATER PROVISION

Amathole District Municipality (ADM) is currently mandated to be a Water Services Authority and a Provider in this Municipality and is currently in a process of updating its water services development plan (WSDP) as the current one is outdated. This plan provides an overview of the coverage and gives a strategic direction to the ADM and identifies the most crucial projects in order of priority.

Bulk water infrastructure is provided by a number of dams and water purification works within the municipal area which is operated by the Amatola Water Board. Table 14 gives an indication of these

DAM	DAM'S CAPACITY	FIRM YIELD (Mm3/pa)
Dabi Dam	0.23	0.50
Mankazana Dam	1.85	1.38
Ndlambe Dam	0.06	0.06
Rura Dam	0.05	0.05
Sandile Dam	7.4	4.14
Laing Dam	5.55	2.76
TOTAL	2.84	2.14

The Amatola Water Board also manages and operates six water treatment plants which collectively supply 2.84 million litres of portable water. These water treatment plants are as follows:

- i) Dabi water treatment works.
- ii) Peddie Regional water treatment works.
- iii) Glenmore (Enxuba) water treatment works.
- iv) Sandile Dam water treatment works.
- v) Laing dam water treatment works.

In Ngqushwa there is only one pump station which is located at the Water Works in Nqwenerana also known as Kingslyn. The water treatment works at Tyefu has been closed down and all the areas it used to serve are now being served by Glenmore Water Treatment works.

In Peddie, adequate water is supplied from the King's Lynn scheme which is also operated by the Amatola Water Board. In Hamburg, water is supplied by Amatola Water Board from Birha scheme which is also considered adequate for the present purposes. This source is however supplemented by three boreholes which constituted the town's original supply and which are capable of supplying 25% of the town's average requirement

Table: Source of water by ward and source

Ward	Regional/local water scheme (operated by municipality or other water services provider)	Borehole	Spring	Rain water tank	Dam/pool/stagnant water	River/stream	Water vendor	Water tanker	Other	Grand Total
21206001	1341	1	2	154	97	5	57	27	16	1701
21206002	1110	6	1	191	34	56	18	35	235	1686
21206003	1547	2	3	93	32	1	8	88	17	1792
21206004	1208	14	4	138	73	37	4	70	10	1558
21206005	667	5	3	129	4	102	1	3	2	914
21206006	944	7	4	441	55	6	2	182	25	1667
21206007	1063	44	15	373	79	59	38	250	23	1943
21206008	1246	9	2	277	110	112	18	57	39	1871
21206009	686	4	19	400	152	40	25	90	81	1497
21206010	1505	5	-	85		2	2	15	15	1630
21206011	1366	95	10	274	25	-	3	21	45	1839
21206012	854	-	2	407	65	3	-	60	27	1418
21206013	693	7	9	635	312	29	1	60	125	1870
Grand Total	14229	199	74	3595	1039	453	176	957	662	21384

Source: Stats SA (2011)

1.2 SANITATION

There is only one sanitation treatment facility in the municipal area and this is at Peddie. The existing Waste Water Treatment Plant in Peddie is operating at its full capacity and is now overloaded. R90million project has been approved, and the consultant has been appointed (Accus Gibb) they are currently busy with planning, Design is expected to be completed by June and Implementation and by next financial year the project will be starting. There are no treatment facilities in Hamburg nor does the municipality render a service for the emptying of septic tanks. Rural areas use primarily pit latrines, which are simply moved when the old ones are full. ADM is busy with master plans of the projects.

3.3 ROAD MAINTENANCE

3.3.1 INTRODUCTION TO ROAD MAINTENANCE

The roads section is primarily responsible for the maintenance and rehabilitation of the Municipal paved; unpaved roads and storm water drainage within the Ngqushwa Municipal area. The municipality is responsible for 100% access to local roads within its jurisdiction, which include all streets within peri-urban and rural areas. It ensures the maintenance of a number of municipal roads which serve all communities and are regularly maintained, with the objective of addressing specific needs. The majority of municipal roads are gravel, with tar roads comprising 3% (12 km) of all municipal roads. The condition of tar roads 12 km is very bad, with a proportion of gravel roads 121km in good condition and ±579 km of gravel roads in very bad condition.

The municipality is responsible for the repairing of potholes on the existing surfaced road, and unblocking and cleaning of drainage ketch pit to maintain free flow storm water. Rehabilitation of existing roads, and re-gravelling and blading of gravel roads in rural and peri-urban on regular basis. There are approximately 1271.38km of roads in the municipal area. According to the Department of Roads and Public Works only 153.9km of these roads are tarred which translates to (12.11%) of the roads in the municipal area.

A total of 128 km gravel roads were maintained through dry blading; re-gravelling also a total of 1200m² of potholes were patched (tar roads) in the year under review.

The district comprises national, trunk, main, district, minor and access roads. The Major towns are linked by an adequate network of roads and there is also a good network of proclaimed gravel roads traversing the municipal area. The roads linking the various rural settlements are in a poor state of repair and are not adequately maintained. Municipality is only focusing on maintaining and constructing internal and access roads and in its jurisdiction, ±700km's is gravel roads and 8.3km's is surface roads

The following are the actions taken by the Municipality to minimize the current conditions of roads

- 1. Business plans have been developed by the Municipality and currently sourcing funds to upgrade the Municipal gravel roads and storm water drainage.
- 2. Department of Transport is currently busy with the procurement of upgrading R345 of surfacing (R72 to Hamburg and Double drift game reserve to Peddie Town).

Road – Storm Water Section Staff

Job level/ Task		Year 17/18					
Grade	Posts No.	Employees No.	Vacancies (Fulltime equivalents) No.	Vacancies (as a % of total posts) %			
0-3	3	3	0	100			
4 – 6	9	1	0	100			
7 – 9	1	0	1	100			
10 – 12	2	1	0	100			

3.4 PROJECT MANAGEMENT UNIT (PMU)

Project Management Unit section ensures that everybody has access and better services as enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic. All the projects that were prioritised by the municipal council for 17/18 financial year and budgeted for, at the end of the financial year were completed.

Project Management Unit is the section that is specifically dealing with the project implementation of the municipal capital projects. Responsible for the administration and financial management of MIG and any other Capital funds within the department and national accounting systems for infrastructure projects of the department.

Management of the MIG and the preparation of all necessary reports to the Provincial MIG Management Unit and the National MIG Unit the relevant provincial and national departments. Ngqushwa Municipality in terms of Division of Revenue Act (Act No 29 of 2013) forms part of the municipalities that receive grants from national treasury. The municipality is required to submit projects to be implemented under MIG to Provincial and National treasury and report to Treasury about expenditure on the grant.

3.4.1 PMU PROJECTS IN 2017/2018 FY

PROJECT NAME	WARD	STATUS
Gcinisa Community Hall	12	Completed
Bhele Community Hall	1	Completed
Ngquma Community Hall	7	Completed
Shushu community Hall	3	Completed
Mgababa Internal Road	11	Completed
Cisirha Internal Road	6	Completed
Qamnyana Internal Road	7	Completed
Newtondale internal road	10	Completed
Cross roads internal road	5	Completed
Surfacing of Peddie Town	8	98 % Completed
Phase1		
Surfacing of Peddie Town	8	95%Completed
Phase 2		

3.4.2 FPWP FMPLOYMET AND EXPENDITURE

During 2017/2018 Financial Year Ngqushwa Local Municipality employed 92 people through EPWP. The following are the projects implemented through EPWP:

- i) Road rangers,
- ii) Pothole patching,
- iii) EPWP Interns,
- iv) EPWP Home community based care services.
- v) EPWP seasonal life guards
- vi) EPWP maintenance of heritage sites
- vii) EPWP local workers
- viii) EPWP social programmes

The expenditure on EPWP as at the end of June 2018 is 100%

3.4.3 MIG EXPENDITURE

The expenditure on MIG as at the end of June 2018 is 100%

PMU Section Staff

Job level		Year 17/18						
	Posts No.	Employees No.	Vacancies (Fulltime equivalents) No.	Vacancies (as a % of total posts) %				
0-3	0	0	0	0				
4 – 6	0	0	0	0				
7 – 9	6	7	0	100				
10 – 12	2	3	0	100				
13 - 17	2	1	0	100				

3.5 ELECTRICITY

The Millennium Development Goal states that all households must have universal access to electricity by 2025. Access to electricity will alleviate poverty as the use of electricity supports lighting and cooking facilities. Eskom supplies electricity in the jurisdiction of Ngqushwa Local Municipality. The 2011 census figures depicts that there are 21384 households in the municipal area of which 94.65% households have access to electricity. This backlog is made up of in-fills and new extensions, rural and farm dweller homes. Eskom supplies electricity to the rural and farm dweller homes.

The electricity supply to the areas of Ngqushwa is provided and maintained by Eskom in accordance with their Rural Electrification Programme. According to Eskom records there is no electricity backlog in Ngqushwa electrification, the only areas that are not electrified are the in-fills and new extensions of the villages. Ngqushwa local municipality is only maintaining street lights and its own buildings.

A total of 211 (Tyeni, Mhankone, Gcinisa South, Gobozana, Libalele, Tyata, Upper Gwalane, Paradise, Hamburg, Qawukeni, Peddie Ext/Ndlovini and Mpekweni) connections was done by the Municipality through a grant called INEP.

A total of 109 (Mtati, Makhahlane , Woodridge, Cheletyuma, Tildin) in fills was connected by ESKOM

Electricity Services Policy

Currently there is no electricity services policy in the municipality, the municipality has only the electricity maintenance plan.

Electricity Section Staff

Task grade		Year 17/18						
	Posts No.	Employees No.	Vacancies (Fulltime equivalents) No.	Vacancies (as a % of total posts) %				
0 - 3	0	0	0	0				
4 – 6	3	3	0	100				
7 – 9	0	0	0	0				
10 – 12	0	0	0	0				
13 – 16	1	1	0	100				

3.6 PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

This component includes: planning and local economic development.

Planning and Development deals with, among other things, municipal positioning in terms of Social and Economic Development. This Planned Economic Development does not only focus on SMEs and Co-operatives development, but also in Municipal Economic Development at large where investors will be invited to come and invest, developmental nodes are identified and there is proper planning of the town(s) and related rural centres so as to boost investor confidence.

Opportunities

- i) Agriculture Potential: Ngqushwa Municipality has several irrigation schemes namely Tyhefu, Ngxakaxha, just to mention but a few. Citrus farms (Oranges and pineapples) are found within the Ngqushwa Municipality jurisdiction. Availability of quality livestock, Aloe and Honey.
- ii) Tourism Attraction: Ngqushwa Municipality has annual commemoration for Tourism attractions such as Mqwashini, Uhambo Loxolo, Hamburg Tourist Attraction, Hiking trails, Beach, Accomodations
- iii) Spatial Planning (Developmental Nodes & Corridors): Ngqushwa Local Municipality has several nodes and corridors identified in the Municipal Spatial Development Framework that can be developed so as to achieve socio-economic development.

- iv) Personnel: The Municipality has hired knowledgeable staff in various sections such as LED Staff, Housing, Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Staff and Waste and Environment Staff. The main aim is to get the maximum gain from the potential that the Municipality has.
- v) The 42km Coastline also presents an opportunity that can unlock the economic potential of Ngqushwa area. It is in line with the mandate of Operation Phakisa which prioritise the Oceans Economy

Challenges

- i) Lack of funds
- ii) Human capacity
- iii) Rural nature of the area
- iv) Size of the Municipality

Even though the directorate has sections and staff but it yet to be a stand-alone directorate due to lack of funds for appointing both Port-folio head and Head of Department. It is still amalgamated with community services

3.6.1 SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT

This section deals with the (spatial planning, land use management and development facilitation) spatial land use applications. These application ensure a coordinated planning and reduces unplanned and illegal development. However there are challenges that include non-submission of applications due lack of knowledge and culture. The municipality is currently undergoing a review of the 5 year Municipal Spatial Development Framework that is due for completion by December 2018.

Ngqushwa Local Municipality had over the years lacked a proper planning section, however the establishment of this section as well as Building Control office has brought a new dimension to the Municipality.

Town planning Section brings the following to the Municipality:

- i) Compliance with National Building Standards Act and Regulations for every construction taking place within the municipality so as to ensure orderly and harmonious development.
- ii) Promote sustainable development and enforce urban edge policy so as to avoid urban sprawl.
- iii) Proper management and disposal of municipal immovable property.
- iv) Attraction of investment into the municipality through spatial planning and land use management initiatives.
- v) Development of a land use scheme so as to avoid haphazard planning and ensure harmonious development.
- vi) Compliance with Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act (16 of 2013)

The above will boost investor confidence, which in the long run will lead to sustainable socio-economic development. This will be achieved through identification of areas with potential for economic development within the Municipality. These areas will be of great benefit to both local community and investors. The Municipality has held some workshops so as to sensitise the community about the legislation in the form of National Acts, Policies and by-laws.

3.6.2 LAND AND HOUSING

Ngqushwa is predominantly rural with only 5% of the population living in the urban areas, as opposed to 95% of the population who reside in the rural areas.

The settlement patterns of Nggushwa can be divided into the following categories:

i) Urban Areas

Peddie and Hamburg are the only two proclaimed towns within the municipality. There are periurban settlements establishes outside of both of these nodes which in the case of Peddie almost encircle it.

Peddie can be regarded as a regional hub for service rendering to the entire municipal area. The majority of the region's services and facilities are located here and economic and social functions are performed from here. It also plays an important administrative role as the seat of the municipality is also in Peddie. Not all areas of the town are serviced, particularly the lower income areas which are found in the main part of the town.

Hamburg is regarded as being primarily a holiday destination with great potential for oceans economic development and small harbours. Development in this area has become stagnant over the past 3 decades and facilities remain in a poor condition. The area is also not actively promoted as a holiday destination. However, as part of trying to revitalize the town, Ngqushwa Local Municipality is in the process to resuscitate Hamburg through Small Towns Revitalisation Model. The Municipality has packaged 4 anchor projects as a starting point namely:

- 1. Beach front Upgrade
- 2. Hamburg Town Revitalisation
- 3. Aquaculture Project Expansion
- 4. Commercial Property Development
 - ii) Rural Areas

The majority of the population that is 95% resides in the rural area which means that access to essential services and facilities by the majority of the population is also limited. This also compromises the municipality's ability to raise revenue on the basis of services. These limitations have been recognized by the municipality and are in the process of being addressed.

There are 110 rural villages which are scattered throughout the municipal area. These villages are surrounded by commonage land that is used for a mix of agricultural purposes including crops and livestock which are farmed primarily on a subsistence basis.

Rural villages can be classified as follows:

- a) Traditional rural villages such as Bell, Bodium, Crossroad, Lover's Twist, etc. which owe their establishment to their proximity to an agricultural resource base.
- b) Rural villages established in response to commercial agricultural needs in terms of labour on commercial farms. These villages are primarily in ward 6, 7 and 11 and include Benton, Tarfield, Jamesdale, Stourpoort and Lewis.

- c) Holiday resorts such as Birha, Mgwalana, and Mpekweni resorts which are newly developed in response to the localized resort potential of the coastal area.
- d) Minor and isolated farm communities scattered throughout the municipal area.
- e) Conservation Areas
- f) There are a number of environmentally sensitive areas which are categorized as conservation areas and which are primarily situated along the coast.

3.6.3 LAND TENURE AVAILABILITY AND REDISTRIBUTION

There is sufficient rural and urban land available in Ngqushwa municipal area to accommodate the short, medium and long term demand for land. Land release is however problematic and numerous tenure and distribution issues needs to be addressed. In Ngqushwa Municipal area, most urban land is owned by the Municipality. Rural land is however primarily state owned and interspersed with a number of informal land rights. A need was identified to convert the tenure of the large tracts of state owned land to communal ownership.

Land release for housing projects has been very slow, or has not responded to the beneficiary needs and applications need to be done to the Department of Rural Development & Land Reform as the custodians of Rural State-owned land. Ngqushwa is also characterized by a diversity of land uses and land tenure which is primarily attributable to the previous dispensation as evidenced by historical forms of land rights, such as African freehold, quitrent and permission to occupy (PTO) which are still prevalent in the area. The land tenure arrangements prevalent in Ngqushwa are summarized in the table below:

Land tenure arrangements within Ngqushwa

Bell/Bodium	Freehold/Quitrent
Tyefu Irrigation Scheme communities of	PTO's in dense settlement
Glenmore, Ndwayana, Pikoli-Kalikeni and	Others old nineteenth century settlements
Ndlambe Glenmore established late 70's	PTO's under TA
early 80's, Ndwayana	New tenure arrangements introduced by
	Ulimocor/irrigation scheme, with foot plots, etc., but
	never with full community sanction.
All other rural settlements	PTO's
Surveyed farms, formerly white owned,	Currently black owned or "leased" pending transfer
purchased by SANT to consolidate former	to black farmers (conveyancing problems) or to be
Ciskei	transferred to groups of occupiers with IPILRA rights-
	CPA.
Former Ulimocor Pineapple farms, same	Tenure still under the state, Company (Pineco)
as above. Three separate blocks of land in	running pineapple production, workers organized
the south east.	under Peddie Pineapple Development
	Trust-intention to investigate transfer of land to
	Trust over time.

There are a number of surveyed farms which were acquired from former white owners, some of which are in the process of being transferred to black commercial farmers and holders of IPILRA rights. There are also farms which have been transferred to former lessees who had Deeds of Sale

under the Ciskei regime. Delays are however being experienced with the transfers of the above properties due to a number of reasons including unregistered subdivisions.

Land redistribution of land is also a complex issue and is a major issue within this municipality. The Amathole District Land Reform and Settlement Plan identified the following crucial issues in respect of the current state land disposal process.

There is a lack of consultation between the local municipality and Department of Rural Development and Land Reform and Department of Rural Development and Agrarian Reform over decisions regarding the disposal of state farms.

There is insufficient information about the extent and availability of land earmarked for disposal available to the local authority and communities.

Legitimate land owners do not have their title deeds.

The process whereby the legal occupant of land is identified needs to be done faster.

Communities need to be given information on how to access land for farming and the relevant policy provisions.

There is a need for greater support and communication from Department of Rural Development and Land Reform.

There are unresolved land claims that still needs to be resolved.

3.6.3 HOUSING

Housing development in the Ngqushwa Municipality is the function performed by the Department of Human Settlement. The Municipality's role is to liaise with the department, allocate land for Housing Development and capture the housing needs register.

Land and Housing staff

Job level		Year 17/18					
	Posts No.	Employees No.	Vacancies (Fulltime equivalents) No.	Vacancies (as a % of total posts) %			
0 – 3	0	0	0	0			
4 – 6	0	0	0	0			
7 – 9	1	1	0	100			
10 – 12	1	1	0	100			
13 - 16	1	1	0	100			

i) Past, Current and Proposed Housing Project

The housing projects recently completed by the Municipality are in Peddie (Peddie 710 and Peddie 500 though still under construction). A pilot housing project, consisting of 30 low cost houses has been completed in Hamburg and in Peddie, as 28 low cost housing units of the pilot housing project has also been completed. In addition, 395 out of 500 housing units of the Masakhane housing project in Peddie Extension have also been completed. The remaining 105 units will be constructed during 2018/19 financial year as a contractor has been appointed.

ADM secured funding for the construction of 300 houses in Prudhoe. On construction of those houses extensions within the village lack of capacity at ADM cause some problems that led to the blocking of such project. The Department of Human Settlements is still awaiting Council Resolution from ADM surrendering their developer status.

The need for a housing project has been identified for the Glenmore area. Consumer education and beneficiary lists has been compiled and business plans have been submitted to the Eastern Cape Department of Human Settlements for the project. Other projects have also been identified for Ndlovini and German village and feasibility studies are underway. Layouts for both projects have been developed, but the Ndlovini layout has been reviewed due to the constant encroachments and invasion of vacant municipal sites. Housing will always be an ongoing need in municipalities which will be hampered by affordability levels.

Destitute and Emergency Housing Assistance: The Department of Human Settlements developed a Directorate that deals mainly with destitute. Firstly the task was assigned to the Special Programmes unit within the municipality but has since been referred to the Housing section. In the past year 105 applications were forwarded to the Department of Human Settlement for temporary structures, 34 referred to SASSA and 31 to Social Development for social relief, food parcels and counselling.

There is quite a number of temporary shelters erected within the municipal area from the year 2010 to date through ADM as the function lies with them.

ii) Nggushwa Housing Projects

Peddie 500 is one of the projects that the Department of Human Settlements is finding hard to finish Construction of Peddie 500 started and upon construction of 394 houses the project was blocked due to financial constraints and inexperienced emerging contractors. The Provincial Department of Human Settlements managed to secure funding for the unblocking of the project to complete the remaining 105 housing units. The newly appointed contractor is currently on-site to start the construction of these remaining houses. There are currently 3 approved housing projects comprising 500 housing units each (Mpekweni, Gcinisa and Hamburg) and the ECDoHS is currently finalising the beneficiary administration process prior to sending contractors on-site

iii) Housing Demand Profile of the Municipality

The municipality partially reviewed the outdated Housing Sector Plan for inclusion of various housing projects in the IDP which will determine the housing demand based on the housing needs register. The full review of the 5 year Housing Sector Plan will be undertaken during 2018/19 financial year with assistance from Amathole District Municipality. The municipality has developed a Housing Needs Register which will determine the actual backlog as well as the subsidy quantum and the beneficiaries are captured on an ongoing basis. Field workers were hired in all wards to collect data from the villages using the prescribed form of Housing Needs Register with 3380 forms competed and 1823 have been captured into the system to date.

CHALLENGES

The main challenge we are facing is the Rural Housing development that needs strong political intervention. Because the land in the rural areas is either communal or state owned, therefore, before any development takes place consent from the National Minster of Rural Development and Land Reform has to be obtained. There is no clear direction as to how long is the life span of these structures and when they will be replaced by permanent structures and their condition is deteriorating.

PAST, CURRENT AND PROPOSED HOUSING PROJECTS IN NGQUSHWA

Project Title	Ward Area	Sites	Project Value (R'000)	Houses Complet ed	No of units not started/un der constructio n	Туре	Project Status	Comment s
Peddie Masakhan e	10	500	7 500	395	105	Green Fields- PLS	The project is stalled	Contracto r has been liquidated
Peddie Ph 2R/L 2	10	1420	38 802	710	Complete	Green Fields PHP	Complete	Complete
Hamburg (Low cost Pilot Project)		30	-	-	-	-	Complete d	-
Peddie Low cost pilot project	10	28	-	-	-	-	Complete d	-
Prudhoe	12					In-situ	ADM Project	
Gcinisa South	11	500	-	-	-	-	Planning stage	Adjudicati on stage
Hamburg	11	500	-	-	-	-	Planning stage	Adjudicati on stage

Mpekweni	12	500	-	-	-	-	Planning stage	Adjudicati on stage
Tuku A	5	500	80 286 500	-	-	Commun al land rights program	Planning	Planning
Madliki	4	451	72 418 423		-	-	Planning	Planning
Lovers Twist	5	300	48 171 900	-	-	Rural Housing	חוחחבוטו	Planning
Cisirha	6	626	100 518 698	-	-	Rural Housing	חוחחבוטו	Planning
Pikoli	9	499	80 125 927	-	-	Rural Housing	lDianninα	Planning
Lewis Village	9	500	80 286 500	-	-	Rural Housing	חוחחבוטו	Planning
Mankone	7	290	46 566 170	-	-	Rural Housing	חוחחבוטו	Planning
German Vill	8	343	55 076 539	-	-	Rural Housing	חוחחבוטו	Planning
Glenmore	7	1000	160 573 000	-	-	Rural Housing	Planning	Planning

iv) Housing Infrastructure

Water and Sanitation is the function of Amathole District Municipality. Bulk services for Ngqushwa Municipality, therefore, becomes their responsibility.

Bulk water supply is available to accommodate for existing and additional housing projects identified. This however does not apply to sewerage infrastructure. Water borne sewerage is only available in Peddie Town where the bucket system has just been upgraded in 2007. The size of the Waste Water Works stifles housing development in Peddie. Areas such as Alf Dlamini could not be implemented due to its size. It is because of the above that ADM started the process of expanding it. Ngqushwa LM has disposed a portion of Erf 93 for this project. During 2014/15 financial year, ADM has manage to get the Record of Decision (RoD) from the Department of Environmental Affairs. Finances are the only stumbling block.

Hamburg town uses septic tanks at the present moment.

For the rest of the municipality, VIP toilets are the main form of sanitation. The sanitation backlog in Ngqushwa is very high. 93.4% of households are below the RDP standard and approximately R97 480 950 is required to eliminate the backlog and this in particular in the rural areas.

A major challenge facing the municipality is the difficulty in extending bulk infrastructural services to the outlying areas due to the scattered nature of the settlements. Efforts have been made to provide water up to the IDP standard (public stand pipes) but it has not been possible to connect

pipes to individual households. This problem equally affects electricity supply because the cost of providing new connections for new extensions will further stretch the resources of the Municipality. Another challenge facing housing delivery was the difficulties experienced in transporting building materials due to the poor state of rural road networks. Suppliers of materials are also not able to supply the required quantities at the given times. Local contractors are also not able to obtain contracts because they are not registered with the NHBRC.

These challenges will be addressed and explored in terms of Local Economic Development opportunities.

v) Housing Implementation Plan and Project Schedules

Ngqushwa Municipality has, since 2012- till to date, been submitting business plan to Department of Human Settlement for housing provision. Table 1Below is a list of submitted business plans for rural housing:

Table 1

Year of Submission	Business Plan	Number of units
February 2012	Tuku A Housing Project	500
February 2012	Madliki Housing	451
February 2012	Lovers Twist	300
February 2012	Cisirha	626
February 2012	Ndlovini	500
February 2012	Pikoli	499
February 2012	German Village	343
August 2013	Lewis Village	500
June 2016	Mankone	290
March 2016	Glenmore	1000
Total	Total	5009

The estimated amount of housing to address the backlog and the cost of implementing the needs is indicated below, quantum as per the 2014 National Norms and Standards:

 House Cost
 :
 R110 947

 Services Cost
 :
 R43 626

 Raw land cost
 :
 R6 000

 Total
 :
 R160 573

Based on the above business plans, the estimated subsidy is as follows:

Table.

Total number of proposed dwellings	Quantum per dwelling	Total budget
5009	R110 947,00	R555 733 523.00

The table above shows that the budget has increased.

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

ESTABLISHMENT OF DISASTER MANAGEMENT WARD BASED STRUCTURES AND COMMUNITY BASED DISASTER RISK ASSESSMENT

Community Based Risk Assessment (CBRA) is an approach that uses participatory action research methods to place communities in the lead role for the assessment, active planning, design, implementation and evaluation of activities aimed at reducing the community risk disaster. The process involves the Ward Councillor, Community Leaders, Traditional Leaders as well as the community at large. These structures were established for Ward 6, 8 and 4.

3.6.4. LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

INTRODUCTION

Ngqushwa Local Municipality is a rural ad poverty stricken municipality. Local Economic Development is seen as the only hope of fighting poverty. Ngqushwa Local Municipality LED is made up of three components: Agriculture, Small Micro Enterprise (SME's) & Cooperatives and Tourism & Heritage.

Local Economic Development Staff

Job level	Year 17/18					
	Posts No.	Employees No.	Vacancies (Fulltime equivalents) No.	Vacancies (as a % of total posts) %		
0-3	0	0	0	0		
4 – 6	0	0	0	0		
7 – 9	1	1	0	100		
10 – 12	2	2	0	100		
13 - 16	2	2	0	100		

A) SME'S AND COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT

Ngqushwa Local Municipality is rural in nature, therefore has a high rate of unemployment. The bulk of the economically active populations migrate to cities in search jobs and better living conditions. The municipality is taking the issue of SME development very seriously as it remains the key pillars and priorities for accelerated and sustainable Local Economic Development.

The following services offered by SME Office

- i. Facilitating registration of Cooperative with Companies and Intellectual Property Commission (CIPC)
- ii. Provide business development advice and services

- iii. A one stop shop to access all government services and programmes relating to cooperative development
- iv. Market linkages to cooperatives
- v. Accommodate other related service offerings by other spheres of government and development agencies such as DEDEAT, DTI, NYDA, SEDA etc.
- vi. Facilitation of SME trainings

Through the centres, 22 coops were registered with CIPC within the 17/18 financial year and captured in municipal data base.

Trainings: 12 Emerging contractors were trained on Contractors Contracting through the R72 SANRAL Project and benefited through sub-contracting, 22 Informal traders were trained on Basic Business by the Department of Small Business Development. 25 co-operatives were trained on Cooperative Governance.

i) CWP (Community Works Programme)

Community Works Programme is an initiative designed to provide an employment safety net, by providing participants with predictable number of days of work per month – thus supplementing their live hood strategies and affording them a basics level of income security through work. The program me is targeted at unemployed people of working age, including those whose livelihood activities are insufficient to lift them out of poverty. The programme is designed to employ a minimum of 1,000 people per site for two a week, or eight days per month.

Peddie CWP site currently employs 1270 beneficiaries.

Community Beneficiation

- i) Site has 1270 beneficiaries
- ii) Programme implemented in all wards

ii) Hamburg Aquaculture Project

It is an initiative by the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries where the department invested an amount of R9, 5m to the project through the EPWP programme. Ngqushwa Local Municipality made land available for the project. The Municipality has packaged 4 anchor projects as part of Oceans Economy. The Aquaculture Project expansion is one of the anchor projects submitted to the Department of Public Works and Provincial Department of Environmental Affairs, Economic Development & Tourism. This will require land for expansion and the municipality is in the process of looking into the land availability to ensure that the project potential is realised.

Community Beneficiation

- i) Employed 58 local people
- ii) Youth (47%) and women (48%)
- iii) Received training (occupational health and safety, life skills, HIV/AIDS and First Aid course)
- iv) Registered as Siyazama Aquaculture co-operative member.
- v) Programme implemented at Ward 11

The project impact:

- 1. Skills development
- 2. Transfer of technology to communities
- 3. Food security
- 4. Job creation

iii) Building Inclusive Green Municipalities (BIGM)

South African Local Government Association (SALGA) in partnership with Federation of Canadian Municipalities launched the BIGM program to be implemented over a 52 month period. Ngqushwa Local Municipality is one of six municipalities in Eastern Cape that is piloting this local economic development initiative. The BIGM program aims to improve the capacity of South African Municipalities to support effective service delivery, inclusive local green economic growth and enhanced climate change mitigation and adaptation measures

Project Status Quo

The municipality is working on the following project under the auspices of the BIGM:

- a) NGQUSHWA ENTREPRENEURIAL ECOSYSTEM (NEE): An entrepreneurial eco-system, or business environment summarizes all the resources entrepreneurs and business owners need to start, build and grow a business. Resources including funding, infrastructure, talent and training, incubation & acceleration, community and support organizations. The goal of the ecosystem is mapping out all the available local recourses and developing and executing a strategy to communicate the available resources to entrepreneurs.
- b) Pilot Projects Aloe and Honey. The municipality has developed business plans for Aloe and Honey and set aside a budget to commence with the implementation of the first phase of the Pilot projects.

BUSINESS LICENCING

Municipality is working with District Municipality in developing policy on business licencing

B) AGRICULTURE DEVELOPMENT

Role of Agriculture office under LED is to facilitate agriculture development in Ngqushwa through provision / support of community – based initiatives and the creation of conducive environment for increased investment in agriculture. In many instance the Municipality together with other relevant sector departments actively intervene and support initiatives in order to enhance development of local economy through enhancing food security, job creation and quality of life for the benefit of all. These interventions were mainly directed at improving the quality of life of those operation in Agriculture sector and redressing the inequalities created by the past.

Through working with sector departments, the municipality is taking the issue of Agriculture to remain the key pillar to the work of government in addressing the challenges of unemployment, poverty and inequality. For 2017/18 financial year, the following agriculture activities were undertaken to strengthen agriculture development.

PROGRAMME	COMMUNITY BENEFICIATION	WARD	STAKEHOLDERS INVOLVED
Revitalisation of Irrigation Schemes	Received production inputs, seven irrigation schemes benefited	7 Wards	DRDAR, NLM
Mechanization Programme	Received production inputs, all maize projects benefited	All wards participating in mechanization programme	DRDAR & NLM
Capacity Building and Trainings	Received training in crop production	Ward 4, Ward 9 and Ward 7 Macibi,Ndlambe and Glenmore	Ngqushwa Local Municipality, Umtiza, Zoetis, ADM
Livestock Improvement Scheme	Received two shearing shed structures, woolgrowers associations at Qugqwala and Hlosini location benefited.	Ward 2 & ward 3	DRDAR & NLM

The project impact:

- 1. Skills development
- 2. Infrastructure development to communities participating in farming practices
- 3. Food security
- 4. Job creation

C) TOURISM AND HERITAGE

Ngqushwa Local Municipality is rich in Tourism and Heritage. Tourism development is dominant in the Municipality, both in inland and coastal areas. There are Tourism and Heritage Nodal points which are tourism attractions such as

- 1. Umqwashu Heritage Sites
- 2. Hiking trails
- 3. Ayliff Church Museum
- 4. Beach

Tourism Activities

- i) Maintenance of Uhambo Loxolo hiking trail and Umqwashu heritage sites
- ii) Establishment of Strategic relations with neighbouring municipalities.LTO members had study tour to Ndlambe LTO and Sunshine Coast LTO for benchmarking purposes.
- iii) Provision of training and support to existing hospitality industry in Ngqushwa.10 homestays owners were trained on customer care workshop
- iv) Promotion and support of craft product development and marketing.

3.6.5 COMMUNITY & SOCIAL SERVICES

3.6.5.1 Waste Management

The refuse collection is done on all our areas except villages. Refuse is collected twice per week in households and every day on the CBD. The street cleaning is also done weekly in the CBD; and once a week in the suburbs areas. Number of drop of zones were erected on the CBD as part of the programme of keeping town clean. Awareness campaigns are conducted in communities.

Generally the refuse collection is done very well in our areas, we just have some challenges, like our vehicles are broken. Since the municipality has low volume there is not much in capital projects.

Capital Expenditure

Since the municipality has low volume there are no much in capital projects.

Comment on Waste Management Service Performance Overall:

Our volume as the Municipality is low, therefore we don't have much to budget on capital project. The municipality has introduced recycling as part of managing landfill site. The main focus on our capital project is on appropriate equipment for refuse collection and management of landfill site machinery. The municipality has installed refused collection cages in strategic positions in Hamburg and Peddie Town

3.6.5.2 Introduction to Libraries; Archives; Museums; Galleries; Community Facilities

Currently the Municipality has 60 community halls, each ward has its own halls from ward 1 to ward 12

WAR	VILLAGES	NUMBER
D		
1	Tyeni,Gobozana,Bhele,Mtati,Ngqwele,Nxopo	6
2	Zondeka, Dlova, Rode, Tyata, Qugqwala,	5
3	Mqwashini, Ntsinekana, Bhongweni, Khalana, Qawukeni, Baltein, Mgqw	8
	angqa,Shushu	
4	Macibi,Phole,Madliki,Mdolomba	4
5	Bell,Crossroads,Tuku A,Leqeni	4
6	Cisira, Nyaniso, Celetyuma, Feni	4
7	Nqamnyana, Mankone, Glenmore, Ndwayana, Eluxolweni, Gwabeni, Nd	9
	lambe,Rura,Ngquma	
8	Durban,Peddie extension,Ncumisa Kondlo	3
9	Mgwalana, Woodlands, Runletts, Pikoli	4
10	Mabaleni, Upper Gwalana, Lower Qeto, Lower Gwalana	4
11	Mkhanyeni,Mpekweni,Prudo,Mgababa,	4
12	Gcinisa, Wesley, Benton. Niri, Hamburg	5

Comment on the Performance of Libraries; Archives; Museums; Galleries; Community Facilities; Other (Theatres, Zoos, etc) Overall:

The Municipality has two Libraries one is situated inside municipal building and one mobile library at Hamburg. Both libraries have not officially been handed over to the Municipality by Department of Sport, arts, recreation and culture. Since the main library is accommodated in the old town hall where it is sharing space with Ngqushwa LM's Corporate Services Department, land was made available for the Department of Sport, Recreation, Arts and Culture. This land has been set aside for the construction of a fully-fledged library, which will be sponsored by DSRAC.

3.6.5.3 Introduction to Cemeteries' & Crematoriums

We have two sites which we maintain, Ngqushwa Local Municipality is in the process of identifying a new site. Crematorium is the responsibility of ADM and it is not common in our jurisdiction. The municipality has to identify cemetery sites for both Hamburg and Birha

Comment on the Performance of Cemeteries & Crematoriums Overall:

Municipality has two (2) cemeteries and both are in Peddie Town. There is a general complaint about the distance the community from Ethembeni location have to travel to the cemetery, hence there is a need to open a new cemetery that will be easily accessed. The municipality is responsible for grass cutting and maintenance of cemeteries.

3.6.5.4 Introduction to Peddie Garden

Peddie Town seeks to benefit from the programmes due to socio-economic and environmental challenges that make the town to become unattractive and repulsive to public and private sector investments. The Peddie Central Park – commonly known as Ngqushwa Leisure Gardens is a unique asset to the town is well used by locals for social events and gatherings. The park offers further potential to become a great public place, which can be used to build confidence and showcase Peddie to broader users groups and tourists. Other recreation facilities such as sports fields and pocket parks are few within the primary study area.

3.6.6 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

This component includes: pollution control; biodiversity and landscape; and costal protection.

3.6.6.1 Introduction to Environmental Protection

Environmental protection deals with the safeguarding of the environment through implementation and complying with legislation such as a constitution, NEMA, and other relevant legislation. Noncompliance with the Environmental legislation will fasten the depletion of Ozone Layer and fasten Climate change. In an attempt to promote compliance, Ngqushwa Local Municipality in conjunction with other government departments such as DEA, DEDEAT, Department of Roads Public Works and Amathole District Municipality came up with several projects that were aligned to Environmental Protection. These include; Working for the Waste, Coastal Management projects. Through tireless efforts of the Municipality and close relations with other stakeholders, the Hamburg beach, which is within the Municipality's jurisdiction, achieved a BLUE FLAG STATUS and Birha beach is still on pilot status.

3.6.6.2 Introduction to Pollution Control

Nowadays, the world is reeling in climate change, which is a result of pollution, be it water pollution, land or air pollution. Due to the size of Ngqushwa Local Municipality, the responsibility for pollution control lies with the district Municipality (Amathole District Municipality). Be that as it may, the Ngqushwa Local Municipality conducted awareness programs for pollution control in schools, communities as well as clean up campaigns were conducted on schools.

Even though the Municipality has one (1) licensed landfill site and one (1) transfer station , it is difficult to comply with the regulations as in most cases the waste is burned, thereby polluting the environment. In future, there is a need of closing and relocating the landfill site away from the residential areas.

The other main challenge is the vandalism on our 'no litter' signs, most of them are uprooted

3.6.6.3 Introduction Bio-Diversity and Landscape

Eradication of alien plants in Peddie Town was done as part of biodiversity management. The municipality conducted a workshop on Indigenous plants and eradication of alien plants.

Environmental awareness was conducted on coastal communities concerning management of coastal indigenous forest. We are boarded by Great fish river Nature reserve and on a continuous basis we meet them to check on areas of common on biodiversity and general.

There are DEA projects that are focussing on coastal management. These projects assisted the Municipality towards the achieving Blue Flag status.

3.6.7 SECURITY AND SAFETY

This component includes: police; fire; disaster management, licensing and control of animals, and control of public nuisances, etc.

3.6.7.1 Nggushwa Municipal Traffic Services

The Traffic Services was established in 2005 by a political mandate to address the safety needs of the community of Ngqushwa. The section delivers traffic policing services through a partnership-approach with the communities it serves. It aims to create a safe and secure environment for all residents, citizens and visitors within Ngqushwa Municipal Area through effective traffic policing, by-law enforcement and other integrated crime prevention initiatives.

Key Performance Areas

Traffic Law Enforcement

- 1. Visible policing
- 2. Road Blocks
- Speed Law
- 4. Drunken Driving Campaigns
- 5. Road Safety Campaigns

Register Authority

- 1. Vehicle Registration and Licensing of Motor Vehicles.
- 2. Renewal of Motor Vehicle Licences.
- 3. Duplicate Registration Papers.
- 4. Scrapping of Vehicles

Driver's Licence Technical Centre

- 1. Renewal of Driver's Licences
- 2. Learners licence Tests
- 3. Drivers Licence Tests
- 4. Duplicate Driver's Licences
- 5. Public Driver's Licence Permits

Road Safety

1. Road Safety Education at all schools and villages.

3.6.7.2 Overall Performance of Nggushwa Municipal Traffic Services

There was a considerable decrease in the number of moving violations and accidents since the establishment of the traffic services. Since 2012/ 2013 financial year a concerted effort was launched to address Road Safety with various Road Safety initiatives that include: Scholar educational projects (Coega Simulators- for both learners licence and Drivers Licences training) by the visiting of schools in the municipal area. Furthermore our continued commitment towards the National Arrive Alive, Parking, Speeding and Un- Roadworthy Vehicles are common phenomenon throughout Ngqushwa Municipal Area which invariably infringes upon the rights of law abiding citizens and visitors and in some cases endangers lives.

The Traffic Section is committed to intensify law enforcement against motorists who blatantly disregard the rules of the road. It is an accepted phenomenon that as municipality grows; its public transportation system has to keep pace with such development to ensure that sufficient capacity is provided to meet the growing demand for transportation. To this extent, the traffic section is working earnestly on regulating the minibus and private transport industry to ensure smooth transport of residents of Ngqushwa Municipality. With the establishment of a driver's licence testing centre and other functions the residents of Ngqushwa Municipality do not have to drive to other towns for services. However there are challenges such outstanding payments of infringement notices (traffic fines), condition of road services in Peddie town and lack of relevant personnel.

STATISTICS FOR NGQUSHWA MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC SERVICES 2017/2018

Money Collected for DOT / DLTC	R 3 630 690

STAFF AT NGQUSHWA MUNICIPAL TRAFFIC SECTION

TRAFFIC/	MANAGEMEN	TRAFFIC	TRAFFIC/	SECURIT	ADMI	EXAMINE	INTER
SECURITY	T REP	OFFICER	EXAMINER	Υ	N	R:	N
MANAGE		S	S	OFFICER	STAFF	LEARNER'	
R				S		S	
1	1	6	3	13	3	1	1

CHAPTER 4

INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND ORGANISATIONAL PERFORMANCE

ADMINISTRATIVE STRUCTURE



M.P. Mpahlwa Municipal Manager



Z .Msipa Director: Technical Services



N.M Makwabe Director: Community Services



V.C.Makedama Chief Financial Officer (CFO)



Services

4.1 MUNICIPAL WORKFORCE MANAGEMENT

Ngqushwa Municipality has a responsibility to manage its workforce by implementing interventions and programmes that will keep employees motivated and enhance performance. This section emphasis on management and administration of employee matters/issues like management of leave, overtime, and training development. The municipality continues to develop workforce management policies in order to maintain productive employees.

WORKFORCE POLICY DEVELOPMENT

The Municipality has developed and reviewed 07 policies and HR plan for Human Resources during the year for review. These policies are developed and reviewed annually and when required.

HR POLICIES AND PLANS

	HR Policies and Plans					
	Name of Policy	Completed	Date adopted by council or comment			
		%	on failure to adopt			
1	Secondment Policy	100%	25 April 2018			
2	Travelling Policy	100%	25 April 2018			
3	Cellphone Allowance Policy	100%	25 April 2018			
4	Recruitment, Selection and	100%	25 April 2018			
	Appointment Policy					
5	Relocation Policy	100%	25 April 2018			
6	Training and Development Policy	100%	25 April 2018			
7	Human Resources Plan	100%	28 June 2018			

NUMBER OF DAYS AND COST OF SICK LEAVE

	Number	of days and Co	ost of Sick Leave	e (excluding in	njuries on dut	у)
Salary band	Total sick leave	Proportion of sick leave without medical certification	Employees using sick leave	Total employees in post*	*Average sick leave per Employees	Estimated cost
	Days	%	No.	No.	Days	R' 000
Task Grade 0 - 2	N/A	0%	0	0	0	0
Task Grade 2 - 3	536	4%	48	49	11	R4101.78
Task Grade 4 - 7	376	3%	38	48	9	R99 177.75
Task Grade 8 – 13	434	2%	43	47	10	R182 000.00
Task Grade 14 - 18	112	5%	15	21	7	R208 672.56
MM and S56	2	0%	1	5	2	R 5 676.87
Total	1460	14%	145	170	39	R 499 628.96
T4.3.2						

NUMBER OF EMPLOYES ON INJURY ON DUTY

	Number and Cost of Injuries on Duty							
Type of injury	Injury Leave Taken	Employees using injury leave	Average injury leave taken per employee	Average Injury Leave per employee	Total Estimated Cost			
	Days	No.	%	Days	R'000			
Required basic medical attention only	71	3	33.33%	23.67	R 73 284.21			
Temporary total disablement	0	0	0.%	0	0			
Permanent disablement	0	0	0	0	0			
Fatal								
Total	71	3	33.33%	33.33	R 73 284.21			
					T4.3.1			

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES SUSPENDED

Position	Nature of	Date of	Details of Disciplinary	Date Finalised
	Alleged	Suspensi	Action taken or Status of	
	Misconduc	on	Case and Reasons why not	
	t		Finalised	
MANAGER:	General	13/06/20	Disciplinary Hearing in	
BUDGET	Misconduc	16	progress	
	t			
TRAFFIC OFFICERS	Financial	12/01/20	Finalised. Employees	05 February 2018
x 3	Misconduc	16	recalled to duty	
	t			
TRAFFIC OFFICER	General	10/07/20	Disciplinary Hearing in	
	Misconduc	17	progress	
	t			
MANAGER:	General	26/06/20	Hearing finalised	14 November
ELECTRICTY	Misconduc	17		2017
	t			

VACANCIES AND TURNOVER

On termination of employees, affected department reviews the need for the post. Where there is a need, the affected department informs Corporate Services to facilitate. Corporate Services engages on recruitment processes. Senior Management positions are advertised on both national and regional newspapers. There is no succession planning in place. One of the reasons why employees resign is because there are no prospects to move beyond middle management level. The municipality has developed the attraction and retention policy which will assist in attracting and retaining employees.

EMPLOYEE TOTALS, TURNOVER AND VACANCIES

Employees							
Description	2016/20 17		2017/20)18			
Description	Employe	Approve	Employe	Varianc			
	es	d Posts	es	е	S		
	No.	No.	No.	No.			
Water	0	0	0	0			
Waste Water (Sanitation)	0	0	0	0			
Electricity	4	7	3	4	0%		
Waste Management	4	6	6	0	0%		
Housing	4	4	4	0	0%		
Roads and Waste Water (Storm water							
Drainage)	12	12	11	1	10%		
Transport	0	0	0	0			
Planning	0	3	3	0	0%		
					100		
Local Economic Development	4	4	4	0	%		
Planning (Strategic & Regulatory)	2	4	3	1	50%		
Community & Social Services	61	69	67	2	11%		
Environmental Protection	0	0	0	0			
Health	0	0	0	0			
Traffic, Security and Safety	31	37	34	3	40%		
Sport and Recreation	0	0	0	0	0%		
Corporate Services	26	29	28	1	20%		
Budget and Treasury Office	24	26	24	2	37%		
Municipal Manager's Office	17	20	17	3	22%		
Technical Services	15	26	22	4	22%		
Totals	206	243	226	17	24.5		
					%		

Headings follow the order of services as set out in chapter 3. Service totals should equate to those included in the Chapter 3 employee schedules. Employee and Approved Posts numbers are as at 30 June.

VACANCY RATE

Vacancy Ra	Vacancy Rate 2017/2018						
Designations	*Total Approved Posts	*Variances (Total time that vacancies exist using fulltime equivalents)	*Variances (as a proportion of total posts in each				
	No	No	category)				
	No.	No.	%				
Municipal Manager	0	1	100%				
CFO	1	0	100%				
Other S56 Managers (excluding Finance Posts)	4	1	75%				
Other S56 Managers (Finance posts)	0	0	0%				

Traffic Officers	6	0	100%
Middle Management: Levels 13-16 (excluding			
Finance Posts)	16	4	100%
Middle management: Levels 13-16 (Finance			
posts)	5	1	75%
Other employees (excluding the above)	235	56	27%
Total	267	63	26%

Note: *For posts which are established and funded in the approved budget or adjustments budget (where changes in employee provision have been made). Full-time equivalents are calculated by taking the total number of working days lost (excluding weekends and public holidays) while a post remains vacant and adding together all such days lost by all posts within the same set (e.g. 'senior management') then dividing that total by 250 to give the number of posts equivalent to the accumulated days.

T4.1.2

Tu	rn-over Rate		
Details	Total Appointments as of beginning of Financial Year	Terminations during the Financial Year	Turn-over Rate*
	No.	No.	
2012/13	167	14	8%
2013/14	182	9	8%
2014/15	175	9	5%
2015/16	34	11	3%
2016/17	42	18	
2017/18			
	32	14	

^{*} Divide the number of employees who have left the organization within a year, by total number of employees who occupied posts at the beginning of the year

T4.1.3

SKILLS DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED EXPENDITURE AND THE FINANCIAL COMPETENCY REGULATIONS

There are challenges in conducting skills audit in order to determine the gaps and planning through Workplace Skills Plan. This is due to lack of participation from other departments; this is now improving as the training committee has reviewed its terms of reference. The expenditure on training exceeds the budget because of the increase in number of training needs. In line with MFMA regulations it is required that all finance employees and HOD's must possess minimum competency. Attempts have been made by the municipality as a result there employees were enrolled for CPMD. There were three employees that did not qualify to be enrolled by the institution offering the course because of the minimum entry requirements; however these employees were enrolled in other training programs.

4.2 MANAGING WORKFORCE EXPENDITURE

The Municipality spends on what has been approved in both organogram and budget to avoid overspending of Workforce expenditure. The expenditure is monitored monthly and reported to Council on quarterly basis.

Number Of Employees Whose Salaries Were Increased Due To Their Positions Being Graded				
Beneficiaries	Gender	Total		
Unskilled and defined decision making (Task grade 0-3)	Female	N/A		
	Male	N/A		
Semi-skilled and discretionary decision making (Task Grade 7 – 9)	Female	N/A		
	Male	N/A		
Skilled technical and academically qualified workers, junior	Female	N/A		
management, supervisors, foremen, and superintendents (Task				
Grade 8 – 13)	Male	N/A		
Professionally qualified and experienced specialists and mid-	Female	N/A		
management (Task Grade 14 – 18)	Male	N/A		
MM and S 56	Female	N/A		
	Male	N/A		
Total		0		
Those with disability are shown in brackets '(x)' in the 'Number of benefits	eficiaries'			
column as well as in the numbers at the right hand side of the column.	•	T4.6.2		

OCCUPATIONAL LEVELS

Occupation level	Number of employee s	Job evaluatio n level	Comment
Unskilled and defined decision		(Task	General Assistants, Office
making	77	grade 0-3)	Cleaners
		(Task	
Semi-skilled and discretionary		Grade 4 –	Supervisors, Clerks, Operators,
decision making	37	7)	Secretaries, Drivers
Skilled technical and academically			
qualified workers, junior		(Task	
management, supervisors, foremen,		Grade 8 –	Officers, Technicians and
and superintendents	45	13)	Middle Managers
Professionally qualified and		(Task	
experienced specialists and mid-		Grade 14	
management	17	- 18)	Middle Managers
		Section	
MM and S 56	4	54 & 57	Grading system not applicable
			T4.6.3

EMPLOYEES NOT APPOINTED TO POSTS NOT APPROVED AS PER THE ORGANOGRAM

	Employees not appointed to posts not approved										
Department	Level	Date of appointment	No. appointed	Reason for appointment when no established post exist							
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A							
				T4.6.4							

SKILLS MATRIX

	Skills Matrix											
Management level	Gender	Employees			Numb	er of skill	led emplo	yees requi	red as at 30) June 2018		
		in post as at	L	earnershi	ips	Skills programmes & other			Other forms of training			Total
		30 June				S	hort cours	ses				
		2018										
			Actual	Actual	Target	Actual	Actual	Target	Actual	Actual 30	Target	Actual 30
		No.	30	30	2017/18	30	30	2017/18	30 June	June	2017/18	June
		NO.	June	June		June	June		2017	2018		2018
			2017	2018		2017	2018					
MM and S56	Female	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
	Male	3	1	2	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	2
Councillor s, senior	Female	22	4	3	6	16	0	9	0	0	0	3
officials and		23	4	5	4	16	0	9	0	0	0	5
managers	Male		4	5	4	10	U	9	U	U	U	5
Technicians and	Female	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
associate												
professionals	Male	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Professionals	Female	25	5	2	5	11	0	3	0	0	0	2
	Male	17	2	1	4	8	0	2	0	0	0	1
Total		96	17	13	23	51	0	28	0	0	0	13

	Financial Competency Development: Progress Report*											
Description	A.	В.	Consolidated:	Consolidated:	Consolidated:	Consolidated: Total						
	Total number	Total number of	Total of A and	Competency	Total number of	number of officials that						
	of officials	officials	В	assessments	officials whose	meet prescribed						
	employed by	employed by		completed for	performance	competency levels						
	municipality	municipal		A and B	agreements	(Regulation 14(4)(e))						
	(Regulation	entities		(Regulation	comply with							
	14(4)(a) and	(Regulation		14(4)(b) and	Regulation 16							
	(c))	14(4)(a) and (c)		(d))								

					(Regulation 14(4)(f))	
Financial Officials					- 1(1)(1)	
Accounting officer	1	0	1	1	1	1
Chief financial officer	1	0	1	1	1	1
Senior managers	3	0	3	3	3	2
Any other financial officials	23	0	23	0	0	9
Supply Chain Management Officials						
Heads of supply chain management units	0	0	0	0	0	0
Supply chain management senior managers	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	28	0	28	5	5	13
* This is a statutory report und	er the National Tre	easury: Local Gove	ernment: MFMA C	ompetency Regula	tions (June 2007)	T4.5.2

	Skills Development Expenditure R'000											
Management	Gender	Employees		Original	Budget and A	ctual Expendit	ure on skills o	development	2017/18			
level		as at the beginning of the financial year	Learnership			Skills programmes & other short courses		Other forms of training		Total		
		No.	Original Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Actual		
MM and S56	Female	2	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00		
	Male	3	R68 685.00	R68 685.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R68 685.00	R68 685.00		
Legislators,	Female	22	R139 975.00	R139 975.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R139 975.00	R139 975.00		
senior	Male	23	R199 925.00	R199 925.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R199 925.00	R199 925.00		

officials and managers										
Professionals	Female	25	R30 545.00	R30 545.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R30 545.00	R30 545.00
	Male	17	R13 255.00	R13 255.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R13 255.00	R13 255.00
Technician	Female	2	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00
and associate professionals	Male	2	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00
Clerks	Female	23	R56 220.70	R56 220.70	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R56 220.70	R56 220.70
	Male	25	R27 445.70	R27 445.70	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R0.00	R27 445.70	R27 445.70
Elementary	Female	26	R0.00	R0.00	R25 000.00	R25 000.00	R0.00	R0.00	R25 000.00	R25 000.00
occupations	Male	36	R0.00	R0.00	R50 000.00	R50 000.00	R0.00	R0.00	R50 000.00	R50 000.00
Total		206	R536 051.40	R536 051.40	R75 000.00	R75 000.00	R0.00	R0.00	R611 051.40	R611 051.40

4.3 ORGANIZATIONAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

Summary of Organizational performance results

Overall Organizational Performance

Ngqushwa Municipality Annual Performance for 2017/18 financial year is 72 %(Audited), which has decrease by 8% as compared to 80% of 2016/17 financial year .All gaps identified will be addressed in 2018/19 Financial Year.

Priority Area	Total Annual Targets	Targets Achieved	Targets Partially Achieved	Targets Not Achieved	% Achievement
Municipal	1	1	0	0	100%
transformation and					
Institutional					
Development					
Infrastructure and	21	13	4	4	62%
Basic Service Delivery					
Local Economic	10	9	0	1	90%
Development					
Financial Viability and	3	3	0	0	100%
Management					
Good Governance and	17	12	1	4	71%
Public Participation					
Spatial Planning	6	4	2	0	67%
TOTAL	58	42	7	9	72%

CHAPTER 5:

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Component A: Statements of Financial Performance

The Statement of financial performance provides an overview of the financial performance of the municipality and focuses on the financial health of the municipality.

5.1 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

5.1.1 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The table below indicates the summary of the financial performance for the 2017/18 financial year.

	Financial Summary												
Description	2016/2017	Curre	nt Year 201	7/2018	Varia	R'000 /2018 nce to tual							
	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Origin al Budge t	Adjust ed Budget							
Financial Performance													
Property Rates	25 720 318	23 322 181	29 683 956	25 080 555	107%	84%							
Service Charges	653 355	717 306	717 306	758 857	105%	105%							
Investment Revenue	2 692 741	6 690 396	6 690 365	2 740 298	40%	40%							
Transfer recognized – operational	79 856 000	77 351 000	92 490 649	77 491 000	99%	83%							
Other own revenue	14 862 506	4 686 117	4 712 357	45 604 712	967%	973%							
Total Revenue (excluding capital	123 784 920	112 767	134 294	151 675 422	134%	112%							
transfer and contribution)		365	633										
Employee Costs	51 868 473	62 514 326	60 851 806	58 945 860	94%	96%							
Remuneration & Councillor s	7 414 450	8 912 640	8 887 225	9 521 166	106%	107%							
Depreciation & asset impairment	16 756 178	19 898 238	19 898 238	17 219 921	86%	86%							
Finance Charges	1 445 942	880 572	-	98 023	11%-	0%-							
Materials and bulk purchases Transfers and grants	-			-	-	-							
Other expenditures	65 267 525	44 938 011	67 305 850	47 049 872	74%	104%							
Total Expenditure	142 454841	137 143 787		132 864 842	96%	84%							
Surplus/(Deficit)	3 589 807	-24 376 422		18 810 580	-77%	-83%-							
-Transfers recognized – Capital Contributions and Contributed assets	22 575 456 -	25 590 893 -		35 732 544 -2 529 707		100%							
Surplus/(Deficit) after capital transfers & contributions	-												

		_				R'000
Description	2016/2017	Curre	nt Year 201	7/2018	Varia	/2018 nce to tual
	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	al	Adjust ed Budget
Share of surplus / (deficit) of	-	-	-	-	-	-
associate	26.46=.26	4 04 4 4 7 4	10 711 650	=======================================	40000/	1000/
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year	26 165 263	1 214 4/1	12 711 658	52 013 417	4282%	409%-
Capital expenditure & Funds Sources Capital Expenditure Capital Transfers recognized Public contributions & donations	22 575 456 -	25 590 893	35 732 544	35 732 544 -	139%	100%
Borrowing	-			-	0%-	0%-
Internally generated funds				_	0%%	
Total Sourced of Capital Funds	22 575 456	25 590 893	35 732 544	35 732 544	71%	71%
Financial Position						
Total Current Assets	30 902 598	34 392 767	34 392 767	18 100 346	52%	52%
Total non current assets	195 363 152	232 334 026		248 815 841	107%	103%
Total current liabilities	31 333 549	34 660 768	34 660 768	18 198 810	52%	52%
Total non current liabilities	3 190 987	9 868 492	9 868 492	3 412 987	34%-	34%-
Community wealth / Equity	191 741 214	222 197 533		245 304 390	110%	106%
Cash Flow						
Net Cash from (used) operation	28 447 284					
Net cash from (used) investing		30 028 622	35 809 897	67 861 399	225%	189%
Net cash from (used) financing	-5 348 191			-	-	-
Cash/Cash equivalents at the year end	1 265 817	962 967	1 573 206	1 503 665	156%	95%
Cash backing /surplus reconciliation Cash and investments available Application of cash and investments	-			-		
Balance – Surplus (Shortfall)	-	-28 486 435				
Asset Management						
Asset register summary (WDV)	170 056 701	193 816 255		225 890 962	116%	111%
Depreciation & Asset impairment	16 738 461	19 898 238	19 898 238	17 219 921	86%	86%
Renewal of Existing Assets Repairs and Maintenance Free Services	6 6012 391	2 047 121	2 613 145	3 319 013	162%	127%

	Financi	al Summary	1						
						R'000			
Description	2016/2017	Curre	2017	/2018					
					Ac	tual			
	Actual	Original	Adjusted	Actual	Origin	Adjust			
		Budget	Budget		al	ed			
					Budge	Budget			
					t				
Cost of Free Basic Services	2 090 493	880 572	2 800 000	2 596 254	294%	92.%-			
provided									
Revenue Cost of Free Services	2 090 493	880 572	2 800 000	2 596 254	294%	92%-			
provided									
Households below Minimum									
Service Level									
Water:	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Sanitation / Sewerage:	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Energy:	3 787	4 900	4 632	4 632	89%	100%			
Refuse:	1 993	3 404	1 992	1 992	58%	100%			

5.2 GRANTS

5.2.1 Grant Performance

The Municipality had a total amount of 166 262 533 for Operational Expenditure available that was received in the form of grants from the National and Provincial Governments during the 2016/17 financial year. The performance in the spending of these grants is summarized as follows:

The table below indicates the Grant performance for the 2016/17 financial year:

Grant Performance											
						R'000					
Description	2016/2017	Curren	t Year 201	7/2018	2017/2018	3 Variance					
					to A	to Actual					
	Actual	Original	Adjusted	Actual	Original	Adjusted					
		Budget	Budget		Budget	Budget					
Operating transfers and grants											
National Government											
Equitable Share	76 828	73 615	73 615	73 615	100%	100%					
	000	000	000	000							
FMG	2 010 000	2 345 000	2 345 000	2 345 000	100%	100%					
MIG (PMU – Operating Expenses_	9 973 750	1 141 652	1 591	1 591 650	139%	100%					
			650								
INEP	4 000 000	3 899	3 899 544	3 899 544	100%	100%					
		544									
EPWP	1 000 000	1 531 000	1 531 000	1 531 000	100%	100%					
	93 811	82 532	82 982	82 982	100%	100%					
	750	196	194	194							
Provincial Government											
Health subsidy	-	-	-	-	-	-					

	Grant Performance						
						R'000	
Description	2016/2017	Curren	t Year 201	7/2018	2017/2018	3 Variance	
					to A	ctual	
	Actual	Original	Adjusted	Actual	Original	Adjusted	
		Budget	Budget		Budget	Budget	
Ambulance subsidy	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Sports and Recreation	350 000	350 000 -	350 000	350 000	100%	100%	
Roads maintenance	-	-	_	-			
District Municipality							
Total operation transfers and	94 161	82 882	83 332	83 332	100.54%	100%	
grants revenue	750	196	194	194			

5.3 ASSET MANAGEMENT

Asset management is practiced within the organization based on a comprehensive asset management policy. The Asset Management Policy provides direction for the management, accounting and control of Property, Plant & Equipment (Assets) owned or controlled by the municipality to ensure the following:

Implementation of the approved Asset Management Policy as required in terms of section 63 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA).

Verify assets in possession of the Council annually, during the course of the financial year. Keep a complete and balanced record of all assets in possession of the Council.

Report in writing all asset losses, where applicable, to Council. Those assets are valued and accounted for in accordance with a statement of GRAP.

Those assets are properly maintained and safeguarded. The roles of the following are clearly defined within the asset management policy:

- Municipal Manager
- Chief Finance Officer
- Asset control section
- Manager budget section
- Manager Expenditure section
- Procurement section
- All other departments

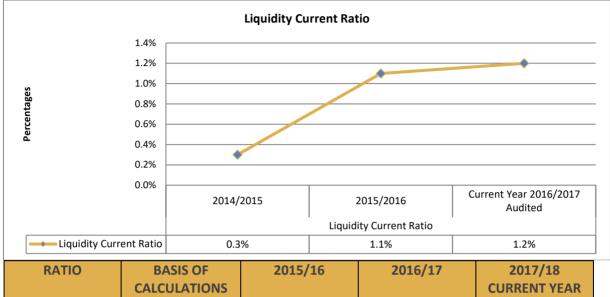
Asset Management is performed in line with the Asset Management Policy as described above. The control and safeguarding of assets remain the responsibility of each department. Each department budgets for the necessary maintenance of the assets under their control in order for the assets to achieve their economic life spans.

5.4 REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

5.4 REPAIRS AND IVIAINTENANCE						
Repair and Maintenance Expenditure 2017/18						
				R' 000		
	Original Budget	Adjustment Budget	Actual	Budget variance		
Repairs and Maintenance Expenditure	2 047 121	2 613 145	3 319 013	-705 868		
				T5.3.4		

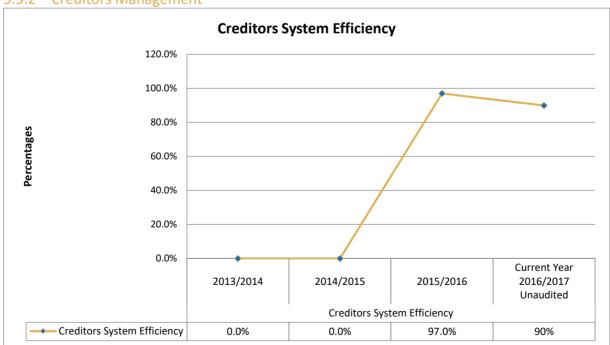
5.5 FINANCIAL RATIOS BASED ON KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

5.5.1 Liquidity Ratio



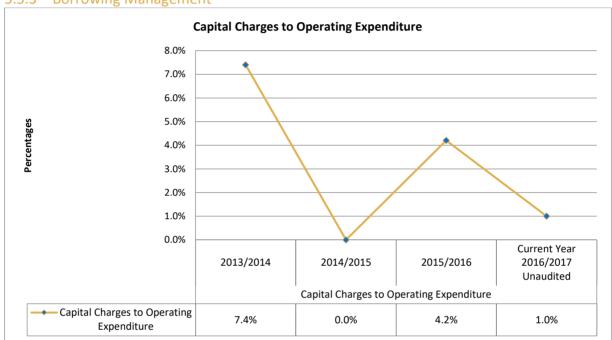
RATIO	BASIS OF	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18
	CALCULATIONS			CURRENT YEAR
				AUDITED
Liquidity Ratio	Current	1.1	1.2	1
	Assets/current			
	liabilities			

5.5.2 Creditors Management



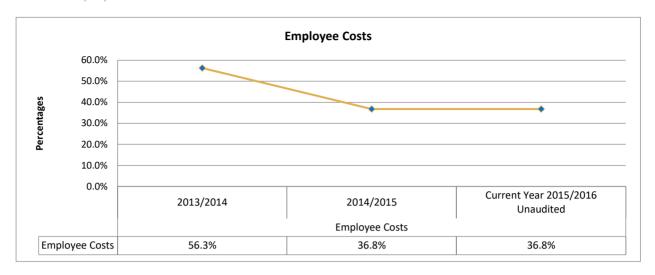
Ratio	Basis of calculation	14/15	15/16	16/17	current year audited 2017/18
Creditors System Efficiency	% of Creditors Paid Within Terms (within MFMA' s 65(e))	0.0%	97%	90%	99.9 %

5.5.3 Borrowing Management



Ratio	Basis of calculation	14/15	15/16	16/17	2017/18 current year unaudited
Capital	Interest &	0.0%	4.2%	1.0%	0.07%
Charges to	Principal Paid				
Operating	/Operating				
Expenditure	Expenditure				

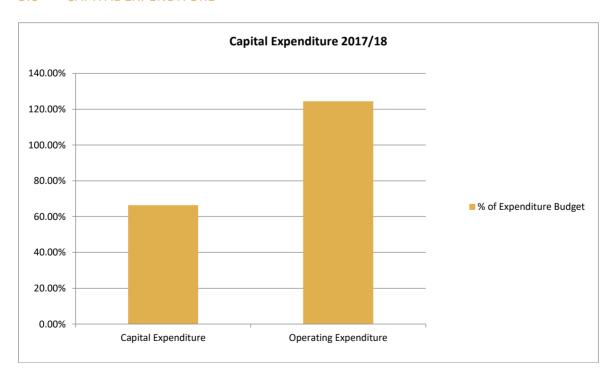
5.5.4 Employee costs



Ratio	Basis of calculation	14/15	15/16	16/17	2017/18 current year audited
Employee costs	Employee costs/(Total Revenue - capital revenue)	36.8%	40%	41.1%	38.9%

Component B: Spending Against Capital Budget

5.6 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE



	% of			
	Expenditure		Adjustment	Un-audited Full
	Budget	Original Budget	Budget	Year Total
Capital Expenditure	224%	30 401 000	36 182 000	81 158 475
Operating Expenditure	85%	137 143 787	156 943 119	132 864 842
Total expenditure	110%	167 544 787	193 125 119	214 023 317

5.7 Sources of Finance

5.7.1 Capital Expenditure by Funding Source

The table below indicates the capital expenditure by funding source for the 2017/18 financial year:

Capital Expenditure – Funding Sources 2016/2017 – 2017/2018 R'000							
Description	2016/17	Curre	ent Year 2017	/2018	2017/2018 Variance to Actual		
	Actual	Original Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Original Budget	Adjustments Budget	
Source of Financed							
Grants & subsidies	21 601	27 506	34 140 894	34 140 894	124%	100%	
	706	326					
Other	3 824 294	2 894 674	2 041 106	4 767 581	165%		
Transfers/				42 250 000			
Donations							
Total	23 427	30 401	36 182 000	81 158 475	267%	224%	
	401	000					
Percentage of							
Finance							
External Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public Contr &	-	-	-	51	-	-	
Donations							
Grants & Subsidies	92	90	94	42	47%	45%	
Other	8	10	6	7	70%	117	
Capital							
Expenditure							
Environment	-			-	-	-	
Waste							
Electricity	3 474	3 000 000	3 900 000	4 055 000	135%	104%	
	000-						
Planning	101 000-	365 000	4 724 000	-	0%	0%	
Roads & Storm	17 906	21 793	22 554 000	33 099 000	152%	147%	
Water	401	000					
Community and	301 000	1 287 000	3 065 000	42 569 475	3307%	1389%	
Social Services							
Corporate Services	1 645 000	3 956 000	1 940 000	1 435 000	36%	74%	
Other	-						

Ca	Capital Expenditure – Funding Sources 2016/2017 – 2017/2018 R'000						
Description	2016/17	Curre	ent Year 2017	//2018	2017,	2018 Variance to	
						Actual	
	Actual	Original	Adjusted	Actual	Original	Adjustments Budget	
		Budget	Budget		Budget		
Total	23 427	30 401	36 182 000	81 158 475	267%	224%	
	401	000					
Percentage of							
expenditure							
Environmental	-			-	-	-	
Waste							
Electricity	14.8-	9.86-	10.78-	5-	51%	46%	
Planning	0.43-	1.2-	13.06-		-	-	
Roads & Storm	76.43-	71.68-	62.33-	40.78-	56.89%	65.42%	
Water							
Community and	1.28-	4.23-	8.47-	52.45-	1240%	619%	
Social Services							
Corporate Services	7.02-	13.01-	5.36-	1.77-	13.6	33%	
Other	-			-	-	-	

Component C: Cash Flow Management and Investments 5.8 CASH FLOW

Cash	Cash Flow Outcomes						
Description	2016/2017		2017/2018				
	Actual	Original	Adjusted	Actual			
		Budget	Budget				
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATION ACTIVITIES							
Receipts	143 136	143 836 330	170 027 127	198 381 546			
	169						
Ratepayers and other	38 752 613	19 440 254	38 814184	82 417 704			
Government – Operation	80 737 544	78 114 818	92 914 710	77 491 000			
Government – Capital	22 575 456	25 590 893	35 732 544	35 732 544			
Interest	1 070 556	20 690 365	2 565 736	2 740 298			
Dividends	-	-	-	-			
Payments	1 006 456	880 572		98 023			
Suppliers and employees	-113 682	-113 164	-133 844 881	-130 184 276			
	429	976					
Finance charges	-		-				
Transfers and Grants							
NET CASH FROM / (USED) OPERATING	32 767 284	29 790 782	36 182 296	68 099 247			
ACTIVITIES							
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts							
Proceeds on disposal of PPE	137 964	372 400	372 400	12 972 188			
Decrease (increase) in non-current debtors	-	-	-	-			
Decrease (increase) other non-current	-	-	-	-			
receivables							

Cash Flow Outcomes						
Description	2016/2017	2017/2018				
	Actual	Original	Adjusted	Actual		
		Budget	Budget			
Decrease (increase) in non-current	-	-	-	-		
investments						
Payments	-783 028-	-	-	119 584-		
Capital Assets	-22 388 196	-30 401 022	-36 182 297	-80 714 003		
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING	-23 033 260	-30 028 622	-35 809 897	-67 861 399		
ACTIVITIES						
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts	-	-	-	-		
Short term loans	-	-	-	-		
Borrowing long term/refinancing	-	-	-	-		
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits	-	-	-			
Payments	-	-	-	-		
Repayment of borrowing	-5 348 191	-	-			
NET CASH FROM / (USED) FINANCING	-5 348 191	-	-	-		
ACTIVITIES						
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH FIELD	65 833	-237 840	372 399	237 848		
Cash/Cash equivalents at the year begin	1 199 984	1 200 807	1 200 807	-		
Cash/Cash equivalents at the year end	1 265 817	962 967	1 573 206	237 848		

Spending against Capital Budget

Capital Expenditure2017-2018			
Budget	Actual		
R 36 182 297	R 93 851 847		

CHAPTER 6

AUDITOR GENERAL AUDIT FINDINGS

Component A: Auditor-General Opinion

Auditor General Report on Financial Performance 2017/18				
	Audit Report status	Unqualified Opinion		

ANNEXURE A ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NGQUSHWA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY (Registration number EC126)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

GENERAL INFORMATION

LEGAL FORM OF ENTITY Local Municipality

Ngqushwa Local Municipality is a South African Category B Municipality (Local Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act (Act no. 117 of 1998) The municipality's operations are governed

by the Municipal Finance Management Act No 56 of 2003.

Refuse Collection, Infrastructure Development and Economic

Development Community Services.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE M. T. Siwisa (Mayor)

N. Magingxa (Speaker) (Member of the Executive Committee)

F. Pumaphi (Chief whip) (Member of the Executive Committee)

L. Kolisi (Member of the Executive Committee)

Z. R. Nduneni (Member of the Executive Committee)

S. S. Maneli (Member of the Executive Committee)

COUNCILLORS N. Mtati

N. C. Gxasheka

P. Sitole

D. Ncanywa

N. Jako

L. Moyeni T. Sikweyiya

N. Leve

N. V. Gxasheka

N. Mquqo

S. Gwavu

R. Taylor

N. Fulani

N. Mpoli

N. Lawu

M. L. Luzipho (Sworn in: 29 August 2017)

TRADITIONAL LEADERS N. Ngqondi (Princess)

L. Zitshu (Prince)

N. Mhlauli (Prince)

Z. Njokweni (Chief)

A. Goni (Prince)

GRADING OF LOCAL AUTHORITY

CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER (CFO) Mr. V. C. Makedama

ACCOUNTING OFFICER Mrs. M. P. Mpahlwa

REGISTERED OFFICE Corner of N2 and R345 Road

Peddie 5640

BUSINESS ADDRESS Corner of N2 and R345 Road

Peddie 5640

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

GENERAL INFORMATION

POSTAL ADDRESS P.O Box 539

Peddie 5640

BANKERS First National Bank

AUDITORS Auditor General of South Africa

CONTACT DETAILS Email: mmpahlwa@ngqushwamun.gov.za

Telephone: 040 673 3095 www.ngqushwamun.gov.za

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

INDEX

The reports and statements set out below comprise the annual financial statements presented to the Council:

	PAGE
Accounting Officer's Responsibilities and Approval of the Annual Financial Statements	5
Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2018	6
Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 June 2018	7
Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30 June 2018	8
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 30 June 2018	9
Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts	10 - 13
Accounting Policies	14 - 32
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements	33 - 66

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

INDEX

ABBREVIATIONS

ASB Accounting Standards Board

CETA Construction Education and Training Authority

GRAP Generally Recognised Accounting Practice

IEC Independent Electoral Commission

IMFO Institute of Municipal Finance Officers

IPSAS International Public Sector Accounting Standards

MEC Member of the Executive Council

MFMA Municipal Finance Management Act

MIG Municipal Infrastructure Grant (Previously CMIP)

MPAC Municipal Public Accounts Committee

PAYE Pay As You Eam

SARS South African Revenue Services

SDL Skills Development Levy

UIF Unemployment Insurance Fund

VAT Value Added Tax

mSCOA Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING OFFICER'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounting officer is required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003), to maintain adequate accounting records and is responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is the responsibility of the accounting officer to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the municipality as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements and was given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

The annual financial statements are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The accounting officer acknowledges that she is ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the municipality and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the accounting officer to meet these responsibilities, the accounting officer sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or deficit in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the municipality and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the municipality's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the municipality is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the municipality. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the municipality endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The accounting officer is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or deficit.

The accounting officer has reviewed the municipality's cash flow forecast for the 01 July 2018 to 30 June 2019 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, she is satisfied that the municipality has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the municipality's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the municipality's external auditors and their report is presented on page 6.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 6 to 66, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the Council on 31 August 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs. M. P. Mpahlwa Accounting Officer

30 November 2018

Peddie

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note(s)	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated*
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Inventories	3	9,852,500	9,852,500
Operating lease asset	4	396,993	398,691
Receivables from non-exchange transactions	5	10,691,930	19,018,540
Receivables from exchange transactions	6	5,256,940	6,731,914
VAT receivable	7	2,796,368	3,418,492
Cash and cash equivalents	8	1,503,665	1,265,817
		30,498,396	40,685,954
Non-Current Assets			
Intangible assets	9	870,852	1,248,448
Investment property	10	28,003,465	21,935,500
Property, plant and equipment	11	250,154,920	199,917,092
Heritage assets	12	3	3
	•	279,029,240	223,101,043
Total Assets	,	309,527,636	263,786,997
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Finance lease obligation	13	-	7,342,097
Payables from exchange transactions	14	19,460,457	22,728,003
Payables from non-exchange transactions	15	581,193	696,564
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	16	-	899,544
		20,041,650	31,686,208
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	17	12,806,070	12,338,356
Total Liabilities		32,847,720	44,004,564
Net Assets		276,679,916	219,782,433
Accumulated surplus	18	276,679,917	219,799,464

^{*} See Note 41

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statement of Financial Performance for the year ended 30 JUNE 2018

P			
Revenue			
Revenue from exchange transactions			
Service charges	19	758,857	653,355
Rental of facilities and equipment	20	155,982	141,110
Agency fees	21	309,521	343,681
Licences and permits	22	1,715,473	1,604,886
Other revenue	23	1,077,629	10,765,186
Interest earned on outstanding debtors	24	1,985,149	1,563,423
Interest from investments	25	755,148	1,129,318
Total revenue from exchange transactions		6,757,759	16,200,959
Revenue from non-exchange transactions			
Taxation revenue			
Property rates	26	25,080,554	25,720,317
Transfer revenue			
Government grants	27	113,223,544	102,413,456
Fines and penalties	28	449,700	588,650
Other transfer revenue	29	57,541,399	3,455,293
Total revenue from non-exchange transactions	•	196,295,197	132,177,716
Total revenue		203,052,956	148,378,675
Expenditure			
Employee related costs	30	(58,806,422)	(52,067,262)
Remuneration of councillors	31	(9,521,166)	(7,414,450)
Depreciation and amortisation	32	(18,577,274)	(16,735,484)
Impairment of assets	33	(14,881,096)	(410,009)
Finance costs	34	(886,155)	(2,192,392)
Debt impairment	35	(545,461)	-
Contracted services	36	(18,253,831)	(21,604,677)
Other expenditure	37	(28,239,356)	(43,695,605)
Total expenditure		(149,710,761)	(144,119,879)
		-	
Operating surplus	20	53,342,195	4,258,796
Gain on disposal and revaluation of assets	38	3,538,258	-
Surplus for the year		56,880,453	4,258,796

^{*} See Note 41

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Accumulated surplus	Total net assets
Opening balance as previously reported Adjustments	194,217,260	194,217,260
Prior year adjustments recognised in equity Prior year adjustments	(756,622) 22,080,030	(756,622) 22,080,030
Balance at 01 July 2016 as restated* Changes in net assets	215,540,668	215,540,668
Surplus for the year	4,258,796	4,258,796
Total changes	4,258,796	4,258,796
Restated* Balance at 01 July 2017 Changes in net assets	219,799,464	219,799,464
Surplus for the year	56,880,453	56,880,453
Total changes	56,880,453	56,880,453
Balance at 30 June 2018	276,679,917	276,679,917
Note(s)		

^{*} See Note 41

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Note(s)	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated*
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Billed Services Government Grants Interest Revenue Receipt from other services		36,868,800 113,663,961 2,740,297 2,250,623	36,437,595 105,868,750 2,692,741 2,100,426
		155,523,681	147,099,512
Payments Cash paid to Suppliers and Employees Finance costs		(119,433,183) (126,518)	(117,612,209) (1,445,942)
		(119,559,701)	(119,058,151)
Net cash flows from operating activities	39	35,963,981	28,041,361
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment Purchase of Intangible Assets Proceeds from insurance	11 11 9	(36,577,983) 606,233 (92,460) 338,077	(22,388,196) - (783,028) 191,364
Net cash flows from investing activities		(35,726,133)	(22,979,860)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Finance Lease Repayments		-	(4,995,667)
Net increase/(decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year		237,848 1,265,817	65,834 1,199,983
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	8	1,503,665	1,265,817

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

	Approved	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Difference	Reference
	budget			amounts on comparable basis	between final budget and actual	
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PE	RFORMANCE					
REVENUE						
REVENUE FROM EXCHANGE						
Service Charges	717,306	_	717,306	758,857	41,551	
Rental of Facilities and Equipment	543,406	-	543,406	155,982	(387,424)	a)
icences and Permits	1,773,050	-	1,773,050	1,715,473	(57,577)	
Other Revenue	296,561	356,291	652,852	1,077,629	424,777	b)
Agency Fees	483,482	-	483,482	309,521	(173,961)	c)
nterest Revenue	6,690,365	(4,124,629)	2,565,736	2,740,297	174,561	d)
Gains on disposal of assets	372,401	(372,401)	-	_	-	,
Total Revenue from Exchange	10,876,571	(4,140,739)	6,735,832	6,757,759	21,927	
REVENUE FROM NON- EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS						7
Property Rates	23,322,181	10,486,404	33,808,585	25,080,554	(8,728,031)	e)
TRANSFER REVENUE						
Government Grants	102,942,289	25,281,254	128,223,543	113,223,544	(14,999,999)	f)
Fines and Penalties	835,506	-	835,506	449,700	(385,806)	g)
Other Transfer Revenue	381,711	42,000	423,711	57,541,399	57,117,688	h)
Total Revenue from Non- Exchange Transactions	127,481,687	35,809,658	163,291,345	196,295,197	33,003,852	
Total Revenue	138,358,258	31,668,919	170,027,177	203,052,956	33,025,779	
EXPENDITURE	(00 544 000)	(355,050)	(63,269,978)	/FO DDG 400)	4,463,556	
Employee Related Costs	(62,514,326)			(58,806,422)		
Remuneration of Councillors	(8,912,640)		(19,898,238)	(9,521,166)		**
Depreciation and Amortisation	(19,898,238)	_	(15,050,230)	(18,577,274)		i)
mpairment of Assets	(000 570)		-	(14,881,096)		->
Finance Costs	(880,572)		(07E 977)	(886,155)		j)
Debt Impairment	(3,200,000)		(875,277)	(545,461)		k)
Contracted Services	(2,047,121)			(18,253,831)		l) `
Other Expenditure	(39,690,890)		(35,242,838)	(28,239,356)		m)
Total expenditure	(137,143,787)	(21,678,364)	(158,822,151)	(149,710,761)	9,111,390	
Operating Surplus	1,214,471	9,990,555	11,205,026	53,342,195	42,137,169	
Operating Surpius	-1			, ,	. ,	
Loss on Disposal of Assets	-	(372,400)	(372,400)	3,538,258	3,910,658	o)

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

Budget on Cash Basis						
	Approved budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual amounts on comparable basis	Difference between final budget and actual	Reference
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PO	SITION AS AT	30 JUNE 2018				
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS						
nventories	268,800	-	268,800	9,852,500	9,583,700	p)
Operating Lease Asset	67,602	_	67,602	396,993	329,391	q)
Receivables from non-exchange ransactions	25,027,559	-	25,027,559	10,691,930	(14,335,629)	r)
Receivables from Exchange Fransactions	7,827,999	•	7,827,999	5,256,940	(2,571,059)	s)
VAT Receivable	-	•	-	2,796,368	2,796,368	t)
Cash and cash equivalents	1,200,807	-	1,200,807	1,503,665	302,858	
	34,392,767	6-	34,392,767	30,498,396	(3,894,371)	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
ntangible assets	565,871	_	565,871	870,852	304,981	u)
nvestment property	37,951,900	-	37,951,900	28,003,465	(9,948,435)	v)
Property, plant and equipment	193,816,255	-	193,816,255	250,154,920	56,338,665	w)
Heritage assets	-	3	3	3	46	
	232,334,026	3	232,334,029	279,029,240	46,695,211	
Total Assets	266,726,793	3	266,726,796	309,527,636	42,800,840	
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Finance lease obligation	6,609,551	-	6,609,551	-	(6,609,551)	
Payables from exchange	28,051,217	-	28,051,217	19,460,457	(8,590,760)	x)
Payables from Non-Exchange Transactions	***	-	-	581,193	581,193	
	34,660,768		34,660,768	20,041,650	(14,619,118)	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Finance lease obligation	7,020,261		7,020,261	_	(7,020,261)	y)
Provisions	2,848,231	_		12,806,070		z)
र र च्या र न्योराच्या र राज्य	9,868,492	-		12,806,070		-,
Total Liabilities	44,529,260			32,847,720		
Net Assets	222,197,533	3	222,197,536	276,679,916	54,482,300	
Accumulated surplus	222,197,533	8,550,003	230,747,536	276,679,917	45,932,381	

-11-

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

	Approved	Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual	Difference	Reference
	budget	•		amounts on comparable basis	between final budget and actual	
CASH FLOW STATEMENT						
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATIN	G ACTIVITIES					
RECEIPTS						
Billed Services	16,767,188	17,758,703	34,525,891	36,868,801	2,342,910	
Sovernment Grants	103,705,711	24,941,543	128,647,254	113,663,961	(14,983,293)	
nterest Revenue	20,690,365	(18,124,629)	2,565,736	2,740,298	174,562	
Receipts from Other Services	2,673,066	1,615,230	4,288,296	2,250,623	(2,037,673)	
	143,836,330	26,190,847	170,027,177	155,523,683	(14,503,494)	
PAYMENTS						
Employee Costs and Suppliers	(113,164,976)	(20,679,905)	(133,844,881)	(119,352,750)	14,492,131	
Finance costs	_	-	-	(126,518)	(126,518)	
•	(113,164,976)	(20,679,905)	(133,844,881)	(119,479,268)	14,365,613	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	30,671,354	5,510,942	36,182,296	36,044,415	(137,881)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	CACTIVITIES					
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(30,401,022)	(5,781,275)	(36,182,297)	(36,658,418)	(476,121)	
Proceeds from Sale of Property,	372,400	-	372,400	606,233	233,833	
Proceeds from Insurance Claim or Loss on Property, Plant and Equipment	-	-	•	338,077	338,077	
Purchase of intangible assets	-		-	(92,460)	(92,460)	
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities	(30,028,622)	(5,781,275)	(35,809,897)	(35,806,568)	3,329	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	642,732	(270,333)	372,399	237,847	(134,552)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at he beginning of the year	1,200,807	-	1,200,807	1,265,817	65,010	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	1,843,539	(270,333)	1,573,206	1,503,664	(69,542)	

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

Budget on Cash Basis					
	Approved budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Difference between final budget and actual	Reference

Explanation of material differences between budget and actual amounts:

- a) The rental of Facilities budget include the budget for hall rental which is overbudgeted, also interest on debtors was written
- b) Change in movement in the Landfill Site and insurance reimbursement due to insurance claim.
- c) Lesser vehicle licences were issued during the current year.
- d) Reduced investments due to cashflow.
- e) More properties included in the register and billed.
- f) Budgeted for an amount from CETA which was not subsequently received.
- g) Fewer traffic fines were issued during the financial year.
- h) In kind donation received for Amathole District Municipality (ADM).
- i) This was due to the disposal of assets.
- j) No Budget Interest incurred due to late payments.
- k) Due to the Debt write off of the Government debtors, this affected the impairment.
- I) Cashflow limitation.
- m) Budgeted for an expenditure amount from CETA which was not subsequently received and no reveneue was recognised.
- n) Devaluation in investment property.
- o) Transfers from Investment property
- p) Under budgeted.
- q) Payments received and write offs.
- r) Payments received and write offs.
- s) SARS refund not yet receievable.
- t) Additions of assets.
- u) Reclasification from Investment property to Land and Inventory.
- w) Additional Assets due to Additional MIG funds received and assets transferred from ADM.
- x) Payment of creditors.
- y) The finance lease was cancelled at the beginging of the financial year before any payments were made.
- z) The provision was revised during the current financial and the revision resulted in the increase in the provision.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Presentation of Annual Financial Statements

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP), issued by the Accounting Standards Board in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act 56 of 2003).

These annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention as the basis of measurement, unless specified otherwise. They are presented in South African Rand.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied in the preparation of these annual financial statements, are disclosed below.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 Presentation Currency

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the municipality.

1.2 Going Concern Assumption

These annual financial statements have been prepared based on the expectation that the municipality will continue to operate as a going concern for at least the next 12 months.

1.3 Significant Judgements and Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

In preparing the annual financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts represented in the annual financial statements and related disclosures. Use of available information and the application of judgement is inherent in the formation of estimates. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates which may be material to the annual financial statements. Significant judgements include:

RECEIVABLES

The municipality assesses its trade receivables for impairment at the end of each reporting period. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in surplus or deficit, the municipality makes judgements as to whether there is observable data indicating a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a financial asset.

The impairment for trade receivables is calculated on a portfolio basis, based on historical loss ratios, adjusted for national and industry-specific economic conditions and other indicators present at the reporting date that correlate with defaults on the portfolio. These annual loss ratios are applied to loan balances in the portfolio and scaled to the estimated loss emergence period.

PROVISIONS

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions are included in note 17 - Provisions.

ALLOWANCE FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

On debtors an impairment loss is recognised in surplus and deficit when there is objective evidence that it is impaired. The impairment is measured as the difference between the debtors carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate, computed at initial recognition.

1.4 Investment property

Investment property is property (land or a building - or part of a building - or both) held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for:

- use in the production or supply of goods or services or for
- administrative purposes, or
- sale in the ordinary course of operations.

Owner-occupied property is property held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

- 14 -

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.4 investment property (continued)

Investment property is recognised as an asset when, it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the municipality, and the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property is initially recognised at cost. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement.

Where investment property is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Costs include costs incurred initially and costs incurred subsequently to add to, or to replace a part of, or service a property. If a replacement part is recognised in the carrying amount of the investment property, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT - FAIR VALUE METHOD

Subsequent to initial measurement investment property is measured at fair value.

The fair value of investment property reflects market conditions at the reporting date.

A gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is included in net surplus or deficit for the period in which it arises.

If the entity determines that the fair value of an investment property under construction is not reliably determinable but expects the fair value of the property to be reliably measurable when construction is complete, it measures that investment property under construction at cost until either its fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is completed (whichever is earlier). If the entity determines that the fair value of an investment property (other than an investment property under construction) is not reliably determinable on a continuing basis, the entity measures that investment property using the cost model (as per the accounting policy on Property, plant and equipment). The residual value of the investment property is then assumed to be zero. The entity applies the cost model (as per the accounting policy on Property, plant and equipment) until disposal of the investment property.

Once the entity becomes able to measure reliably the fair value of an investment property under construction that has previously been measured at cost, it measures that property at its fair value. Once construction of that property is complete, it is presumed that fair value can be measured reliably. If this is not the case, the property is accounted for using the cost model in accordance with the accounting policy on Property, plant and equipment.

1.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one period.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the municipality; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost.

Where an asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is its fair value as at date of acquisition.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located is also included in the cost of property, plant and equipment, where the entity is obligated to incur such expenditure, and where the obligation arises as a result of acquiring the asset or using it for purposes other than the production of inventories.

Recognition of costs in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment ceases when the item is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Items such as spare parts, standby equipment and servicing equipment are recognised when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment.

Major inspection costs which are a condition of continuing use of an item of property, plant and equipment and which meet the recognition criteria above are included as a replacement in the cost of the item of property, plant and equipment. Any remaining inspection costs from the previous inspection are derecognised.

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses except for land which is carried at cost being the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

ITEM	DEPRECIATION ME	THOD AVERAGE USEFUL LIFE
Land		Indifinite
Buildings	Straight line	9 - 30 years
Plant and machinery	Straight line	10 - 15 years
Furniture and fixtures	Straight line	5 - 7 years
Motor vehicles	Straight line	7 years
Office equipment	Straight line	5 - 7 years
Computer equipment	Straight line	5 years
Security equipment	Straight line	5 years
Other equipment	Straight line	5 years
Infrastructure	-	•
Roads paved	Straight line	30 years
Roads Graded	Straight line	7 - 25 years
Electricity (Street lights and High Masts)	Straight line	11 - 20 years
Minor Assets	_	Immediately
Park facilities	Straight line	5 - 76 years
Maintenance Equipment	Straight line	10 years
Landfill Sites	Straight line	69 - 98 years
Work in progress		Not depreciated

The depreciable amount of an asset is allocated on a systematic basis over its useful life.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately.

The depreciation method used reflects the pattern in which the asset's future economic benefits or service potential are expected to be consumed by the municipality. The depreciation method applied to an asset is reviewed at least at each reporting date and, if there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits or service potential embodied in the asset, the method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. Such a change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the municipality expectations about the residual value and the useful life of an asset have changed since the preceding reporting date. If any such indication exists, the municipality revises the expected useful life and/or residual value accordingly. The change is accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate.

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or deficit unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

Assets which the municipality holds for rentals to others and subsequently routinely sell as part of the ordinary course of activities, are transferred to inventories when the rentals end and the assets are available-for-sale. Proceeds from sales of these assets are recognised as revenue. All cash flows on these assets are included in cash flows from operating activities in the cash flow statement.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.6 Intangible assets

An asset is identifiable if it either:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from an entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable assets or liability, regardless of whether the entity intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements (including rights from contracts), regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the municipality or from other rights and obligations.

A binding arrangement describes an arrangement that confers similar rights and obligations on the parties to it as if it were in the form of a contract.

An intangible asset is recognised when:

- it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the municipality; and
- the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

The municipality assesses the probability of expected future economic benefits or service potential using reasonable and supportable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the set of economic conditions that will exist over the useful life of the asset.

Where an intangible asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its initial cost at the date of acquisition is measured at its fair value as at that date.

Expenditure on research (or on the research phase of an internal project) is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

Intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses.

An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on all relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows or service potential. Amortisation is not provided for these intangible assets, but they are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. For all other intangible assets amortisation is provided on a straight line basis over their useful life.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date.

Reassessing the useful life of an intangible asset with a finite useful life after it was classified as indefinite is an indicator that the asset may be impaired. As a result the asset is tested for impairment and the remaining carrying amount is amortised over its useful life.

Internally generated brands, mastheads, publishing titles, customer lists and items similar in substance are not recognised as intangible assets.

Internally generated goodwill is not recognised as an intangible asset.

Amortisation is provided to write down the intangible assets, on a straight line basis, to their residual values as follows:

ITEM

DEPRECIATION METHOD AVERAGE USEFUL LIFE

Computer software, other

Straight line

5 years

Intangible assets are derecognised:

- on disposal; or
- · when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

1.7 Heritage Assets

Assets are resources controlled by an municipality as a result of past events and from which future economic benefits or service potential are expected to flow to the municipality.

Carrying amount is the amount at which an asset is recognised after deducting accumulated impairment losses.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.7 Heritage Assets (continued)

Class of heritage assets means a grouping of heritage assets of a similar nature or function in an municipality's operations that is shown as a single item for the purpose of disclosure in the annual financial statements.

Cost is the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid or the fair value of the other consideration given to acquire an asset at the time of its acquisition or construction or, where applicable, the amount attributed to that asset when initially recognised in accordance with the specific requirements of other Standards of GRAP.

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Heritage assets are assets that have a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and are held indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

The municipality recognises a heritage asset as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the municipality, and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

INITIAL MEASUREMENT

Heritage assets are measured at cost.

Where a heritage asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT

After recognition as an asset, a class of heritage assets is carried at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

IMPAIRMENT

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that it may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable amount or the recoverable service amount of the heritage asset.

DERECOGNITION

Transfers from heritage assets are only made when the particular asset no longer meets the definition of a heritage asset.

Transfers to heritage assets are only made when the asset meets the definition of a heritage asset.

The municipality derecognises heritage asset on disposal, or when no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of a heritage asset is included in surplus or deficit when the item is derecognised (unless the Standard of GRAP on leases requires otherwise on a sale and leaseback).

1.8 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or a residual interest of another entity.

The amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction (directly or through the use of an allowance account) for impairment or uncollectibility.

A concessionary loan is a loan granted to or received by an entity on terms that are not market related.

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

- 19 -

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.8 Financial Instruments (continued)

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Derecognition is the removal of a previously recognised financial asset or financial liability from an entity's statement of financial position.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

A financial asset is:

- cash:
- a residual interest of another entity; or
- a contractual right to:
 - receive cash or another financial asset from another entity; or
 - exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the entity.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to:

- deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity; or
- exchange financial assets or financial liabilities under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the entity.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Liquidity risk is the risk encountered by an entity in the event of difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

A financial asset is past due when a counterparty has failed to make a payment when contractually due.

CLASSIFICATION

The entity has the following types of financial assets (classes and category) as reflected on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes thereto:

CLASS

Receivables from Exchange Transactions Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions VAT Receivable Operating Lease Asset Cash and Cash Equivalents

CATEGORY

Financial asset measured at amortised cost Financial asset measured at fair value

The entity has the following types of financial liabilities (classes and category) as reflected on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes thereto:

CLASS

Payables from Non-Exchange Transactions Payables from Non-Exchange Transactions

CATEGORY

Financial liability measured at amortised cost Financial liability measured at amortised cost

The entity has the following types of residual interests (classes and category) as reflected on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes thereto:

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.8 Financial Instruments (continued)

INITIAL RECOGNITION

The entity recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The entity recognises financial assets using trade date accounting.

INITIAL MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The entity measures a financial asset and financial liability initially at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

SUBSEQUENT MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The entity measures all financial assets and financial liabilities after initial recognition using the following categories

- Financial instruments at fair value.
- Financial instruments at amortised cost.
- Financial instruments at cost.

All financial assets measured at amortised cost, or cost, are subject to an impairment review.

GAINS AND LOSSES

A gain or loss arising from a change in the fair value of a financial asset or financial liability measured at fair value is recognised in surplus or deficit.

For financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost or cost, a gain or loss is recognised in surplus or deficit when the financial asset or financial liability is derecognised or impaired, or through the amortisation process.

IMPAIRMENT AND UNCOLLECTIBILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The entity assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost:

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly OR through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed directly OR by adjusting an allowance account. The reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Financial assets measured at cost:

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an investment in a residual interest that is not measured at fair value because its fair value cannot be measured reliably, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.8 Financial Instruments (continued)

DERECOGNITION

FINANCIAL ASSETS

The entity derecognises financial assets using trade date accounting,

The entity derecognises a financial asset only when:

- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, are settled or waived;
- the entity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset; or
- the entity, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, has
 transferred control of the asset to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the asset in its
 entirety to an unrelated third party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose
 additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the entity:
 - derecognise the asset; and
 - recognise separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If the transferred asset is part of a larger financial asset and the part transferred qualifies for derecognition in its entirety, the previous carrying amount of the larger financial asset is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is derecognised, based on the relative fair values of those parts, on the date of the transfer. For this purpose, a retained servicing asset is treated as a part that continues to be recognised. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part derecognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part derecognised is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If a transfer does not result in derecognition because the entity has retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the transferred asset, the entity continues to recognise the transferred asset in its entirety and recognise a financial liability for the consideration received. In subsequent periods, the entity recognises any revenue on the transferred asset and any expense incurred on the financial liability. Neither the asset, and the associated liability nor the revenue, and the associated expenses are offset.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The entity removes a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) from its statement of financial position when it is extinguished — i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, expires or waived.

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability (or part of a financial liability) extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in surplus or deficit. Any liabilities that are waived, forgiven or assumed by another entity by way of a non-exchange transaction are accounted for in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers).

PRESENTATION

Interest relating to a financial instrument or a component that is a financial liability is recognised as revenue or expense in surplus or deficit.

Losses and gains relating to a financial instrument or a component that is a financial liability is recognised as revenue or expense in surplus or deficit.

A financial asset and a financial liability are only offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when the entity currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

In accounting for a transfer of a financial asset that does not qualify for derecognition, the entity does not offset the transferred asset and the associated liability.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.9 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

When a lease includes both land and buildings elements, the entity assesses the classification of each element separately.

OPERATING LEASES - LESSOR

Operating lease revenue is recognised as revenue on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease revenue.

The aggregate cost of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental revenue over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Income for leases is disclosed under revenue in statement of financial performance.

1.10 Inventories

Inventories are initially measured at cost except where inventories are acquired through a non-exchange transaction, then their costs are their fair value as at the date of acquisition.

Subsequently inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost where they are held for;

- distribution at no charge or for a nominal charge; or
- consumption in the production process of goods to be distributed at no charge or for a nominal charge.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, exchange or distribution.

Current replacement cost is the cost the municipality incurs to acquire the asset on the reporting date.

The cost of inventories comprises of all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

The cost of inventories of items that are not ordinarily interchangeable and goods or services produced and segregated for specific projects is assigned using specific identification of the individual costs.

The cost of inventories is assigned using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) formula. The same cost formula is used for all inventories having a similar nature and use to the municipality.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amounts of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. If there is no related revenue, the expenses are recognised when the goods are distributed, or related services are rendered. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value or current replacement cost and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost, are recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

1.11 Construction contracts and receivables

Construction contract is a contract, or a similar binding arrangement, specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset or a combination of assets that are closely interrelated or interdependent in terms of their design, technology and function or their ultimate purpose or use.

Contractor is an entity that performs construction work pursuant to a construction contract.

Cost plus or cost based contract is a construction contract in which the contractor is reimbursed for allowable or otherwise defined costs and, in the case of a commercially-based contract, an additional percentage of these costs or a fixed fee, if any.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.11 Construction contracts and receivables (continued)

Fixed price contract is a construction contract in which the contractor agrees to a fixed contract price, or a fixed rate per unit of output, which in some cases is subject to cost escalation clauses.

A contractor is an entity that enters into a contract to build structures, construct facilities, produce goods, or render services to the specifications of another entity either itself or through the use of sub-contractors. The term "contractor" thus includes a general or prime contractor, a subcontractor to a general contractor, or a construction manager.

The entity assesses the terms and conditions of each contract concluded with customers to establish whether the contract is a construction contract or not. In assessing whether the contract is a construction contract, an entity considers whether it is a contractor.

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the reporting date, as measured by completion of a physical proportion of the contract work.

Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent that contract costs incurred are recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected deficit is recognised as an expense immediately.

1.12 Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets

Cash-generating assets are assets used with the objective of generating a commercial return. Commercial return means that positive cash flows are expected to be significantly higher than the cost of the asset.

Impairment is a loss in the future economic benefits or service potential of an asset, over and above the systematic recognition of the loss of the asset's future economic benefits or service potential through depreciation (amortisation).

Carrying amount is the amount at which an asset is recognised in the statement of financial position after deducting any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses thereon.

A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets used with the objective of generating a commercial return that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Costs of disposal are incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset, excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

Depreciation (Amortisation) is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

Recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

Useful life is either:

- the period of time over which an asset is expected to be used by the municipality; or
- the number of production or similar units expected to be obtained from the asset by the municipality.

Judgements are made by management in applying the criteria to designate assets as cash-generating assets or non-cash-generating assets. Additional text

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.12 Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets (continued)

CASH-GENERATING UNITS

If there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the recoverable amount is estimated for the individual asset. If it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of the individual asset, the municipality determines the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs (the asset's cash-generating unit).

If an active market exists for the output produced by an asset or group of assets, that asset or group of assets is identified as a cash-generating unit, even if some or all of the output is used internally. If the cash inflows generated by any asset or cash-generating unit are affected by internal transfer pricing, the municipality use management's best estimate of future price(s) that could be achieved in arm's length transactions in estimating:

- . the future cash inflows used to determine the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use; and
- the future cash outflows used to determine the value in use of any other assets or cash-generating units that are affected by the internal transfer pricing.

Cash-generating units are identified consistently from period to period for the same asset or types of assets, unless a change is justified.

The carrying amount of a cash-generating unit is determined on a basis consistent with the way the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is determined.

An impairment loss is recognised for a cash-generating unit if the recoverable amount of the unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit. The impairment is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the cash-generating assets of the unit on a pro rata basis, based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. These reductions in carrying amounts are treated as impairment losses on individual assets.

In allocating an impairment loss, the entity does not reduce the carrying amount of an asset below the highest of:

- its fair value less costs to sell (if determinable);
- its value in use (if determinable); and
- zero.

The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other cash-generating assets of the unit.

Where a non-cash-generating asset contributes to a cash-generating unit, a proportion of the carrying amount of that non-cash-generating asset is allocated to the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit prior to estimation of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit.

1.13 Employee Benefits

Employee benefits are all forms of consideration given by an entity in exchange for service rendered by employees.

A qualifying insurance policy is an insurance policy issued by an insurer that is not a related party (as defined in the Standard of GRAP on Related Party Disclosures) of the reporting entity, if the proceeds of the policy can be used only to pay or fund employee benefits under a defined benefit plan and are not available to the reporting entity's own creditors (even in liquidation) and cannot be paid to the reporting entity, unless either:

- the proceeds represent surplus assets that are not needed for the policy to meet all the related employee benefit obligations; or
- the proceeds are returned to the reporting entity to reimburse it for employee benefits already paid.

Termination benefits are employee benefits payable as a result of either:

- · an entity's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date; or
- an employee's decision to accept voluntary redundancy in exchange for those benefits.

Other long-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than post-employment benefits and termination benefits) that are not due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service.

Vested employee benefits are employee benefits that are not conditional on future employment.

Composite social security programmes are established by legislation and operate as multi-employer plans to provide post-employment benefits as well as to provide benefits that are not consideration in exchange for service rendered by employees.

- 25 -

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.13 Employee Benefits (continued)

A constructive obligation is an obligation that derives from an entity's actions where by an established pattern of past practice, published policies or a sufficiently specific current statement, the entity has indicated to other parties that it will accept certain responsibilities and as a result, the entity has created a valid expectation on the part of those other parties that it will discharge those responsibilities.

SHORT-TERM EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service.

Short-term employee benefits include items such as:

- wages, salaries and social security contributions;
- short-term compensated absences (such as paid annual leave and paid sick leave) where the compensation for the
 absences is due to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees
 render the related employee service;
- bonus, incentive and performance related payments payable within twelve months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the related service; and
- non-monetary benefits (for example, medical care, and free or subsidised goods or services such as housing, cars and cellphones) for current employees.

When an employee has rendered service to the entity during a reporting period, the entity recognise the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the amount already paid exceeds the
 undiscounted amount of the benefits, the entity recognise that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent
 that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund; and
- · as an expense, unless another Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs. The entity measures the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount that the entity expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The entity recognise the expected cost of bonus, incentive and performance related payments when the entity has a present legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past events and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. A present obligation exists when the entity has no realistic alternative but to make the payments.

1.14 Provisions and Contingencies

Provisions are recognised when:

- the municipality has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

The amount of a provision is the best estimate of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

Where the effect of time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

The discount rate is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, the reimbursement is recognised when, and only when, it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the municipality settles the obligation. The reimbursement is treated as a separate asset. The amount recognised for the reimbursement does not exceed the amount of the provision.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.14 Provisions and Contingencies (continued)

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Provisions are reversed if it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required, to settle the obligation.

Where discounting is used, the carrying amount of a provision increases in each period to reflect the passage of time. This increase is recognised as an interest expense.

A provision is used only for expenditures for which the provision was originally recognised.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating surplus.

If an entity has a contract that is onerous, the present obligation (net of recoveries) under the contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in note 49.

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

Loan commitment is a firm commitment to provide credit under pre-specified terms and conditions.

The municipality recognises a provision for financial guarantees and loan commitments when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits and service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Determining whether an outflow of resources is probable in relation to financial guarantees requires judgement. Indications that an outflow of resources may be probable are:

financial difficulty of the debtor;

· defaults or delinquencies in interest and capital repayments by the debtor;

breaches of the terms of the debt instrument that result in it being payable earlier than the agreed term and the
ability of the debtor to settle its obligation on the amended terms; and

 a decline in prevailing economic circumstances (e.g. high interest rates, inflation and unemployment) that impact on the ability of entities to repay their obligations.

Where a fee is received by the municipality for issuing a financial guarantee and/or where a fee is charged on loan commitments, it is considered in determining the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at reporting date. Where a fee is charged and the municipality considers that an outflow of economic resources is probable, an municipality recognises the obligation at the higher of:

the amount determined using in the Standard of GRAP on Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets;

 the amount of the fee initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the Standard of GRAP on Revenue from Exchange Transactions.

1.15 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits or service potential during the reporting period when those inflows result in an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

An exchange transaction is one in which the municipality receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value (primarily in the form of goods, services or use of assets) to the other party in exchange.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

MEASUREMENT

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of trade discounts and volume rebates.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.15 Revenue from Exchange Transactions (continued)

SALE OF GOODS

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied;

- the municipality has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably:
- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

RENDERING OF SERVICES

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality;
- · the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date can be measured reliably, and
- the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

When services are performed by an indeterminate number of acts over a specified time frame, revenue is recognised on a straight line basis over the specified time frame unless there is evidence that some other method better represents the stage of completion. When a specific act is much more significant than any other acts, the recognition of revenue is postponed until the significant act is executed.

When the outcome of the transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

Service revenue is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. Stage of completion is determined by services performed to date as a percentage of total services to be performed.

INTEREST

Revenue arising from the use by others of entity assets yielding interest, royalties and dividends or similar distributions is recognised when:

- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the municipality, and
- The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably.

Interest is recognised, in surplus or deficit, using the effective interest rate method.

Royalties are recognised as they are earned in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements.

Dividends or similar distributions are recognised, in surplus or deficit, when the municipality's right to receive payment has been established.

Service fees included in the price of the product are recognised as revenue over the period during which the service is performed.

1.16 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue comprises gross inflows of economic benefits or service potential received and receivable by a municipality, which represents an increase in net assets, other than increases relating to contributions from owners.

Conditions on transferred assets are stipulations that specify that the future economic benefits or service potential embodied in the asset is required to be consumed by the recipient as specified or future economic benefits or service potential must be returned to the transferor.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.16 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

Control of an asset arise when the municipality can use or otherwise benefit from the asset in pursuit of its objectives and can exclude or otherwise regulate the access of others to that benefit.

Exchange transactions are transactions in which one entity receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value (primarily in the form of cash, goods, services, or use of assets) to another entity in exchange.

Expenses paid through the tax system are amounts that are available to beneficiaries regardless of whether or not they pay taxes.

Fines are economic benefits or service potential received or receivable by entities, as determined by a court or other law enforcement body, as a consequence of the breach of laws or regulations.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions that are not exchange transactions. In a non-exchange transaction, a municipality either receives value from another municipality without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange, or gives value to another municipality without directly receiving approximately equal value in exchange.

Restrictions on transferred assets are stipulations that limit or direct the purposes for which a transferred asset may be used, but do not specify that future economic benefits or service potential is required to be returned to the transferor if not deployed as specified.

Stipulations on transferred assets are terms in laws or regulation, or a binding arrangement, imposed upon the use of a transferred asset by entities external to the reporting municipality.

Tax expenditures are preferential provisions of the tax law that provide certain taxpayers with concessions that are not available to others.

The taxable event is the event that the government, legislature or other authority has determined will be subject to taxation.

Taxes are economic benefits or service potential compulsorily paid or payable to entities, in accordance with laws and or regulations, established to provide revenue to government. Taxes do not include fines or other penalties imposed for breaches of the law.

Transfers are inflows of future economic benefits or service potential from non-exchange transactions, other than taxes.

RECOGNITION

An inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset is recognised as revenue, except to the extent that a liability is also recognised in respect of the same inflow.

As the municipality satisfies a present obligation recognised as a liability in respect of an inflow of resources from a non-exchange transaction recognised as an asset, it reduces the carrying amount of the liability recognised and recognises an amount of revenue equal to that reduction.

MEASUREMENT

Revenue from a non-exchange transaction is measured at the amount of the increase in net assets recognised by the municipality.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, the municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability is recognised as revenue.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.16 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions (continued)

FINES

Fines are recognised as revenue when the receivable meets the definition of an asset and satisfies the criteria for recognition as an asset.

Assets arising from fines are measured at the best estimate of the inflow of resources to the municipality.

1.17 Investment Income

Investment income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

1.18 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other expenses incurred by an entity in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

1.19 Comparative Figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to changes in presentation in the current.

1.20 Unauthorised Expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure means:

- overspending of a vote or a main division within a vote, and
- expenditure not in accordance with the purpose of a vote or, in the case of a main division, not in accordance with the purpose of the main division.

All expenditure relating to unauthorised expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

1.21 Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure

Fruitless expenditure means expenditure which was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

All expenditure relating to fruitless and wasteful expenditure is recognised as an expense in the statement of financial performance in the that the expenditure was incurred. The expenditure is classified in accordance with the nature of the expense, and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the statement of financial performance.

1.22 Irregular Expenditure

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32 of 2000), and the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the economic entity's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.23 Budget Information

Municipality are typically subject to budgetary limits in the form of appropriations or budget authorisations (or equivalent), which is given effect through authorising legislation, appropriation or similar.

General purpose financial reporting by municipality shall provide information on whether resources were obtained and used in accordance with the legally adopted budget.

The approved budget is prepared on a accrual basis and presented by economic classification linked to performance outcome objectives.



(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.23 Budget Information (continued)

The approved budget covers the fiscal period from 2017/07/01 to 2018/06/30.

The budget for the economic entity includes all the entities approved budgets under its control.

The annual financial statements and the budget are on the same basis of accounting therefore a comparison with the budgeted amounts for the reporting period have been included in the Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

1.24 Related Parties

A related party is a person or an entity with the ability to control or jointly control the other party, or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa, or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control.

Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Joint control is the agreed sharing of control over an activity by a binding arrangement, and exists only when the strategic financial and operating decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control (the venturers).

Related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but is not control over those policies.

Management are those persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the municipality, including those charged with the governance of the municipality in accordance with legislation, in instances where they are required to perform such functions.

Close members of the family of a person are considered to be those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that management in their dealings with the municipality.

The municipality is exempt from disclosure requirements in relation to related party transactions if that transaction occurs within normal supplier and/or client/recipient relationships on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those which it is reasonable to expect the municipality to have adopted if dealing with that individual entity or person in the same circumstances and terms and conditions are within the normal operating parameters established by that reporting entity's legal mandate.

Where the municipality is exempt from the disclosures in accordance with the above, the municipality discloses narrative information about the nature of the transactions and the related outstanding balances, to enable users of the entity's financial statements to understand the effect of related party transactions on its annual financial statements.

1.25 Valued Added Tax

The municipality accounts for value added tax on accrual basis but pays over to /claims from SARS on a payment basis.

- 31 -

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.26 Expenditure

Expenses are decreases in economic benefits or service potential during the reporting period in the form of outflows or consumption of assets or incurrences of liabilities that result in decreases in net assets. An expense is recognised in the municipality's statement of financial performance when, and only when the goods are received and or services consumed. Where an item possesses the essential characteristics of an expense but fails to meet the criteria for recognition it is disclosed in the note.

Where an outflow of economic benefits does not result in future benefits, it is disclosed as fruitless and wasteful expenditure. The point at which an expense is recognised is dependent on the nature of the transaction or other event that gives rise to the expense. Where future economic benefits are consumed immediately or soon after acquisition, for example, repairs and maintenance expenditure, bulk purchases and general expenses, the expense is recognised in the reporting period in which the acquisition of the future economic benefit occurs. Where future economic benefits are expected to be consumed over several reporting periods e.g. non-current assets, expenses (depreciation) are allocated systematically to the reporting period during which the future economic benefits are expected to be consumed; where expenditure produces no future economic benefits e.g. fines paid, an expense is recognised immediately; and where a liability is incurred without the recognition of an asset an expense is recognised simultaneously with the recognition of the liability.

Generally, expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis at fair value. Under the accrual basis of accounting expenses are recognised when incurred usually when goods are received or services are consumed. This may not be when the goods or services are actually paid for. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Major expenses include:

- Repairs and Maintenance inclusive of repairs and maintenance to buildings, infrastructure assets, motor vehicles and sports and recreational facilities;
- Other Expenditure which constitute several expense items which are not individually significant and
- Losses on the disposal of assets are reported separately from expenses on the Statement of Financial Performance.

- 32 -

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 30 June 2018 2017 Restated

2. NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

2.1 Standards and interpretations issued, but not yet effective

The municipality has not applied the following standards and interpretations, which have been published and are mandatory for the municipality's accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2018 or later periods:

GRAP 108: STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

The objective of this Standard is: to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables.

It furthermore covers: Definitions, recognition, derecognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure, transitional provisions, as well as the effective date.

The effective date of the standard is not yet set by the Minister of Finance.

The municipality has early adopted the standard for the first time when the Minister sets the effective date for the standard.

The impact of the standard is not material.

GRAP 12 (AS AMENDED 2016): INVENTORIES

Amendments to the Standard of GRAP on Inventories resulted from inconsistencies in measurement requirements in GRAP 23 and other asset-related Standards of GRAP in relation to the treatment of transaction costs. Other changes resulted from changes made to IPSAS 12 on Inventories (IPSAS 12) as a result of the IPSASB's Improvements to IPSASs 2015 issued in March 2016.

The most significant changes to the Standard are:

- General improvements: To clarify the treatment of transaction costs and other costs incurred on assets acquired
 in non-exchange transactions to be in line with the principle in GRAP 23 (paragraph .12)
- IPSASB amendments: To align terminology in GRAP 12 with that in IPSAS 12. The term "ammunition" in IPSAS
 12 was replaced with the term "military inventories" and provides a description of what it comprises in
 accordance with Government Finance Statistics terminology

The effective date of the amendment is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2018.

The municipality has early adopted the amendment for the first time in the 2018 annual financial statements.

The impact of the amendment is not material.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS (continued)

GRAP 21 (AS AMENDED 2016): IMPAIRMENT OF NON-CASH-GENERATING ASSETS

Amendments to the Standard of GRAP on Impairment of Non-cash Generating Assets resulted from changes made to IPSAS 21 on Impairment of Non-Cash-Generating Assets (IPSAS 21) as a result of the IPSASB's Impairment of Revalued Assets issued in March 2016.

The most significant changes to the Standard are:

IPSASB amendments: To update the Basis of conclusions and Comparison with IPSASs to reflect the IPSASB's
recent decision on the impairment of revalued assets.

The effective date of the amendment is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2018.

The municipality expects to adopt the amendment for the first time in the 2018 annual financial statements.

It is unlikely that the amendment will have a material impact on the municipality's annual financial statements.

GRAP 26 (AS AMENDED 2016): IMPAIRMENT OF CASH-GENERATING ASSETS

Amendments Changes to the Standard of GRAP on Impairment of Cash Generating Assets resulted from changes made to IPSAS 26 on Impairment of Cash-Generating Assets (IPSAS 26) as a result of the IPSASB's Impairment of Revalued Assets issued in March 2016.

The most significant changes to the Standard are:

IPSASB amendments: To update the Basis of conclusions and Comparison with IPSASs to reflect the IPSASB's
recent decision on the impairment of revalued assets.

The effective date of the amendment is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2018.

The municipality expects to adopt the amendment for the first time in the 2018 annual financial statements.

It is unlikely that the amendment will have a material impact on the municipality's annual financial statements.

GRAP 31 (AS AMENDED 2016): INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Amendments to the Standard of GRAP on Intangible Assets resulted from inconsistencies in measurement requirements in GRAP 23 and other asset-related Standards of GRAP in relation to the treatment of transaction costs. Other changes resulted from changes made to IPSAS 31 on Intangible Assets (IPSAS 31) as a result of the IPSASB's Improvements to IPSASs 2014 issued in January 2015.

The most significant changes to the Standard are:

- General improvements: To add the treatment of transaction costs and other costs incurred on assets acquired in non-exchange transactions to be in line with the principle in GRAP 23 (paragraph .12); and To clarify the measurement principle when assets may be acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets
- IPSASB amendments: To clarify the revaluation methodology of the carrying amount and accumulated depreciation when an item of intangible assets is revalued; and To clarify acceptable methods of depreciating assets

The effective date of the amendment is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2018.

The municipality expects to adopt the amendment for the first time in the 2018 annual financial statements,

The adoption of this amendment is not expected to impact on the results of the municipality, but may result in more disclosure than is currently provided in the annual financial statements.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS (continued)

GRAP 103 (AS AMENDED 2016): HERITAGE ASSETS

Amendments to the Standard of GRAP on Heritage Assets resulted from inconsistencies in measurement requirements in GRAP 23 and other asset-related Standards of GRAP in relation to the treatment of transaction costs. Other changes resulted from editorial changes to the original text.

The most significant changes to the Standard are:

General improvements: To clarify the treatment of transaction costs and other costs incurred on assets acquired
in non-exchange transactions to be in line with the principle in GRAP 23 (paragraph .12); and To clarify the
measurement principle when assets may be acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or assets, or a
combination of monetary and non-monetary assets

The effective date of the amendment is for years beginning on or after 01 April 2018.

The municipality expects to adopt the amendment for the first time in the 2018 annual financial statements.

It is unlikely that the amendment will have a material impact on the municipality's annual financial statements.

3. INVENTORIES

Land to be transferred to beneficiaries	9,852,500	9,852,500
4. OPERATING LEASE ASSET		
Leases for Land	396,993	398,691
The municipality lets land to tenants under leases covering periods ranging from 3 - 30 years. The escalation clauses as per the lease agreement resulting in straight lining of the rentals received at The amount included above represents the difference between the actual rentals received and the lease.	and receivable.	•
Minimum lease payments receivable - within one year - in second to fifth year inclusive - later than five years	130,718 588,541 887,551	132,943 587,384 1,019,426
	1,606,810	1,739,753
5. RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
Property Rates Less: Impairment on Property Rates Other Receivables	11,652,601 (4,877,270) 3,916,599	23,246,467 (5,851,502) 1,623,575
	10,691,930	19,018,540
Property Rates Current (0 -30 days) 31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days 121 - 150 days > 151 days	472,525 118,331 104,821 87,011 75,470 10,794,441	9,710,598 141,563 207,974 121,832 116,517 12,947,983
	11,652,599	23,246,467

Included in Other Receivables are Payments made in Advance of R2 000 000, Fines issued of R1 130 606 and others.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

		30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
5.	RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (continued)		
SUM	MMARY OF TOTAL DEBTORS (EXCHANGE AND NON-EXCHANGE) BY	CUSTOMER CLASSIFICATION	
	s <mark>idential</mark> O days	383,469	964 100
	50 days	135,038	864,108 168,123
	90 days	106,307	116,520
	120 days	100,897	158,429
121-	-150 days	123,681	150,001
> 15	51 days	7,301,402	6,301,753
l ees	s: Allowance for Impairment	8,150,794 (6,840,039)	7,758,934
LUSS	s. Allowance for impairment	1,310,755	(6,024,237 1,734,697
		1,010,700	1,104,001
Rus	siness		
	D Days	375,036	637,645
	50 Days	122,723	94.695
61-9	90 Days	81,736	73,062
91-1	120 Days	66,364	81,716
	-150 Days	67,018	81,330
> 15	51 days	2,837,693	3,266,718
		3,550,571	4,235,165
Less	s: Allowance for Impairment	(1,821,476)	(2,091,817
		1,729,095	2,143,348
Gov	vernment		
	0 days	188,884	8,668,073
	60 days	91,668	129,926
	90 days	33,668	207,662
	120 days -150 days	34,195	144,787
	51 days	88,405 8,555,744	142,714 10,955,673
	a conju	8,992,564	20,248,835
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Tota	al debtor past due but not impaired		
	0 days	947,390	10,169,825
	60 days	91,668	129,926
	90 days	33,526	207,662
	120 days	34,195	144,787
	-150 days	88,405	142,714
> 15	51 days	8,555,744	10,955,673
		9,750,928	21,750,587

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
5. RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (continued)		
RECONCILIATION OF PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT ALLOWANCE		
Opening balance	8,116,055	9,647,859
Provision for impairment Impairment provision reversal	545,460	_
Impanhent provision reversal	8,661,515	(1,531,804) 8,116,055
TOTAL PERTORS (EVOLUTION AND MONEYOUTHER)		
TOTAL DEBTORS (EXCHANGE AND NON-EXCHANGE) Balance Net of Credit Balances	20,693,787	32,242,933
Gross Up of Credit Balances	-	15,977
	20,693,787	32,258,910
6. RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
GROSS BALANCES	4 470 404	4 000 054
Refuse Rent	1,173,464 134,707	1,009,054 105,821
Interest on Overdue Accounts	7,733,014	7,881,592
	9,041,185	8,996,467
LESS: ALLOWANCE FOR IMPAIRMENT		
Refuse	(491,161)	(253,995)
Rent Interest on Overdue Accounts	(56,382) (3,236,702)	(26,637) (1,983,921)
	(3,784,245)	(2,264,553)
NET BALANCE		
Refuse	682,303	755,059
Rent Interest on Overdue Accounts	78,325 4,496,312	79,184 5,897,671
	5,256,940	6,731,914
REFUSE 0-30 days	103,399	127,101
31 - 60 days	46,809	20,714
61 - 90 days 91 - 120 days	31,881 31,304	19,541 21,143
121-150 days	23,838	20,792
> 151 days	936,231	799,762
	1,173,462	1,009,053
RENT		
0-30 days 31 - 60 days	7,285	573 (3,195)
61 - 90 days		(3,195)
91 - 120 days	•	(3,195)
121-150 days > 151 days	127,422	(3,195) 118,029
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	134,707	105,822
	107,101	.00,022

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

					30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
6. RECEIVABLES FROM EXC	CHANGE TRAN	SACTIONS (co	ntinued)			
INTEREST ON OVERDUE ACC	OUNTS					
0-30 days					364,180	331,553
31 - 60 days 61 - 90 days					184,288 84,866	233,662 172,924
91 - 120 days					83,140	245,152
121-150 days					179,796	239,930
> 151 days					6,836,745	6,658,370
					7,733,015	7,881,591
7. VAT RECEIVABLE						
VAT Input Control Account					1,095,640	1,794,701
VAT Output Control Account					(204,665)	
VAT Receivable from SARS					1,905,393	1,780,109
					2,796,368	3,418,492
8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVA	ALENTS					
Cash and cash equivalents cons	ist of:					
Bank Balances					1,019,122	1,145,308
Investments					484,543	120,509
					1,503,665	1,265,817
THE MUNICIPALITY HAD THE	FOLLOWING BA	ANK ACCOUNT	S:			
Account number / description		statement bala			sh book balanc	
FNB Main Account - 62022000898	1,019,122	1,145,308	662,254		30 June 2017 1,145,308	30 June 2016 662,254
FNB Reserve Fund Account - 62035920596	-	1,784	1,767	•	1,784	1,767
FNB MIG Account - 62270667531	-	13,003	12,260	~	13,003	12,260
FNB Rates Account - 62414349763	484,543	96,119	504,656	484,543	96,119	504,656
FNB EPWP Account - 62414353441	-	972	963	-	972	963
FNB FMG Account -	-	1,752	1,734	1	1,752	1,734
62414358912 FNB Business Call Account - 62606330463	-	6,878	16,350	•	6,878	16,350
Total	1,503,665	1,265,816	1,199,984	1,503,665	1,265,816	1,199,984

Computer Software

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2,701,180

					30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
9.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS					
			2018		2017	
		Cost / Valuation	Accumulated Carrying value depreciation and accumulated impairment	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value

(1,830,328)

870,852

2,608,720

(1,360,272)

1,248,448

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

					30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (co	ntinued)					
RECONCILIATION OF INTANG	IBLE ASSETS -	30 JUNE 2018				
Computer Software			Opening balance 1,248,448	Additions	Amortization (470.056)	Total
RECONCILIATION OF INTANG	IBLE ASSETS -	30 JUNE 2017	1,240,440	92,460	(470,056)	870,852
			Opening balance	Additions	Amortization	Total
Computer Software			565,871	1,039,205	(356,628)	1,248,448
The municipality amortises all its useful lives of the intangible assout. 10. INVESTMENT PROPERTY	ets remain uncha			d as having ind	lefinite useful live	s. The
useful lives of the intangible asse	ets remain uncha			d as having ind	lefinite useful live	s. The
useful lives of the intangible asse	ets remain uncha	anged from the p	revious year.		2017	
-	ets remain uncha	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated)	revious year.	Cost / Valuation		
useful lives of the intangible asset	Cost / Valuation	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated impairment	cevious year. Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	2017 Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
useful lives of the intangible asse	Cost /	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated)	revious year.	Cost /	2017 Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated	
useful lives of the intangible asset	Cost / Valuation	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated impairment	cevious year. Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	2017 Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
Investment property RECONCILIATION OF INVESTI	Cost / Valuation	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated impairment	cevious year. Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	2017 Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
10. INVESTMENT PROPERTY Investment property	Cost / Valuation	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated impairment	cevious year. Carrying value	Cost / Valuation 21,935,500 Opening	2017 Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	21,935,500
Investment property RECONCILIATION OF INVESTI	Cost / Valuation 28,003,465	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated impairment TY - 2018	cevious year. Carrying value	Cost / Valuation 21,935,500 Opening balance	2017 Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	21,935,500 Total
Investment property Investment property Investment property	Cost / Valuation 28,003,465	2018 Accumulated (depreciation and accumulated impairment TY - 2018	cevious year. Carrying value	Cost / Valuation 21,935,500 Opening balance	2017 Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	21,935,500 Total

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
10. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (continued)		
DETAILS OF PROPERTY		
ERF 2220 PEDDIE - LAND EXTENT 4340 SQUARE METERS Land is leased to Engen Petroleum - Cost at acquisition	2,888,000	2,888,000
ERF 447 HAMBURG - LAND EXTENT 2824 HQ Portion of the Caravan Park Leased to Mrs Dorego - Cost at acquisition	2,050,000	2,050,000
ERF 314 - LAND EXTENT 989 SQUARE METERS - Cost at acquisition	91,400	91,400
ERF 1836 - LAND EXTENT 488 SQUARE METERS Leased to IEC - Cost at acquisition	556,700	556,700
OTHER INVESTMENT LAND OWNED BY THE MUNICIPALITY - Cost at acquisition	22,417,365	16,349,400

A valuation of the investment Property was carried out by an independent valuer and the values of the properties were adjusted to their fair market values at year end. The valuation, which conforms to international standards, was arrived at by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties. The properties were generating an average monthly income of R11 142 (June 2017: R10 326).

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

•		2018			2017	
•	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated Control depreciation and accumulated impairment	Carrying value
Land	38,188,205	-	38,188,205	38,188,205	-	38,188,205
Buildings	125,934,535	(18,888,129)	107,046,406	78,498,889	(14,933,732)	63,565,157
Plant and Equipment	8,128,479	(4,577,236)	3,551,243	20,733,154	(6,902,968)	13,830,186
Office Furniture	1,653,483	(1,414,432)	239,051	1,536,229	(1,388,168)	148,061
Motor Vehicles	8,258,740	(4,209,047)	4,049,693	9,251,642	(4,185,129)	5,066,513
Office Equipment	1,603,863	(1,101,682)	502,181	1,601,564	(930,797)	670,767
IT Equipment	2,551,842	(1,700,611)	851,231	2,439,699	(1,728,951)	710,748
Infrastructure	155,633,018	(97,866,869)	57,766,149	140,592,921	(86,585,377)	54,007,544
Maintenance Equipment	433,801	(243,363)	190,438	433,801	(210,246)	223,555
Security Equipment	736,372	(445,796)	290,576	648,852	(444,376)	204,476
Other Equipment	532,857	(239,870)	292,987	541,257	(167,298)	373,959
Capital Works in Progress	26,687,170	-	26,687,170	12,035,158	_	12,035,158
Park Facilities	13,152,970	(2,653,381)	10,499,589	12,699,096	(1,806,333)	10,892,763
Minor Equipment	1,885,638	(1,885,637)	1	1,710,393	(1,710,393)	-
Total	385,380,973	(135,226,053)	250,154,920	320,910,860	(120,993,768)	199,917,092

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figures in Rand

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - 2018

250 454 020	(14 881 096)	(18.112.115) (14.881.096) 250.154.92	(85,878)	(10.442.480)	93,759,397	199,917,092
		(171,613)		,	171,614	
10,499,589	•	(479,849)	ι	ı	86,675	10,892,763
26,687,170		ı	(20,372,158)	ı	35,024,170	12,035,158
292,987		(80,972)	ı	ı	4	373,959
290,576		(57,049)	89,370	(64,822)	118,601	204,476
190,438		(33,117)		1		223,555
57,766,149		(11,281,536)	15,040,141	ŧ		54,007,544
851,231	,	(284,908)		(67,685)	493,076	710,748
502,181		(179,004)		(4,182)	14,600	670,767
4,049,693		(1,087,634)		(649,000)	719,814	5,066,513
239,051		(39,857)			130,847	148,061
3,551,243	•	(622, 152)		(9,656,791)	1	13,830,186
107,046,400	(14,881,096)	(3,794,424)	5,156,769		57,000,000	63,565,157
38,188,20	1		1		ā	38,188,205
	loss					balance
Total	Impairment	Depreciation	Transfers	Disposals	Additions	Opening

Plant and Equipment
Office Furniture
Motor Vehicles
Office Equipment
IT Equipment
Infrastructure
Maintenance Equipment
Security Equipment
Other Equipment
Capital Works in Progress
Park Facilities

Minor Assets

Land Buildings

NGQUSHWA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY (Registration number EC126) Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figures In Rand

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - 2017

(17,717) 199,917,092	(17,717)	29,860,998	(16,382,440)	(511,793)		22,388,196	164,579,848	TOTAL
,			(105,392)		86,327	19,065		Minor Equipment
10,892,763	-	(388,706)	(517,284)		2,361,408	1	9,437,345	Park Facilities
12,035,158	-	(388,260)			(26,529,082)	19,043,433	19,909,067	Capital Works in Progress
373,959	1		(35,715)	t	80,388	292,400	36,886	Other Equipment
204,476	1		(63,701)		4	99,067	169,110	Security Equipment
223,555	(4,580)	t	(38,125)			101,407	164,853	Maintenance Equipment
54,007,544		388,259	(10,130,264)	1	17,555,533		46,194,016	Infrastructure
710,748	(13,137)		(340,581)	,		504,956	559,510	IT Equipment
670,767			(227,951)	1		346,037	552,681	Office Equipment
5,066,513	•		(940,741)	1		777,871	5,229,383	Motor Vehicles
148,061			(53,752)		36,640	1	165,173	Office Furniture
13,830,186			(1,446,287)	(511,793)	,	1,203,960	14,584,306	Plant and Equipment
63,565,157			(2,482,647)		6,408,786	•	59,639,018	Buildings
38,188,205		30,249,705	ı				7,938,500	Land
	off	adjustment		capitalised			balance	
Total	Assets Write	Prior year	Depreciation	Depreciation	Transfers	Additions	Opening	

Included in Infrastructure is an amount for Landfill Site with a carrying value of R157 298 (2017: R159 084).

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

					30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated	
12. HERITAGE ASSETS							
		2018		*	2017		
	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated Can impairment losses	ying value	Cost / Valuation	Accumulated impairment losses	Carrying v	alue
Historical Monuments	3	-	3	3	-		3
RECONCILIATION OF HERITAG	GE ASSETS - 2	018					
					Opening balance	Total	
Historical Monuments					3		3
RECONCILIATION OF HERITAG	GE ASSETS - 2	017					
					Opening balance	Total	
Collections of insects, butterflies Historical Monuments	and fossils				3		3
					3		3

HERITAGE ASSETS

All the municipality's heritage assets are held under a freehold interest and no heritage asset have been pledged as security for any liabilities of the municipality. The heritage assets comprise of the Dick King Memorial Site, a Fingo Milkwood Tree and Fort Peddie Tower Complex.

These are not income generating assets and shown on the face of the statement of financial position at a nominal value of R1 each.

No impairment losses have been recognised on the heritage assets of the municipality at the reporting date.

These heritage assets have not been revalued due to their fair value not being easilty and reliably measured due to the lack of a market for these assets.

13. FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATION

MINIMUM LEASE PAYMENTS DUE - within one year	•	7,648,553
less; future finance charges		7,648,553 (306,456)
	with the state of	7,342,097
PRESENT VALUE OF MINIMUM LEASE PAYMENTS DUE - within one year	***************************************	7,342,097

The Finance Lease was a lease with Kwane for the hiring of Plant and the lease was cancelled at the beginning of current financial year due to the differences experienced by the parties to the agreement with regards to the agreement. The capitalized assets per the Finance Lease have been derecognised in the assets of the company and the related litigation around this agreement has been disclosed under the Contingent liabilities in note 49.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
14. PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
Trade Payables Accrued Leave Pay Accrued Bonus Retentions	12,314,895 3,160,941 1,293,411 2,691,210 19,460,457	17,355,322 2,811,429 1,346,967 1,214,285 22,728,003
Included in trade payables is a balance for Amathole District Municipality (ADM) amounting to		
15. PATABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
Receivables with Credit Balances	221,866	497,776

All receivables with credit balances have been reallocated to Payables from Non-Exchange Transactions to achieve fair presentation.

- 45 -

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 Јипе 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
16. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS		
UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GRANTS AND RECEIPTS Electrification		899,544

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

				30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
17. PROVISIONS					
RECONCILIATION OF PROVISIONS - 2018					
		Opening Balance	Change in estimate	Change in discount factor	Total
Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Provision for Long Service Awards		9,335,356 3,003,000	(513,923) -	759,637 222,000	9,581,070 3,225,000
	·	12,338,356	(513,923)	981,637	12,806,070
RECONCILIATION OF PROVISIONS - 2017					
	Opening Balance	Prior year adjustment	Change in estimate	Change in discount factor	Total
Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites Provisions for Long Service Awards	184,687 2,663,000	8,911,257	(507,038) -	746,450 340,000	9,335,356 3,003,000
	2,847,687	8,911,257	(507,038)	1,086,450	12,338,356

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
		Restated

17. PROVISIONS (continued)

REHABILITATION OF LANDFILL SITES PROVISION

The Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill Sites relates to the legal obligation to rehabilitate landfill sites used for waste disposal. It is calculated as the present value of the future obligation. The amount for the provision was adjusted retrospectively in accordance with the report produced by qualified engineers specialising in Landfill Sites valuations.

LONG SERVICE AWARD PROVISION

The Long Service Award is payable after every 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40 and 45 years of continuous service. The provision is an estimate of the amounts likely to be paid based on an actuarial valuation performed at the reporting date. The actuarial valuation of the long service awards accrued liability was carried out by One Pangaea Financial. The assumptions used in the valuation are outlined below:

Key Assumptions:

- 1. Salary increase rate of CPI+1%.
- 2. The mortality rate of SA 85 90.
- 3. Normal retirement age of 65 years.
- 4. The discount rate used was yield curve as at 30 June 2018 as supplied by the Johannesburg Stock Exchange.

18. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Included in the accumulated surplus are amount adjusted to the accumulated surplus of R12 519 723 which relates to transactions that were posted against the Accumulated Surplus account in the current year of assessment. These include amounts that should have been transacted in the prior years into their respective income and expense accounts.

These include and are not limited to the following:

- Write off of certain debtors and interest.
- Write off of prior year accruals. Adjustment to the provision for the Landfill Site

19. SERVICE CHARGES

Refuse Removal	758,857	653,355
20. RENTAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT		
FILLING STATION AND PARKING Various Rentals	151,130	138,396
FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT Billboards	4,852	2,714
	155,982	141,110

Some of the offices were not occupied during the year ended 30 June 2018.

At the end of the financial year, the properties were generating an average monthly income of R11 142 (2017; R10 326).

21. AGENCY FEES

eNATIS Commission	309,521	343,681

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
22. LICENCES AND PERMITS		
Drivers License Learners License	1,607,027 108,446	1,450,181 154,705
	1,715,473	1,604,886
23. OTHER REVENUE		
Movement in Landfill Site provision Amathole District Municipality debt write-down	513,923	510,338 8,379,822
Tender Fees Sundry Income	404,742 21,143	241,409 21,152
Building Plan Fees Insurance Claim for Loss of Property, Plant and Equipment	68,104 69,717	27,262 53,399
Debt impairment recovered	05,111	1,531,804
	1,077,629	10,765,186
Sundry Income includes income from entrance fees and cemetery fees.		
24. INTEREST EARNED - OUTSTANDING DEBTORS		
Interest earned on Outstanding Debtors	1,985,149	1,563,423
25. INTEREST FROM INVESTMENTS		
Interest from Investments Interest from SARS	754,119 1,029	1,106,765 22,553
	755,148	1,129,318

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
26. PROPERTY RATES		
Gross Property Rates Less: Rebates	26,337,092 (1,256,538)	26,887,310 (1,166,993)
	25,080,554	25,720,317
VALUATIONS		
Residential Commercial Government Municipal Farms agricultural Place Of Worship Vacant Land Game Hunting Other	344,707,304 139,476,888 571,034,890 84,049,307 85,104,301 2,396,000 105,918,284 6,300,000 16,027	
	1,339,003,001	1,339,003,001

Valuations on land and buildings within the boundaries of the municipality are performed every 4 years. The last general valuation came into effect on 1 July 2013. Supplementary valuations are processed on an annual basis to take into account changes in individual property values due to alterations and subdivisions.

The Munipality was due to perform its annual General Valuation at the expiry of the 4 year cycle in 2017 however, the municipality obtained an extention for the new General Valuation implementation till the 01 July 2019 wherein the General Valuation will be adopted.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
27. GOVERNMENT GRANTS		
Equitable Share Expanded Public Works Programme Municipal Infrastructure Grant Financial Management Grant Integrated National Electrification Programme	73,615,000 1,531,000 31,833,000 2,345,000 3,899,544 113,223,544	19,475,000 2,010,000
CONDITIONAL AND UNCONDITIONAL GRANTS		
Included in above are the following grants and subsidies received:		
Conditional grants received Unconditional grants received	39,608,544 73,615,000	25,585,456 76,828,000
	113,223,544	102,413,456

EQUITABLE SHARE

In terms section 227 of the Constitution, this grant is used to to enable the municipality to provide basic services and perform functions allocated to it.

The Equitable Share Grant also provides funding for the municipality to deliver free basic services to poor households and to subsidise the cost of administration and other core services for the municipality.

EXPANDED PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMME

Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	1,531,000 (1,531,000)	1,000,000 (1,000,000)
	-	•
The grant was received from National Roads and Public Works.		
The grant was used for stipends for unemployed youths.		
MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT		
Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	31,833,000 (31,833,000)	19,475,000 (19,475,000)
	-	-

The grant was received from National Treasury.

The grant was used for construction of community halls and extension of access roads.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
27. GOVERNMENT GRANTS (continued)		
FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT GRANT		
Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	2,345,000 (2,345,000)	2,010,000 (2,010,000)
	-	-
The grant was received from National Treasury,		
This grant was used to pay stipends for Financial Management Interns and Budget and	d Treasury Office related e	xpenditure,
INTEGRATED NATIONAL ELECTRIFICATION PROGRAMME		
Balance unspent at beginning of Current-year receipts Conditions met - transferred to revenue	899,544 3,000,000 (3,899,544)	
		899,544

Grant Received in-kind

The municipality indirectly received the benefit of a grant in-kind received from National Treasury for Electrification of Household by Eskom in the Municipality boundary. Eskom does the work on behalf of the municipality and transfers directly to the beneficiary, no payments are made by the municipality nor receipts of cash are directed to the municipality

28. FINES AND PENALTIES

Traffic fines issued during the year	449,700	588,650
29. OTHER TRANSFER REVENUE		
Donation of assets from Amathole District Municipality. Library Subsidy LG Seta transfer CETA	57,100,981 350,000 90,418	350,000 105,601 2,999,692
	57,541,399	3,455,293

Donations Income comprises of assets donated by the ADM to the municipality in the current year. The donated assets were valued to their fair market values and recognised at fair value in the financial statements of the municipality. The assets have been included in the property, plant and equipment balance.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
30. EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS		
Basic Salaries Annual Bonus (13th Cheques) UIF SDL SALGBC Levies Redemption of Leave Cellphone Allowance Shift Allowance Overtime Acting Allowances Housing Allowances Medical Aid Contributions Pension Fund Contributions Long Service Bonus Subsistence and Travel	41,313,250 2,837,625 327,874 467,486 19,619 1,656,802 281,303 250,509 324,429 - 166,277 2,396,885 6,055,734 406,742 2,301,887	36,030,912 2,684,800 301,588 430,642 17,525 655,338 355,512 222,084 323,384 3,485 195,593 2,148,891 5,454,039 415,358 2,828,111
The amounts below have been included in the above πote:		
REMUNERATION OF MUNICIPAL MANAGER		
Annual Remuneration Backpay SDL UIF Travel expenses Bargaining Levy Term leave	714,959 23,141 7,773 1,338 231,409 201,479	1,093,240 38,092 11,313 1,636 2,291 84 1,146,656

The amounts below have been included in the above note:

Included are Basic Salaries, Medical Aid all, Provident fund Allowance (for 9 Months) since the MM's appointment and the Acting Allowance from Mr Govu (Technical Director).

Term Leave is for the leave days for the previous Municipal Manager when he vacated the position.

REMUNERATION OF CHIEF FINANCE OFFICER

REMUNERATION OF EXECUTIVE MANAGER: CORPORATE SERVICES Annual Remuneration Backpay	618,135 10.285	846,750 31,743
	1,092,054	1,046,949
Bargaining Levy	99	92
Nonpensionable Allowance	172,900	165,455
Backpay	21,427	31.743
Cellphone allowance	1,785 40,545	1,785 34,885
SDL UIF	10,256	9,858
Travel expenses	209,950	205,084
Annual Remuneration	635,092	598,047

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
30. EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS (continued)		
Travel expenses	107,382	154,279
SDL	7,903	9,579
UIF	1,338	1,785
Bargaining Levy	66	92
Term leave	189,846	-
	934,955	1,044,228

Included are Basic Salaries, Medical Aid & Provident Fund Allowance for the previous Director Mr.s Mazwayi and the Acting Allowance of Mr Mxekezo when Mrs. Mazwayi vacated the position.

Term Leave is for the leave days for the previous Executive Manager when she vacated the position.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
30. EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS (continued)		
REMUNERATION OF EXECUTIVE MANAGER: TECHNICAL SERVICES		
Annual Remuneration Backpay Travel expenses	491,158 - 115,997	707,042 31,743 347,060
SDL UIF Cellphone allowance Bargaining Levy Term leave	6,609 1,041 22,849 33 148,079	8,481 1,785 67,486 92
rem leave	785,766	1,163,689
REMUNERATION OF EXECUTIVE MANAGER: COMMUNITY SERVICES		
Term Leave is for the leave days for the previous Executive Manager when he vacated the REMUNERATION OF EXECUTIVE MANAGER: COMMUNITY SERVICES Annual Remuneration Travel expenses SDL UIF	426,096 51,424 2,985 595	102,257 34,283 1,518 297
Bargaining Levy Acting allowance Medical aid	13,965 495,073	25,564 9,310 173,229
31. REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS		
Mayor Speaker Chief Whip MPAC Chair Exco Other Councillors	832,829 687,010 380,707 370,847 1,142,120 6,107,653	829,472 636,796 578,570 332,896 1,026,451 4,010,265
	9,521,166	7,414,4

The Remuneration of Councillors is based on the upper limit as per the Government Gazette.

The Mayor and the Speaker each have the use of separate Council owned vehicles and are provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council for official duties. The Mayor has a designated driver for the for official duties.

There were no in-kind benefits declared nor received by other Councillors.

32. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION

Property, plant and equipment Intangible Assets	18,107,793 469,481	16,378,855 356,629
	18,577,274	16,735,484

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
33. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS		
IMPAIRMENTS During the year, items of property, plant and equipment and investment property were impaired due to loss, damage or reduction in value.	14,881,096	410,009
34. FINANCE COSTS		
Finance Lease Interest on late Payment of Suppliers Finance costs on Landfill Site Provision	126,518 759,637	1,281,019 164,923 746,450
	886,155	2,192,392
35. DEBT IMPAIRMENT		
Debt Impairment	545,461	-
Debt impairment is an assessment of the amounts that will not be recovered from the debtors, policy.	based on the mun	icipality's
36. CONTRACTED SERVICES		
Repairs and maintenance Other contracted services	3,125,094 15,128,737	5,907,623 15,697,054
	18,253,831	21,604,677
Due to mSCoA implementation, the following reclassifications was made in the current year a year as follows.	nd affecting the 20	16/17 financia
Contracted Services Repairs and maintenance Other expenditure: Consultation and professional fees	18,253,831 (3,125,094) (15,128,737)	21,604,677 (5,907,623 (15,697,054
	-	-

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
37. OTHER EXPENDITURE		
Accommodation Expenses	2,051,330	3,277,131
Advertising	622,196	1,311,825
Agriculture	173,000	445,463
Audit Fees	3,581,608	3,199,529
Bank Charges	162,819	85,127
Books and Publications	-	82,875
Catering	567,408	340,428
Computer Expenses	62,082	67,827
Conferences and Seminars	199,195	98,538
Consumables	40,657	114,343
Electricity	2,596,255	3,125,700
Employee Assistance Programme	28,801	471,111
Financial Management Enhancement	1,378,846	1,051,994
Fines and penalties	13,500	100,000
Fuel and Oil	1,931,849	1,612,858
IDP Reviewal	58,896	719,303
Learnerships and interns	1,530,813	1,000,000
Legal Expenses	2,403,198	2,673,127
Life Saver Hire	386,310	194,800
Miscellaneous Expenses	4,608,478	7,034,670
Motor Vehicle Expenses	240.405	50,074
Printing and Stationery	319,135	384,054
Programmes Public Professionalises	18,037	3,899,906
Public Participation	(3,821)	2,288,723
Refuse	252,000	79,300
Royalties and License Fees	772,347	268,163
Special Programmes Unit	950,840	591,921
Subscriptions and Membership Fees	700 700	1,366,483
Telephone Tourism Development	729,723	666,023
Tourism Development	20,000	1,837,850
Training Uniforms	942,057	2,463,222
Water Municipal Use	269,805 1,571,992	1,676,382
vvater wurlicipal 05e		1,116,855
	28,239,356	43,695,605

Included in miscellaneous expenses are, among others, License fees, Bursaries, Auction fees, Workshops, Imbizos costs, Library costs and signage expenditure.

The negative Public Participation is as a result of the VAT portion that was incorrectly charged and recorded in the expense vote in the prior year. However, due to the introduction of mSCoA on 01 July 2017, the expense vote number did not exist when the VAT correction was done.

38. LOSS/(GAIN) ON DISPOSAL AND REVALUATION OF ASSETS

Loss/(gain) on disposal/Revaluation of assets	(3,538,258)	-

(Registration number EC126)

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
39. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Surplus for the year	56,880,453	4,258,796
ADJUSTMENT'S FOR:		
Depreciation and Amortisation	18,577,274	16,735,484
Impairment Loss on Assets	14,881,096	410,008
Amathole District Municipality liability write off	_	(8,379,822)
Debt Impairment	545,461	(1,531,804)
Gain on Disposal/Revaluation of Assets	(3,855,874)	-
Movement in Accrued Bonus	(53,556)	211,161
Movement in Long-Service Bonus	222,000	340,000
Movement on Leave Pay Provision	349,512	(201,024)
Movements in Provision for Landfill Sites	(513,923)	(510,338)
Interest on Landfilt Site provision	759,637	746,450
Provision for Landfill Site	245,714	9,150,669
Donation of assets from BCM	(57,100,981)	-
CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL:		
VAT Receivable	622,124	601,821
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	1,474,974	1,096,085
Receivables from Non-ExchangeTransactions	8,326,610	7,636,255
Inventories		(6,506,800)
Movements in Operating Lease Asset	1,698	(4,951)
Payables from exchange transactions	(3,267,546)	214,964
Payables from Non-Exchange Transactions	(115,371)	(154,048)
Unspent conditional grants and receipts	(899,544)	899,544
Finance lease liability current portion	(4 400 000)	-
Other non cash adjustments	(1,433,393)	2 000 007
Effect of the prior year adjustments		3,028,907
	35,646,365	28,041,357
40. COMMITMENTS		
AUTHORISED CAPITAL EXPENDITURE		
ALREADY CONTRACTED FOR BUT NOT PROVIDED FOR		
Property, plant and equipment	18,393,990	35,941,888

This committed expenditure relates to property, plant and equipment and will be financed through the Municipal Grants, existing cash resources, funds internally generated, etc.

41. PRIOR-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

Presented below are those items contained in the statement of financial position, statement of financial performance and cash flow statement that have been affected by prior-year adjustments:

RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS: This was a journal processed to adjust the property rates amount in the prior year and this affected the receivables from non exchange.

OPERATING LEASE ASSET: This was to correct an error made in the rental and straightlighing schedule. This affected the rental of facilities.

RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS: This was due to the write off of interest on Government debtors from 2012 to 2017.

PROVISIONS: This was a journal processed to adjust the Provision for Landfill Site as a new recalculation was made which affected the lifespan of the Site. This affected the Finance Costs and Other Revenue.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018 30 June 2017 Restated

41. PRIOR-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

OTHER REVENUE: The adjustment is for the provisions above as well as the reclassification of Library Subsidy which was classified as Other Income instead of Other Transfer Revenue.

INTEREST REVENUE: This was interest written off on long outstanding Government Debtors.

PROPERTY RATES: This was a journal processed to make a correction adjustment to the property rates amount in the prior year.

OTHER EXPENDITURE: This was a journal processed to make a correction adjustment to the other expenditure amount in the prior year..

LOSS ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS: This is the valuation of the Bhingqala road due to cost information for its construction not being available for its transfer to infrastructure.

INVENTORIES: This was due to the reclassification of inventory to Investment property and Land.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY: This was due to the transfer of investment property to Land.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT: This was due to the Bhingqala Project which was valued since there was no cost information available and then transferred to infrastructure, as well as the related depreciation adjustment. It is also due to the impairment adjustment for the Glenmore Sportfield...

PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS: This was to correct the Amathole District municipality balance as per the age analysis .

RENTAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT: This was to correct an error made in the rental and straight lining schedule. This affected rental of facilities.

EMPLOYEE COSTS: This was due to the correction of employee costs that was incorrectly reported..

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS: This is due to the impairment adjustment for Glenmore Sportsfield..

FINANCE COSTS: This was due to the adjustment of finance costs as per the landfill site report.

DEBT IMPAIRMENT: This was due to the reversal of debt impairment as a result of debtors written off.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018	30 June 2017
	Restated

41. PRIOR-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

2017

	Note	As previously reported	Correction of error	Restated
Current Assets Inventories Receivables from non-exchange transactions Operating Lease Asset	4	3,345,700 21,659,587 404,534	6,506,800 (2,641,046) (7,541)	9,852,500 19,018,541 396,993
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	6	8,364,827	(1,632,913)	6,731,914
		33,774,648	2,225,300	35,299,948
Non-current Assets			-	~
Investment property		24,058,000	(2,122,500)	21,935,500
Property, plant and equipment		170,056,701	29,860,391	199,917,092
		194,114,701	27,737,891	221,852,592
Total Assets		227,889,349	29,963,191	257,152,540
Liabilities			-	-
Current Liabilities			_	-
Payables from Exchange Transactions		(22,594,254)	(133,749)	(22,728,003)
Payables from Non-Exchange Transactions		(497,776)	(198,788)	(696,564)
		(23,092,030)	(332,537)	(23,424,567)
Non-Current Liabilities		-	_	-
Provisions	17	(3,190,987)	(9,147,369)	(12,338,356)
Total Liabilities		(26,283,017)		(35,762,923)
Net Assets		201,606,332	20,483,285	222,089,617

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June	30 June
2018	2017
	Restated

41. PRIOR-YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (continued)

2017

Revenue	Note	As previously reported	Correction of error	Re- classification	Restated
Revenue from exchange transactions					
Rental of Facilities and Equipment	20	146,952	(5,842)	-	141,110
Other Revenue	23	9,073,044	2,042,141	(350,000)	10,765,185
Interest on outstanding debtors	25	3,777,615	(2,214,192)		1,563,423
Total revenue from exchange transactions		12,997,611	(177,893)	(350,000)	12,469,718
Revenue from non-exchange transactions					
Property Rates	26	25,753,131	(32,814)		25,720,317
Other Transfer Revenue	29	3,105,293	-	350,000	3,455,293
		28,858,424	(32,814)	350,000	29,175,610
Total Revenue from non exchange		41,856,035	(210,707)	-	41,645,328
Expenditure		-		_	_
Finance Costs	34	(1,445,942)	(746,450)	-	(2,192,392)
Employee related costs		(51,868,473)	(198,789)	-	(52,067,262)
Impairment of assets		(17,717)	(392,291)	-	(410,008)
Depreciation		(16,738,460)	2,976	-	(16,735,484)
Debt impairment		(1,750,594)	1,750,594	-	-
Repairs and maintenance		(6,012,391)		6,012,391	-
Other expenditure		(57,504,540)	(1,783,351)	15,592,286	(43,695,605)
Contracted services			м	(21,604,677)	(21,604,677)
Total Expenditure		(135,338,117)	(1,367,311)	-	(136,705,428)
Surplus for the year		(93,482,082)	(1,578,018)	-	(95,060,100)

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

2017

	Note	As previously reported	Correction of error	Restated
Cash flow from operating activities Receipts				
Billed Services		33,219,795	3,217,800	36,437,595
Government Grants		103,313,000	2,555,750	105,868,750
Interest Revenue		1,070,556	1,622,185	2,692,741
Receipt from other services		5,532,818	(3,432,392)	2,100,426
		143,136,169	3,963,343	147,099,512
Payments				
Cash paid to Suppliers and Employees		(113,682,429)		(117,612,208)
Finance Costs		(1,006,456)		(1,445,942)
		(114,688,885)	(4,369,265)	(119,058,150)
		28,447,284	(405,922)	28,041,362
Cash flow from investing activities		-	_	-
Proceeds from insurance		137,964	53,399	191,363
Cash flow from investing activities		-	-	-
Finance Lease Repayments		(5,348,191)	352,524	(4,995,667)
		23,237,057	1	23,237,058

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June	30 June
2018	2017
	Restated

42. RISK MANAGEMENT

LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk is the risk that the municipality will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The municipality's approach to managing the liquidity risk is to ensure that sufficient liquidity is available to meet its liabilities when they fall due, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the municipality's reputation.

The municipality's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

Cash flow forecasts are prepared and adequate utilised borrowing facilities are monitored.

Balances with banks, deposits and all call and current accounts attract interest at rates that vary with South African prime rate. The municipality's policy is to manage interest rate risk so that fluctuations in variable rates do not have a material impact on the surplus / deficit.

The municipality's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates due to the short term nature of interest bearing assets.

Surplus funds are invested with banks for fixed terms on fixed interest rates not exceeding one year. For details refer to note 8.

Any change in interest rates will not have any impact on the accumulated surplus of the municipality. At period end financial assets exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents - R1 503 665 (2017: R1 265 817).

CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the municipality if customers or counterparties to financial instruments fail to meet their contractual obligations and arises principally from the municipality's receivables, and cash and cash equivalents. The municipality only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counterparty. Receivables are amounts owing by consumers and are presented net of impairment losses.

Receivables comprise a widespread customer base. Management evaluated credit risk relating to these customers on an ongoing basis. If customers are independently rated, these ratings are used. Otherwise, if there is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the group of customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors:

Financial instruments exposed to credit risk at year end were as follows:

Financial instrument	2018	2017
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	5,256,940	6,731,914
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	10,691,930	19,018,540
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,503,665	1,265,817
Finance Lease Obligation		7,342,097
Provisions	12,806,070	12,338,356
Payables from Exchange Transactions	19,460,457	22,728,003
Payables from Non-Exchange Transactions	581,193	696,564
Unspent conditional grants and receipts		899,544

43. GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to the fact that at 30 June 2018, the municipality had an accumulated surplus of 276,679,917 and that the municipality's total liabilities did not exceed its assets.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June	30 June
2018	2017
	Restated

43. GOING CONCERN (continued)

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

In August 2018, after the year end but before the submission and approval of the AFS, the Council made a resolution to recover monies paid to Senior Managers appointed from 2014 to current that were paid outside the upper limits of the Local Government: Regulations on Appointment and Conditions of Employment of Senior Managers. The details of the resolution are in the August Council meeting minutes and are disclosed in the Note 49 under Contingent Assets.

45. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

There was no unauthorised expenditure incurred by the municipality in the current year. Refer to the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts.

Opening balance as previously reported	34,717,829	34,717,829
46. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE		
Opening Balance as previously reported Fruitless and wasteful expenditure for the Current year	276,428 140,469	14,886 261,542
	416,897	276,428
47. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE		
Opening balance Add: Irregular Expenditure - current year	53,439,937 43,903,041	41,111,787 12,328,150
	97,342,978	53,439,937
Details of irregular expenditure Proper Supply Chain Management processes were not followed in making the awards	43,903,041	12,328,150

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June	30 June
	2018	2017
		Restated

48. DEVIATION FROM SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS

Paragraph 12(1)(d)(i) of Government gazette No. 27636 issued on 30 May 2005 states that a supply chain management policy must provide for the procurement of goods and services by way of a competitive bidding process.

Paragraph 36 of the same gazette states that the accounting officer may dispense with the official procurement process in certain circumstances, provided that he records the reasons for any deviations and reports them to the next meeting of the Council and includes a note to the annual financial statements.

Listed below are the various circumstances were goods and services were procured during the financial year under review and the process followed in procuring those goods deviated from the provisions of paragraph 12(1)(d)(i) as stated above. The reasons for these deviations were documented and reported to the accounting officer who considered them and subsequently approved the deviation from the normal supply chain management regulations.

Incidents		
Deviations due to Emergency procurement	1,707,353	9,677,513
Deviations due to Sole supplier procurement	1,935,433	3,318,448
Deviations due to impracticality of following SCM processes	3,229,963	2,924,623
	6,872,749	15,920,584

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

71.	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
		Restated

49. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingencies arise from pending litigation on contractual disputes and damage claims. As the conclusion of the process is dependent on the setting of the dates by the respective courts, the timing of the economic outflow is therefore uncertain.

494 EC Pending investigation on the merits.	750,000	
Kwane (2017) Higher purchase agreement between NLM, Kwane and BLC Company. Contract to be declared invalid Discovery stages. Kwane filled notice for discovery. NLM is yet to discover.	700,000	-
Kwane (2018) Kwane suing NLM for unlawful termination of contract Counsel is briefed to draw memorandum on the evidence and/or merits.	11,204,414	•
Nosizwe Madlingozi o.b.o Sesona Manyathi NLM being sued for negligence resulting in injury of Manyathi (Soccer match organized by independent association) Joinder application stage. Punitive cost order pending application	5,050,000	1,502,180
Gwavu (EFF) Composition of EXCO in that it excludes the opposition parties Matter set down for hearing of the application on 14/08/2018.	550,000	-
Aubrey May Civil matter : Illegal structures. Completion expected about 30 November 2017 Case is still being investigated	50,000	-
Mr Allie Title Deeds to be obtained and registration of transfer to be effected in King William's Town Deeds Offices Pending application to demolish illegally erected structures.	50,000	-
Hamburg Caravan Park Civil matter : eviction of illegal occupiers as Hamburg Caravan Park is the property of Ngqushwa Local Municipality Pending application for eviction	100,000	-
Ntombentsa Doloni Dismissal or Reinstatement of employee Hearing was held on 2 August 2018 Pending decision by management re: settlement proposals between the parties	88,162	۰
Dielanga Trading CC A claim by Dielanga Trading CC based on a dispute for services rendered Case still pending	595,872	595,872
	18,556,111	2,098,052

CONTINGENT ASSETS

In 2014, the Municipality made payments to Senior Managers that were appointed outside the Upper limits that were set out in the Local Government: Regulations on Appointment and Conditions of Employment of Senior Managers. During the financial statements preparation period, the Council resolved that the Senior Managers who were offered packages that were outside the referred Regulations repay the excess amounts paid. The packages outside the upper limits per the Resolutions amounted to R 2,698,397. According to legal advisors, it is probable that the proceedings will result in the recovery of the full amount but this recovery is virtually certain and is dependent on the acknowledgement of debt by the affected Senior Managers.

50. RELATED PARTIES

GRAP 20 requires a disclosure of related party transactions during the financial period of the financial statements as well as the nature of the related party relationship, the nature of the transactions and outstanding balances including commitments. However, those disclosures are not required for transactions which occured in the normal course of business. The municipality did not have any transactions with its related parties that were not in the ordinary course of business. The municipality discloses the transactions of water provision by the ADM to the municipality in the ordinary course of business of both the municipality and ADM. Refer to Note 14 for the outstanding balances owed. The municipality did however receive a donation of assets from ADM of R57 100 981 as disclosed in note 29.

Further, the municipality is also required to disclose the remuneration of its management having the authority to direct the business of the municipality. Key management include the Mayor, Speaker, Mayoral Committee members, Councillors, Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer and the Directors. For the remuneration of the key management and Councillors refer to Note 30 and 31 respectively.

(Registration number EC126)
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017 Restated
51. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE IN TERMS OF THE MUNICIPAL FINANCE IN	MANAGEMENT ACT NO 56 OF 2	2003
CONTRIBUTIONS TO SALGA		
Current year fee Amount paid - current year	782,167 (782,167)	532,000 (532,000)
	-	-
AUDIT FEES		
Opening balance Current year fee Amount paid - current year Amount paid - previous years	722,280 2,859,818 (2,859,818) (722,280)	3,816,101 (3,093,821)
	=	722,280
PAYE, SDL AND UIF		
Opening balance Current charges Amount paid - current year	691,192 9,331,758 (9,191,616)	665,428 8,462,350 (8,436,586)
	831,334	691,192
PENSION AND MEDICAL AID DEDUCTIONS		
Opening balance Current year contributions Amount paid - current year Correction of misallocations	19,313,496 (17,969,087)	72,350 13,335,869 (13,335,869) (72,350)
	1,344,409	•

COUNCILLOR'S ARREAR CONSUMER ACCOUNTS

No councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days at 30 June 2018:

ANNEXURE B AUDITOR GENERAL REPORT

Report of the auditor-general to the Eastern Cape Provincial Legislature and council on the Ngqushwa Local Municipality

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

- 1. I have audited the financial statements of the Ngqushwa Local Municipality set out on pages ... to ..., which comprise statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of financial performance, statement of changes in net assets, cash flow statement and statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts for the year then ended, as well as the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- 2. In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, financial position of the Ngqushwa local municipality as at 30 June 2018, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the South African Standards of General Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) and the requirements of the Municipal Finance Management Act of South Africa, 2003 (Act No. 56 of 2003) (MFMA) and the Division of Revenue Act of South Africa, 2017 (Act No. 3 of 2017) (DoRA).

Context for the opinion

- I conducted my audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My
 responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor-general's
 responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report.
- 4. I am independent of the municipality in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of ethics for professional accountants (IESBA code) and the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit in South Africa. I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA code.
- 5. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matters

6. I draw attention to the matters below. My opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Irregular expenditure

7. As disclosed in note 47 to the financial statements, irregular expenditure amounting to R97,3 million (2017: R53,4 million) has been incurred in the current year due to the reversal of a write-off of irregular expenditure and supply chain management (SCM) processes not being followed.

Restatement of corresponding figures

 As disclosed in note 41 to the financial statements, the corresponding figures for 30 June 2017 have been restated as a result of errors discovered during the period 30 June 2018 in the financial statements of the municipality at, and for the year ended, 30 June 2018.

Responsibilities of the accounting officer for the financial statements

- 9. The accounting officer is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the South African Standards of GRAP and the requirements of the MFMA and DoRA, and for such internal control as the accounting officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 10. In preparing the financial statements, the accounting officer is responsible for assessing the municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the appropriate governance structure either intends to liquidate the municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor-general's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

- 11. My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- 12. A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is included in the annexure to this auditor's report.

Report on the audit of the annual performance report

Introduction and scope

- 13. In accordance with the Public Audit Act of South Africa, 2004 (Act No. 25 of 2004) (PAA) and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I have a responsibility to report material findings on the reported performance information against predetermined objectives for selected development priorities presented in the annual performance report. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 14. My procedures address the reported performance information, which must be based on the approved performance planning documents of the municipality. I have not evaluated the completeness and appropriateness of the performance indicators/ measures included in the planning documents. My procedures also did not extend to any disclosures or assertions relating to planned performance strategies and information in respect of future periods that

may be included as part of the reported performance information. Accordingly, my findings do not extend to these matters.

15. I evaluated the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information in accordance with the criteria developed from the performance management and reporting framework, as defined in the general notice, for the following selected development priorities presented in the annual performance report of the municipality for the year ended 30 June 2018:

Development priorities	Pages in the annual performance report
KPA 2: Quality basic service delivery and infrastructure development	6
KPA 3: Local economic development	7

- 16. I performed procedures to determine whether the reported performance information was properly presented and whether performance was consistent with the approved performance planning documents. I performed further procedures to determine whether the indicators and related targets were measurable and relevant, and assessed the reliability of the reported performance information to determine whether it was valid, accurate and complete.
- 17. The material findings in respect of the usefulness and reliability of the selected development priorities are as follows:

KPA 2 - Quality basic service delivery and infrastructure development

Usefulness of the reported performance

Various indicators

18. The measures taken to improve performance were not adequately disclosed for the following targets:

Target as per 2017/18 SDBIP	Achievement as per 2017/18 APR	Corrective Action as per 2017/18 APR
Surfacing of 1.8km of Peddie town streets	Partially achieved as surfacing of 1.8km Peddie town streets 85% completed	Project completion certificate will be issued in 2018/19 financial year
Maintenance of 290 street lights in the following villages by 30 June 2018: Mgababa (100) Prudoe (130) Wesley (30) Mphekweni(30)	Partially achieved as 130 Street lights were maintained in the following villages: Mgababa (70) Prudhoe (30) Wesley (30)	The project could not be completed due to budget constraints
Maintenance of 22 High Mast by 30 June 2018 in the following	Partially achieved as 19 High Masts were maintained in the following	The project could not be completed due to

areas/village:	villages:	budget constraints
Peddie Extension (10)	Glennmore (1)	
Glennmore (1)	Hamburg (1)	
German Village (3)	Durban (7)	
Durban Village (7)	Peddie Extension (10)	
Hamburg (1)	,	
	Partially achieved as 3 Repairs and	This indicator relates to
Repairs and Maintenance	Maintenance of electricity in the	
of electricity in the following 6		electrical faults that are
Municipal buildings by 30 June	following building were performed:	reported by the
2018.	Technical Services	departments to
1)Main building	Main Building	Electrical unit.
2)Technical Services Department	Corporate Services	Lioda di ii.
3) Ncumisa Kondlo indoor sport		
centre		
4Traffic Department		
5) Hamburg offices		
6)Corporate Services		
Electrical Maintenance of 20	Partially achieved as 16 Community	The project could not
Community Halls by 30 June 2018	halls were electrical maintained:	be completed due to
1) Rura	1) Wesley	•
1) Rula 2) Baltein	2) Tuku A	budget constraints
1 '	1 '	
3) Pikoli	3) Wooldridge	
4) Crossroads	4) Crossroads	
5) Legeni	5) Leqeni	
6) Feni	6) Feni	
7) Tuku A	7) Bhongweni	
8) Woodridge	8) Mhankone	
9) Wesley	9) Glenmore	
10) Mankone	10) Pikoli	
11) Mtati	11) Baltein	
12) Ngqwele	12) Rura	
13) Nxopho	13) Phole	
14) Phole	14) Nxopho	
15) Nyaniso	15) Ngqwele	
16) Cheletyumna	16) Mthathi	
17) Mkhanyeni		
18) Tyhatha		
19) Bhongweni		
20) Glennmore		
Maintenance of 130 street lights in	Not Achieved as 38 street lights	The project will be
	were maintained in Peddie town	· ·
Peddie town by 30 June 2018	were maintained in Feddie town	completed in 2018/19
<u></u>		Financial Year
Electrification of 211 households in	Partially achieved as 211 houses	The project will be
the following villages by 30 June	were electrified but the construction	completed in 2018/19
2018:	percentage is at 70.78% for the	Financial Year
Tyeni (25)	following villages:	i ilialitial leal
Hamburg (40)	Tyeni (25)	
Gobozana (30)	Hamburg (40)	
Mhankone (10)	Gobozana (30)	
Qawukeni (21)	Mhankone (10)	
	Qawukeni (21)	
Paradise (10)	Paradise (10)	
Peddie Ext (5)	, ,	
Tyata (10)	Peddie Ext (5)	
Gcinisa South (30)	Tyata (10)	
Libalele (10)	Gcinisa South (30)	
Upper Gwalane (20)	Libalele (10)	

	Upper Gwalane (20)	
Cleaning and unblocking of 30 storm water drainage by 30 June 2018	Partially Achieved, report and completion form are not reflecting number of storm water achieved.	This will be rectify in 2018/19 financial year.
Maintenance of 165km gravel road by 30 June 2018	Partially achieved, 149,5km of maintenance of gravel road.	The remaining KM's in the maintenance of gravel road will be done in 2018/19 financial year.

Re-gravelling of roads in municipal area and cleaning of open drains

19. As per the approved annual performance plan, the planned indicator is not consistent with the planned target. The planned indicator refers to the re-gravelling of roads in the municipal area and cleaning of open drains. The planned target refers to the cleaning and unblocking of 30 storm water drainage by 30 June 2018. The reported achievement was partially achieved.

Reliability of the reported performance

Various indicators

20. The achievement for the following targets reported in the annual performance report did not agree with the supporting evidence provided.

KPI	Reported	Actual Achievement per	Misstatement
No	achievement per	portfolio of evidence	
	APR		
QBSD	Partially achieved as	0 houses were electrified, as	Overstatement 100%
12	211 houses were	there was no completion	
	electrified but the	certificate attached to the	
	construction	POE and there was no list of	
	percentage is at	houses electrified.	
	70.78% for following		
	villages:		
	Tyeni (25)		
	Hamburg (40)		
	Gobozana (30)		
	Mhankone (10)		
	Qawukeni (21)		
	Paradise (10)		
	Peddie Ext (5)		
	Tyata (10)		
	Gcinisa South (30)		
1	Libalele (10)		
	Upper Gwalane (20)		
QBSD	The reported	Not achieved	Overstatement of 100%.
8	achievement as per		The measurement basis for the
	APR is that the		reported achievement, being a
	surfacing of Peddie		percentage, is inconsistent with the

	town streets is 85%		planned target being in number of
	complete.		kilometres.
QBSD	Partially achieved as	60 street lights were	53% Overstatement
9	130 street lights	maintained, as the completion	
	were maintained in	certificate for Mgababa was	
	the following villages:	not certified by the ward	
	-	councillor.	
	Mgababa (70)		
	Prudhoe (30)		
	Wesley(30)		

KPA 3 – Local economic development

Usefulness of the reported performance

Various indicators

21. The following indicators are not consistent with the planned targets approved in the annual performance and the reported achievement in the annual performance report.

Indicator	17/18 Annual target	Reported achievement
Development of business plan for LED initiatives	Implementation of LED strategy by 30 June 2018	Achieved as LED Strategy Implemented.
Revitalization of 5 irrigation schemes: Ngxakaxha, Thyefu, Dube, Gcinisa and Mthombe) Land mechanization (Mthathi, Benton)	Implementation of draft poverty alleviation plan by 30 June 2018	Achieved as Draft Poverty Alleviation Plan Implemented.
Number of tourism projects implemented through the tourism sector plan.	Implementation of draft tourism sector plan by 30 June 2018	Achieved as Draft Tourism Sector Plan Implemented.
Development of business plan for source of funding for construction of recycling facility at landfill site	Source funding for construction of recycling facility and landfill site by 30 June 2018	Achieved as Business plan developed and submitted to source funding for construction of recycling facility and landfill site.
Number of activities conducted for implementation of environmental management plan	Implementation of environmental management plan by 30 June 2018.	Achieved as environmental management plan implemented.
Development of business plan for sourcing of funds for environmental related projects.	Source funding for environmental related projects by 30 June 2018.	Achieved as business plan developed and submitted to source funds for environmental projects
Number of activities conducted for implementation of coastal management plan.	Implementation of coastal management plan by 30 June 2018	Achieved, Coastal management plan implemented

Various indicators

22. The planned and reported indicators and targets listed below are not measurable.

Planned and reported Indicator	Planned and reported target	Reported achievement
Maintenance of open spaces, municipal grounds, parks, and public amenities.	Maintenance of open spaces, municipal grounds, parks and public amenities by 30 June 2018	Achieved as open spaces, municipal grounds, parks and public amenities maintained.
Number of tourism projects implemented through the tourism sector plan.	Implementation of draft tourism sector plan by 30 June 2018	Achieved as Draft Tourism Sector Plan Implemented.
Number of activities conducted for implementation of environmental management plan	Implementation of environmental management plan by 30 June 2018.	Achieved as environmental management plan implemented.
Number of activities conducted for implementation of coastal management plan.	Implementation of coastal management plan by 30 June 2018	Achieved, Coastal management plan implemented

Number of road blocks and workshops conducted

23. The planned and reported indicator and target listed below is not relevant to the mandate of LED which is to create wealth using natural resources thereby promoting sustainable economic growth.

Planned and reported Indicator	Planned and reported target	Reported achievement
Number of road blocks and workshops conducted.	Three roadblocks to be conducted and one quarterly awareness workshops to be conducted by 30 June 2018.	Achieved as Three (3) roadblocks and one awareness workshops conducted.

Reliability of the reported performance

Various indicators

24. The achievement for the following targets reported in the annual performance report did not agree with the supporting evidence provided.

KPI	Indicator per APR	Nature of Misstatement	Misstatement
No			
LED	Revitalisation of 5	Q1: Site visit forms were not specific as to	The reported
5	irrigation schemes	say what irrigation scheme site was	achievement is
	(Ngxakaxha, Thyefu,	visited. Q4: There is no evidence relating	overstated by 100%
	Dube, Gcinisa and	to supply of production inputs for Dube,	
	Mthombe)	Thyefu and Ngxakaxha.	

Various indicators

25. The following indicators per the initial 17/18 SDBIP were found to have evidence for work performed in the Portfolio of Evidence (PoE), but were not included in the revised SDBIP and annual performance report (APR) for the 2017/2018 financial year.

KPI	Indicator per PoE	Budget	Nature of Misstatement
No		Allocation per	
		initial SDBIP	
LED	Marketing of Ngqushwa	R1 000 654	As per the PoE, work was performed in relation
3	as Tourism Destination		to the indicator but the indicator was then
			omitted from the revised SDBIP and not
			reported in the APR
LED	Number of farmers	R0	As per the PoE, work was performed in relation
4	supported with livestock		to the indicator but the indicator was then
	improvement programme		omitted from the revised SDBIP and not
			reported in the APR.

Other matters

26. I draw attention to the matters below.

Achievement of planned targets

27. Refer to the annual performance report on pages 6 to 8 for information on the achievement of planned targets for the year. This information should be considered in the context of the material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information in paragraphs 17 to 24 of this report.

Adjustment of material misstatements

28. I identified material misstatements in the annual performance report submitted for auditing. These material misstatements were on the reported performance information of KPA2 – quality basic service delivery and infrastructure development and KPA 3 – local economic development. As management subsequently corrected only some of the misstatements, I raised material findings on the usefulness and reliability of the reported performance information. Those that were not corrected are reported above.

Report on the audit of compliance with legislation

Introduction and scope

- 29. In accordance with the PAA and the general notice issued in terms thereof, I have a responsibility to report material findings on the compliance of the municipality with specific matters in key legislation. I performed procedures to identify findings but not to gather evidence to express assurance.
- 30. The material findings on compliance with specific matters in key legislations are as follows:

Annual financial statements

31. The financial statements submitted for auditing were not prepared in all material respects in accordance with the requirements of section 122(1) of the MFMA. Material misstatements of non-current assets, current assets, liabilities, revenue and disclosure items identified by the auditors in the submitted financial statement were subsequently corrected, resulting in the financial statements receiving an unqualified audit opinion.

Expenditure management

- 32. Reasonable steps were not taken to prevent irregular expenditure amounting to R97,3 million as disclosed in note 47 to the annual financial statements, as required by section 62(1)(d) of the MFMA. The majority of the irregular expenditure was caused by non-compliance with supply chain management regulations.
- 33. Reasonable steps were not taken to prevent fruitless and wasteful expenditure amounting to R240 469, as disclosed in note 46 to the annual financial statements, in contravention of section 62(1)(d) of the MFMA. The majority of the disclosed fruitless and wasteful expenditure was caused by penalties and interest paid on overdue balances.

Consequence management

- 34. Unauthorised expenditure incurred by the municipality was not investigated to determine if any person is liable for the expenditure, as required by section 32(2)(a) of the MFMA.
- 35. Losses resulting from unauthorised expenditure were not recovered from the liable person, as required by section 32(2)(a) of the MFMA.
- 36. Irregular expenditure incurred by the municipality were not investigated to determine if any person is liable for the expenditure, as required by section 32(2)(b) of the MFMA.
- 37. Losses resulting from irregular expenditure were not recovered from the liable person, as required by section 32(2) of the MFMA.
- 38. I was not able to determine whether cases of irregular expenditure that constituted a criminal offence were reported to the South African Police Service, as required by section 32(6) of the MFMA.
- 39. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred by the was not investigated to determine if any person is liable for the expenditure, as required by section 32(2)(b) of the MFMA.
- 40. Losses resulting from fruitless and wasteful expenditure were not recovered from the liable person, as required by section 32(2)(b) of the MFMA.

Supply chain management

41. Some of the goods and services with a transaction value of below R200 000 were procured without obtaining the required price quotations, in contravention of by SCM regulation 17(a) and (c).

- 42. Some of the contracts were awarded to bidders that did not score the highest points in the evaluation process, as required by section 2(1)(f) of Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act and Preferential Procurement Regulations.
- 43. Commodities designated for local content and production, were procured from suppliers who did not submit a declaration on local production and content as required by the 2017 preferential procurement regulation.
- 44. Commodities designated for local content and production, were procured from suppliers who did not meet the prescribed minimum threshold for local production and content, as required by the 2017 preferential procurement regulation 8(5).
- 45. The performance of some of the contractors or providers was not monitored on a monthly basis, as required by section 116(2)(b) of the MFMA. Similar non-compliance was also reported in the prior year.

Human resource management

- 46. I was unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence that the senior managers disclosed financial interests within 60 days from the date of appointment, as required by regulation 36(1)(a) on appointment and conditions of employment of senior managers.
- 47. I was unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence that an approved staff establishment was in place, as required by section 66(1)(a) of the MSA.

Other information

- 48. The accounting officer is responsible for the other information. The other information does not include the financial statements, the auditor's report and those selected development priorities presented in the annual performance report that have been specifically reported in this auditor's report.
- 49. My opinion on the financial statements and findings on the reported performance information and compliance with legislation do not cover the other information and I do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- 50. In connection with my audit, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the selected development priorities presented in the annual performance report, or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- 51. I did not receive the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. When I do receive and read this information, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and request that the other information be corrected. If the other information is not corrected, I may have to retract this auditor's report and re-issue an amended report as appropriate. However, if it is corrected this will not be necessary.

Internal control deficiencies

- 52. I considered internal control relevant to my audit of the financial statements, reported performance information and compliance with applicable legislation; however, my objective was not to express any form of assurance on it. The matters reported below are limited to the significant internal control deficiencies that resulted in the basis for the opinion, the findings on the annual performance report and the findings on compliance with legislation included in this report.
- 53. Although leadership has set the correct tone in the municipality it has not been fully effective due to the number of issues that are being addressed in financial reporting, predetermined objectives and compliance with laws and regulations.
- 54. Management has not effectively implemented daily and monthly controls as designed for the municipality's business processes, resulting in significant misstatements not being detected or corrected in the financial statements, predetermined objectives and non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- 55. The municipality has a functional internal audit and audit committee, however, the internal control weaknesses identified by external and internal auditors have not been adequately addressed by management.

AUDITUR - GENERAL

East London 30 June 2018



Auditing to build public confidence

Annexure - Auditor-general's responsibility for the audit

As part of an audit in accordance with the ISAs, I exercise professional judgement and
maintain professional scepticism throughout my audit of the financial statements, and the
procedures performed on reported performance information for selected development priorities
and on the municipality's compliance with respect to the selected subject matters.

Financial statements

- 2. In addition to my responsibility for the audit of the financial statements as described in this auditor's report, I also:
 - identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
 - obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the municipality's internal control
 - evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the accounting officer.
 - conclude on the appropriateness of the accounting officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements. I also conclude, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Ngqushwa Local Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements about the material uncertainty or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion on the financial statements. My conclusions are based on the information available to me at the date of this auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause a municipality to cease continuing as a going concern
 - evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

Communication with those charged with governance

- I communicate with the accounting officer regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.
- 4. I also confirm to the accounting officer that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to have a bearing on my independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

ANNEXURE C AUDIT ACTION PLAN

COAF	EX C #	Exceptio n Heading	Summar y of Finding	Natu re	Suggested Control Improvements	Direc torat e	HOD	Responsi ble Official	Time Line
01		AFS Review: The financial stateme nts submitt ed for audit were not prepare d in all material respects in accorda nce with the require ments of section 122 of the MFMA.	Material misstate ments of current assets / liabilities / revenue / expendit ure / disclosur e items identifie d by the auditors in the submitte d financial statemen ts were subseque ntly correcte d , resulting in the financial statemen ts receiving an unqualifi ed audit opinion.	Inter nal Cont rols	1, Management should develop Bi-Annual Financial Statements. 2, The Bi-Annual Financials as should be subjected to quality reviews by BTO, Internal Audit and Audit Committee	Budg et and treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	1. 30 April 2018 2. 30 May 2018 and 30 Aug 3201 8

05	2	Expendi ture: paymen ts not paid within 30 days.	During the audit of operatin g expendit ure, it was noted that the following payment s were made after 30 days of the receipt of the invoice: 1. Gloriaan Constructions CC 2. Amangut a'mahle Trading 3. Narveda Trading 2 4. Amangut a'mahle Trading 5. Universit y of Fort Hare 6. Universit y of Fort Hare 6. Universit y of Pretoria 7. Lateral Unison Insuranc e Broker 8. Gcida Travel	Inter nal contr ol	1. Document Movement Register be implemented to record all incoming and outgoing Invoices from various departments. 2. Implementatio n of two payment cycle in a month. 3. Sending of remainders to all departments before deadline dates	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	1. 28 Feb 2018 2. 31 Marc 2018 3. 31 Marc h 2018
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			enterpris e CC						
14	3	Procure ment and Contract manage ment: Applicati on of SCM regulati on 32	The municipa lity procured Siya and Aya from I Ngquza Hill Local municipa lity, for electrific ation of 9 villages. This was procures through applicati on of section 32 of SCM regulation; however these contracts were not validly procured by other organs of the state as they have resulted in irregulari ties. Further Siya and Aya had	Com plian ce	Management should ensure that all contracts procured through SCM regulation 32 are validly procured by the other organs of the state by developing and implementing a checklist to be reviewed and signed-off by a senior official.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going

			a valid tax clearanc e from SARS certifying that the tax affairs of Siya and Aya are not in order.						
18	4	Procure ment and contract manage ment: Prohibit ed supplier s trading with the municip ality.	The following award was made to suppliers prohibite d from doing business with the public sector. > Supplier name - Bomasok a Trading > Amount - R 8 000 > Entity status - In Business	Com plian ce	Management should ensure that each supplier is checked against the National Treasury database for prohibited suppliers before being awarded. A checklist be included as part of the evaluation criterion during the evaluation of bids. The checklist is to confirm that suppliers under evaluation have been confirmed or check against national treasury database for prohibited suppliers and in-house Restricted suppliers database	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going

14	5	Procure ment and Contract Manage ment: Supplier s in service of other state instituti ons	awards worth a total value of R 7 265 247.91 were made to suppliers who are in the service of other state institutio ns. Refer to the detailed audit findings for further details.	Com plian ce	Maintain a database of Suppliers who have in the past submitted false declarations and flag such suppliers on the supplier database so as to ensure that quotations are not accepted from these service providers.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going
18	6	Procure ment and contract manage ment: Awards to supplier s in which partners or associat es of employe es, and POB/ member s of AA has an interest	During the audit work performe d the following exceptio ns with a total value of R 3 356 881.88 were identifie d: > Supplier with interest (Interest other) > Suppliers which close	Com plian ce	SCM Section should maintain a Database of all municipal officials that have business interest. The said database should be consulted every time an award is made to a supplier to ensure that there is no conflict of interest.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	

			family members of employe es and POB/ members of AA has an interest. > Suppliers with no VAT numbers > Suppliers with no physical addresse s only PO Box > Suppliers with duplicate informati on						
14	7	Procure ment and contract manage ment: Bidder that scored the highest points was not appoint ed.	When recalcula ting the functiona lity points for procure ment of Professio nal Service of Prudhoe Internal Streets, we noted that Sokhani Develop ment did not meet the	Com plian ce	Deviations to normal procurement processes as documented in the municipality's Supply Chain Management policy, should be approved by the designated level of authority and captured timely in a deviations register. Furthermore, such deviations are to be supported by relevant documentation	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going

			functiona lity points of 80 out of 100 and therefore should have been disqualifi ed and not proceede d to pricing.		to substantiate the proposed course of action.				
12	8	Use of Consult ants and Contract manage ment: No proper contract and perform ance monitori ng in place	During the audit work performe d on consulta nts and contract manage ment it was noted that the municipa lity does not have adequate controls in place to ensure that it monitors the performa nce of contract ors on a monthly basis. (For a number projects the informati on provided	Com plian ce	A Standardised monitoring tool be developed and communicated to all departments. The monitoring tool is to be completed and signed off for all SP and sent through to BTO on a monthly basis for reporting purposes	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	28- Feb- 18

14	9 Procure ment and Contract manage ment: Deviatio ns less than R 200 000.	recorded in the deviation register do not	Complian	Deviations to normal procurement processes as documented in the municipality's Supply Chain Management policy, should be approved by the designated level of authority and captured timely in a deviations register. A deviation checklist be developed or updated accordingly to ensure all procurements done through deviations do	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	SCM Manager	31- Jan- 18
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					infact meet the definition of a deviation and comply with all aspects as contained in the SCM Policy and the applicable SCM Regulations.				
15	10	Contract Manage ment: No proper approval of variation s and extensio ns	During the audit work performe d on contract manage ment it was noted that expendit ure to date exceede d the contract amount therefore resulting in variation s above 15 percent, the variation was not consider ed by the adjudicat ion committ ee, was approved by council and the local communi	Com plian ce	A senior official should frequently update the contract register and reviews should be performed by the chief accountant and should sign off as evidence of having performed such reviews. Contracts that are approaching or have exceeded their initial or approved contract value be flaged and reported to MANCO	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going

			ty was not given reasonab le notice of the intention to amend the contract.						
14	11	Procure ment and contract Manage ment: Conflict of interest (Gift register not kept)	Through testing of procure ment it was noted that the municipa lity does not maintain a gift register was requeste d in RFI 10 and it was not submitte d as the municipa lity does not maintain a gift register to allow Scum officials and other employe es to declare only gifts received.	Inter nal contr ol	1. Management should ensure that a gift register is maintained by the municipality so that officials or other role players involved in procurement declare any gifts received. 2. It is recommended that the municipality maintains a sponsorship register to record all sponsorships received from supplier and other stakeholders. 3. The register(s) should be communicated to all employees to create awareness of the existence thereof. 4. BTO is to	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	1. 30 Jan 2018 2. 30 Jan 2018 3. 15 Feb 2018 4. Quar terly

					report quarterly to MANCO, Executive and Council on all Gifts and Sponserships received or declared for a particular quarter.				
14	12	Procure ment and Contract Manage ment: Applicati on of SCM regulati on 32	During the audit work performe d, it was noted that the municipa lity has not demonst rated the benefits and discounts of participa ting in the in the following contracts: > Mguncul u Trading > Thubala m Cc > Siya and Aya > Mantella Trading T/A Designer Lighting The scope, specificat	Com plian ce	Management should use regulation 32 only when goods or services being procured are exactly the same in nature and scope, furthermore benefits to be obtained from procurement through another organ of state should be considered and demonstrated before entering into the contract. BTO to develop and implement a checklist to be reviewed and signed-off by a senior official which will ensure all criterion is met before entering into a contract through application of Reg 32	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going

Not indica ted	13	Expendi ture: Differen ces between invoices and general ledger	ion and price for the goods that are being procured are not exactly the same in all material respects to those procured by other related organ of state. During the audit, differenc es were noted between invoices and general ledger. Refer to the detailed audit findings for the detailed list of invoices identifie d with differenc es.	Finan	Monthly reconciliations should be performed and reviewd by senior official to ensure there are no errors or mistakes that have been processed through the accounting system.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	on going
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Not indica ted	14	Payable s: Differen ce with payables	The following differences were noted related to payables between the proposed and actual journals passed. The proposed journals to be passed amounted to R 668 642 and the actual journals passed amounted to R 1 464 606, resulting in a difference of R 795 964. This results in understatement of payables by R 795 964 and expenditure of the same amount.	Finan	Creditors Monthly reconciliations should be performed and reviewd by senior official to ensure there are no errors or mistakes that have been processed through the accounting system. 2. Journals should be prepared and reviewed by senior officials. The journals should have defined fields where the preparer, reviewer and authoriser are required to sign and date.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	1 & 2 Mont hly
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15 15	Procure ment and Contract Manage ment: Reasons for approvin g variation s are not justifiable	For the contract below manage ment approved a deviation but the reasons for the deviation was not justifiabl e as there was no emergen cy and it did not seem that it was impossibl e to follow procure ment processe s. The contract was not advertise d although the Municipa lity knew that the contract was ending, no procure ment steps were followed before	Compliance	The municipality should follow procurement procedures when appointing contractors, a variation should only be done and approved for circumstances where it was not forseen.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going

18	16	Indigent debtors: Exceptions from CAATS testing > Refer to CAATS 3 CAATS 4 & CAATS 5	the end date of the previous contract with tyekeni therefore the municipa lity deviated due to poor planning. > Tyekani Protection and clothing - Security Services. (8/2/541/2016-2017) The following instances were identified which indicate that the indigent debtor is not valid. During the comparis on, the following data sets were used: > Compani es and intellectual	Finan	Management should review the contents of the findings identified from the CAATS testing to determine the validity thereof such that appropriate follow up action can be taken if necessary to declassify the applicant as an indigent debtor.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	30/0 6/20 18	
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			list of records identifie d.					
Q2 Recor ds Revie w AGSA	17	Unauth orised, Irregular and Fruitless Expendi ture: Inadequ ate processe s to prevent, detect and follow up UIF	Unautho rised, Irregular and Fruitless Expendit ure: Inadequa te processe s to prevent, detect and follow up UIF	Management to develop and implement an Unauthorised, Irregular and Fruitless & Wasteful Expenditure compliance checklist(s) which is to be used for each procument. The checklist(s) must be designed to ensure deterent and prevention of UIF and should detail th process, procedures and documentation that needs to be adherent to or attached in order for procument not to result to UIF Expenditure. The checklist(s) should be attached to the relevant procurement documentation or vouchers and should be completed by a Junior official and signed off	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	30- Apr- 18

				by a Senior Official.				
Q2 Recor ds Revie w AGSA	18	Monitor ing: Audit action plan not fully impleme nted (deviatio ns)	Monitori ng: Audit action plan not fully impleme nted (deviatio ns)	The Audit Action Plan is to be followed up and reported on a monthly basis rather than on a quarterly basis as it has been the case. Departments are to update the Electronic Version of the Audit Action Plan by detailing or documenting the implementatio n status in the relevant column (Column Heading — "Management Comments") and submit to Internal Audit (Ms L Ramncwana) with POE for verification. Where an action item is said to be implemented or partially implemented,	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	Mont

				the relevant substantiating documentation should be filed, referenced and submitted together with the updated departmental Audit Action Plan for verification and consolidation by Internal Audit. Departmental Audit Action Plans together with POE files be submitted to Internal audit no later than the 25th of every month.				
Q2 Recor ds Revie w AGSA	19	Procure ment and contract manage ment No evidenc e that deviatio n register is reviewe d by AO and CFO.	Procure ment and contract manage ment No evidence that deviation register is reviewed by AO and CFO.	Deviations Register be prepared on a monthly basis, reviewed by the CFO and tabled or presented at MANCO and signed of by the Accounting Officer as evidence of having considered or reviewed the register.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	Mont hly

Q2 Recor ds Revie W AGSA	20	Procure ment and contract manage ment: Prior Year findings about inadequ ate reasons provide d for deviatio ns have not been address ed and Can result in irregular expendit ure	Procure ment and contract manage ment: Prior Year findings about inadequate reasons provided for deviation s have not been addressed and Can result in irregular expendit ure	Deviations to normal procurement processes as documented in the municipality's Supply Chain Management policy, should be approved by the designated level of authority and captured timely in a deviations register. Furthermore, such deviations are to be supported by relevant documentation to substantiate the reasons why it was not practical to follow normal procurement process.	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On
Q2 Recor ds Revie w AGSA	21	Complia nce manage ment Through inspecti on of MPAC reports, and audit action plan noted that there is no evidenc e of investiga tions	Complia nce manage ment Through inspectio n of MPAC reports, and audit action plan noted that there is no evidence of investiga tions and no steps	Management reports to council on Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure should specifically recommend that Council refer such reports to MPAC for Investigation. NB: Sec 32 (2)(a)&(b) of the MFMA dictates that council can only write off	Budg et and Treas ury	V Mak eda ma	Chief Financial Officer	On going

and no steps taken to prevent irregular expendit ure.	taken to prevent irregular expendit ure.	after an investigation.		

CO AF #	EX C #	Exceptio n Heading	Summary of Finding	Natur e	Suggested Control Improvements	Direc torat e	HO D	Responsi ble Official	Time Line
03	1	Employe e related costs: Perform ance reviews only done for one quarter in 2016/17 financial year.	Performa nce reviews only done for one quarter in 2016/17 financial year.	Intern al Contr ols	1. Management to undertake the outstanding PMS reviews for 2016/17. 2. PMS Review dates for the 2018/19 financial year be included in the Institutional Calender 3. Outside stakeholders	Offic e of the muni cipal Man ager	Mrs M.P Mp ahl wa	Ms X Maswana	1. 2018- 03-30 2. 2018- 06-30 3. 2018- 07-30 4. 2018- 07-30

					(i.e. Panel members) be sent the municipality's programme or proposed dates for upcoming PMS reviews to allow for proper planning 4. PMS Reviews for the 2017/18 financial year to be completed by 30 July 2018				
03	2	e related costs: Perform ance evaluati on panel not in terms of the regulatio n 2794) of Municip al Perform ance regulatio ns	As per inspection of the attendance register of quarter one performance reviews for managers directly accountable to the municipal manager it was noted that a member of the mayoral or executive committe e was not present	Intern al Contr ols	Management should ensure they comply with the Municipal Performance regulation 27(4) e) in terms of which they must establish a performance evaluation panel that constitutes the presence of a performance audit committee, member of the mayoral or executive committee and Municipal manager from another municipality. Performance reviews must be done for the	Offic e of the muni cipal Man ager	Mrs M.P Mp ahl wa	Ms X Maswana	30th June 2018
			and further the municipal manager from		municipal manager and senior managers to ensure that performance is				

			another municipal ity was also not present.		monitored regularly and appropriate measures can be taken.				
02	3	AOPO: Pro- active review of 17/18 SDBIP	During the audit a number of findings were identified where the SMART criteria as required by the Framewo rk for Managin g Program me Performa nce Informati on (FMPPI) were not applied. Refer to the detailed audit findings for the detailed list of findings identified .	Meas urabili ty	Management should ensure that indicators and targets are SMART. The SDBIP and the Adjusted SDBIP Should be reviewed by both Internal Audit and Audit Committee before approval by Council	Offic e of the muni cipal Man ager	Mrs M.P Mp ahl wa	Ms X Maswana	28- Feb- 18

04	4	АОРО:	During	Useful	Management	Offic	Mrs	Ms X	28-
		Adjustm	the audit	ness	should ensure	e of	M.P	Maswana	Feb-
		ent of	it was	and	that	the	Мр		18
		the	noted	Reliab	performance is	muni	ahl		
		SDBIP	that the	ility	predetermined	cipal	wa		
		not in	SDBIP		and changes to	Man			
		accorda	was		the SDBIP are	ager			
		nce with	adjusted		made in				
		budget	not in		accordance with				
		process.	accordan		budget				
		p. occss.	ce with		adjustment				
			the		processes to				
			budget		prevent				
			adjustme		planned				
			-		•				
			nt		performance				
			processes		being aligned to				
			as it was		reported				
			approved		performance at				
			by		year end.				
			council						
			on the		Management				
			28th of		also needs to				
			June		ensure that				
			2016 6		during				
			Months		performance				
			after the		planning stage				
			adjustme		the IDP and				
			nt budget		SDBIP are in				
			was		terms of the				
			approved		framework for				
					managing				
					performance				
			Further		information to				
			changes		avoid making				
			were		changes to the				
			made to		SDBIP after the				
			the		adjustment				
			nature of		budget.				
			the		~~~~~				
			indicator						
			s and						
			targets						
			_						
			making						
			targets						
			aligned						
			to the						
			actual						
			achievem						
			ent						
			rather						

			being predeter mined and performa nce being measure d against those predeter mined indicator s and targets. Refer to the detailed audit findings for the detailed list of changes identified .					
Q2 Rec ord s Rev iew AG SA	5	Complia nce manage ment Through inspectio n of MPAC reports, and audit action plan noted that there is no evidence of investiga tions and no steps taken to prevent irregular	Complian ce manage ment Through inspectio n of MPAC reports, and audit action plan noted that there is no evidence of investigat ions and no steps taken to prevent irregular expendit ure.	Capacitation of MPAC members to conduct such investigations.	Offic e of the muni cipal Man ager	Mrs M.P Mp ahl wa	Ms N Ncapayi	1. Capac itatio n (On Going) 2. Budg et 2018- 04-30

		expendit ure.						
Q2 Rec ord s Rev iew AG SA	6	Perform ance manage ment: IA has not finalised report on perform ance informat ion.	Performa nce manage ment: IA has not finalised report on performa nce informati on.	Quarterly Reports on performance Information should be submitted with POE to Internal Audit within one week from the end of the Quarter to allow Internal Audit to perform Reviews and issue report timeously.	Offic e of the muni cipal Man ager	Mrs M.P Mp ahl wa	Ms X Maswana	Quart erly
Q2 Rec ord s Rev iew AG SA	7	Perform ance manage ment: No alignme nt done between targets achieved (80%) and actual spending.	Performa nce manage ment: No alignmen t done between targets achieved (80%) and actual spending.	The 2018/19 SDBIP reporting Template should be updated to include a column for actual expenditure against set targerts and relevant POE (i.e. relevant to actual Expenditure incurred) be filled according for reporting purposes.	Offic e of the muni cipal Man ager	Mrs M.P Mp ahl wa	Ms X Maswana	30- Apr- 18

Q2	8	Monitori	Monitori	The Audit	Offic	Mrs	Ms N	30-
Rec		ng:	ng:	Action Plan is to	e of	M.P	Yapi	Apr-
ord		Audit	Audit	be followed up	the	Мр		18
S		action	action	and reported on	muni	ahl		
Rev		plan not	plan not	a monthly basis	cipal	wa		
iew		fully	fully	. Departments	Man			
AG		impleme	impleme	are to update	ager			
SA		nted	nted	the Electronic				
		(deviatio	(deviatio	Version of the				
		ns)	ns)	Audit Action				
		,		Plan by				
				detailing or				
				documenting				
				the				
				implementation				
				status in the				
				relevant column				
				(Column				
				Heading –				
				"Management				
				Comments")				
				and submit to				
				Internal Audit				
				(Ms L				
				Ramncwana)				
				with POE for				
				verification.				
				Where an				
				action item is				
				said to be				
				implemented or				
				partially				
				implemented,				
				the relevant				
				substantiating				
				documentation				
				should be filed,				
				referenced and				
				submitted				
				together with				
				the updated				
				departmental				
				Audit Action				
				Plan for				
				verification and				
				consolidation by				
				Internal Audit.				
				Departmental				
				Audit Action				
				Plans together				
	İ		l l	with POE files	1	İ	ĺ	1

be submitted to Internal audit no later than the 25th of every month. Internal Audit to give a consolidated status update on a Monthly Basis at the
Management
Meetings on the
implementation
of the Audit
Action Plan

CO AF #	EX C #	Exceptio n Heading	Summary of Finding	Nat ure	Suggested Control Improvements	Direc torat e	HO D	Responsi ble Official	Time Line
03	1	Employe e related costs: No basis for the amount of travel allowanc e paid to technicia ns, middle and senior mangers	During the audit work performe d in subsisten ce and travel allowanc e it was noted that an amount of R 5 887.54 is paid monthly to managers , however this amount	Inte rnal con trol	Management should develop a basis of how travel allowance that is paid to each technician, middle or senior is calculation to ensure that qualifying employees receive travel allowance that is an equivalent reflection of their employment position. A clear policy outlining the basis for granting car/travel allowance to all	Corp orate Servi ces	Mk usel i Mx eke zo	Director Corporat e Services.	31-Mar- 18

			could not be agreed to the approved subsisten ce and travel policy, furtherm ore the amount of travel allowanc e is increased each year by the salary incremen t published in SALGA circular.		municipal officials.				
03	2	e related costs: No letter from MEC approvin g the extensio n of action director of commun ity services.	The acting director of Community services acted for a period of more than 3 months, then the acting period was extended for a further period of more than 3 months, but as per inspection of the	Inte rnal Con trol s	It is recommended that that when an acting period of a person that is acting in a position of a senior manager or municipal manager is extended for an extended period of more than 3 months, a letter from the MEC local government which approves the extension must be obtained.	Corp orate Servi ces	Mk usel i Mx eke zo	Director Corporat e Services.	Continu

			employe e file of the acting director of communi ty services, it was noted that no letter was obtained from the MEC approvin g his extension .						
Q2 Rec ord s Rev iew AG SA	3	HR manage ment Successi on plan not impleme nted.	HR manage ment Successio n plan not impleme nted.	Inte rnal Con trol s	to ensures that the institution is well-positioned to continue growing and performing, minimizing the impact of losing key talent and leaders, Management should implemet the institutional succession Plan in line with the approved policy for succession.	Corp orate Servi ces	Mk usel i Mx eke zo	Director Corporat e Services.	Continu
Q2 Rec ord s Rev iew AG SA	4	HR manage ment No HR plan in place	HR manage ment No HR plan in place	Inte rnal Con trol s	To ensure the best fit between employees and jobs, while avoiding manpower shortages or surpluses, Management should develop and implement a Human	Corp orate Servi ces	Mk usel i Mx eke zo	Director Corporat e Services.	30 June 2018 (Develo pment) 01 July 2018 onward s (Implem entation)

					Resource Management Plan				
Q2 Rec ord s Rev iew AG SA	5	Monitori ng: Audit action plan not fully impleme nted (deviatio ns)	Monitori ng: Audit action plan not fully impleme nted (deviatio ns)	Inte rnal Con trol s	The Audit Action Plan is to be followed up and reported on a monthly basis rather than on a quarterly basis as it has been the case. Departments are to update the Electronic Version of the Audit Action Plan by detailing or documenting the implementation status in the relevant column (Column Heading — "Management Comments") and submit to Internal Audit (Ms L Ramncwana) with POE for verification. Where an action item is said to be implemented or partially implemented, the relevant substantiating documentation should be filed,	Corp orate Servi ces	Mk usel i Mx eke zo	Director Corporat e Services.	Monthly

referenced and submitted together with
the updated
departmental
Audit Action
Plan for
verification and
consolidation by
Internal Audit.
Departmental
Audit Action
Plans together
with POE files
be submitted to
Internal audit
no later than
the 25th of
every month.

NGQUSHWA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY 2017/18 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

KPA 1: INSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND DESIGN

Strategy	Objec tive	Indic ator	2016/17 Perform ance (Baselin e)	2017/18 Annual Target	2017/18 Actual Perform ance	Snaps hot	Reaso ns for Varia nce	Correc tive Action s	Sc ore	KP I NO	ADJUS TED BUDG ET
To improve organiza tional cohesion and effective ness	To build and enhan ce the huma n resour ce capaci ty of the institut ion	Approval of HumanResource strategy by Council	HR strategy expiring in 30 Septemb er 2017	Develop ment of HR strategy for approval by Council by 30 June 2018	Achieve d as HR Strategy submitte d for approval to Council by 30 June 2018		Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	ID D1	RO

KPA 2: QUALITY BASIC SERVICES AND INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

Strat egy	Object ive	Indica tor	2016/17 Performance (Baseline)	2017/1 8 Annual Target	2017/18 Actual Perform ance	Sna psh ot	Reaso ns for Varian ce	Corre ctive Action s	Sc or e	KPI NO	ADJU STED BUD GET
To mana ge Qualit y Basic Servic es provis ioning in order to ensur e the rende ring of sustai nable and afford able	To manag e the construction, repair and mainte nance and operational proces ses with regard to roads, community halls and	Construction of Community Hall in Mdolo mba	2 Community halls constructed	Construction of Mdolo mba Community Hall by 30 June 2018	Achieve d as 1 commun ity hall construc ted in Mdolom ba	4000	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 1	R1,4 00,00 0

servic es to the comm unitie s of Ngqu shwa by 2022 and beyon d.	storm water networ ks									
	To manag e the construction, repair and mainte nance and operational proces ses with regard to roads, community halls and storm water networks	Construction of Community Hall in Gcinis a	2 Community halls constructed	Construction of Gcinisa Community Hall by 30 June 2018	Achieve d as 1 commun ity hall construc ted in Gcinisa	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 2	R1,4 00,00 0
	To manag e the construction, repair and mainte nance and operational proces ses with regard to roads, community halls and storm	Construction s of Crossroads Internal Roads	Number of km Internal Roads constructed	Construction of Crossroads Internal Roads (5km) by 30 June 2018	Achieve d as 5 km Internal Roads construc ted in Crossro ads	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 3	R2,0 41,10 0

water netwo ks	r								
To mana e the const uction repair and maint nance and opera onal proces ses with regar to roads community halls and storm water networks	s of Cisira Intern al Roads	Number of km Internal Roads constructed	Construction of Cisira Internal Roads(5 km) by 30 June 2018	Achieve d as 5 km Internal Roads construc ted in Cisira	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 4	R2,8 05,00 0
To mana e the const uction repair and maint nance and opera onal processes with regar to roads and storm water networks	s of Qamn yana Intern al Roads	Number of km Internal Roads constructed	Construction of Qamny ana Internal Roads by (5km) 30 June 2018	Achieve d as 5 km Internal Roads construc ted in Qamnya na	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	8 D 5	R2,5 00,00 0

To manag e the construction, repair and mainte nance and operati onal proces ses with regard to roads and storm water networks	Construction s of Newto ndale Intern al Roads	Number of km Internal Roads constructed	Construction of Newton dale Internal Roads (5km) by 30 June 2018	Achieve d as 5 km Internal Roads construc ted in Newton dale	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 6	R2,8 04,15 0
To manag e the construction, repair and mainte nance and operational proces ses with regard to roads and storm water networks	Construction s of Mgab aba Intern al Roads	Number of km Internal Roads constructed	Construction of Mgaba ba Internal Roads(5km) by 30 June 2018	Achieve d as 5 km Internal Roads construc ted in Mgabab a	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 7	R1,9 41,00 0
To manag e the construction, repair and mainte nance and operati	Surfac ing of 1.8 km of Peddi e Town Street s	Number of km Internal Roads constructed	Surfaci ng of Peddie Town Streets by 30 June 2018	Partially achieve d as Surfacin g of 1.8 km Peddie town streets, only 1,5km	Delays due to Servic e Provid er commi tments	Remai ning 0,3km will be compl eted in 2018/1 9 financi al year and	2	QB SD 8	R6,8 00,00 0

onal proces ses with regard to roads, comm unity halls and storm water networ ks				complet ed			project compl etion certific ate issued in the 2018/1 9 financi al year			
To manag e the provisi oning and mainte nance of electri cal servic es to ensure the renderi ng of effecti ve, efficie nt, econo	Numb er of street lights mainta ined in the followi ng village s: Mgab aba Prudh oe Wesle y Mphek weni	320 street lights maintained	Mainte nance of 290 street lights in the followin g villages by 30 June 2018: Mgaba ba (100) Prudho e (130) Wesley (30) Mphek weni(30)	Not achieve d as only 60 Street lights were maintain ed in the followin g villages: Mgabab a (70) Prudhoe (30) Wesley (30)	<i>-</i> €	Lack of Person nel and insuffic ient materi al	The remain ing 230 Street lights will be mainta ined in 18/19 Financ ial year.	2	QB SD S	R160 ,000
mical and electri cal mainte nance servic es.	Numb er of High Mast mainta ined b in the followi ng areas/ village : Peddi e Exten sion Glenm ore Germ an Village	22 High Mast maintained	Mainte nance of 22 High Mast by 30 June 2018 in the followin g areas/v illage: Peddie Extensi on (10) Glenm ore (1) Germa n Village	Partially achieve d as 19 High Masts were maintain ed in the followin g villages: Glenmor e (1) Hambur g (1) Durban (7) Peddie Extensio n (10)	(b)	Insuffic ient materi al	The project could not be compl eted due to budget constraints	2	QB SD 10	R270 ,000

	Durba n Village Hamb urg		(3) Durban Village (7) Hambu rg (1)						
To provid e easily access ible new facilitie s that accom modat e person s with disabili ties whilst adapti ng, upgrad ing and mainta ining existin g ones	Numb er of electrif ied munici pality buildin gs mainta ined	6 municipal buildings maintained	Repair s and Mainte nance of electricity in the followin g 6 Municipal buildin gs by 30 June 2018. 1) Main buildin g 2) Tech nical Service s Depart ment 3) Ncumis a Kondlo indoor sport center 4Traffic Depart ment 5) Hamburg offices 6) Corporate Service s	Partially achieve d as 3 Repairs and Mainten ance of electricit y in the followin g building were perform ed: Technic al Services Main Building Corpora te Services	Only 3 Buildin gs were mainta ined out of the 6	This indicat or relates to electric al faults that are reporte depart ments to Electrical unit .	2	QB SD 11	R 100,0 00

	Numb er of electrif ied comm unity halls mainta ined	20 community halls maintained	Electric al Mainte nance of 20 Comm unity Halls by 30 June 2018 1)Rura 2)Baltei n 3)Pikoli 4)Cros sroads 5) Leqeni 6)Feni 7)Tuku A 8)Woo dridge 9)Wesl ey 10)Man kone 11) Mtati 12)Ngq wele 13)Nxo pho 14)Pho le 15) Nyanis o 16)Che letyum a 17)Mkh anyeni 18)Tyhath a 19) Bhong weni 20) Glenm ore	Partially achieve d as 16 Commu nity halls were electrica I maintain ed: 1) Wesley 2) Tuku A 3) Wooldri dge 4) Crossro ads 5) Leqeni 6)Feni 7)Bhong weni 8)Mank one 9)Glenm ore 10)Pikoli 11)Balte in 12)Rura 13)Phol e 14)Nxop ho 15)Ngq wele 16)Mtha thi		Lack of Person nel and insuffic ient materi al	The project could not be compl eted due to budget constraints	2	QB SD 12	
To manag e the provisi oning	Numb er of street lights mainta	130 street lights maintained in Peddie town	Mainte nance of 130 street lights in	Not Achieve d as 48 street lights	P	Lack of Person nel and	The remain ing 82 street lights		QB SD 13	R O

and mainte nance of electri cal servic	ined in Peddi e town		Peddie town by 30 June 2018	were maintain ed in Peddie town	materi al for mainte nance	will be mainta ined in 18/19 Financ ial Year.			
es to ensure the renderi ng of effecti ve, efficie nt, econo mical and electri cal mainte nance servic es.	Numb er of house holds electrified in the following village s: Tyeni Hamb urg Goboz ana Manko ne Qawu keni Paradi se Peddi e Ext(en dlovini) Thyat a Gcinis a South Libalel e Upper Gwala ne	209 households electrified	Electrification of 211 househ olds in the followin g villages by 30 June 2018: Tyeni (25) Hambu rg (40) Goboz ana(30) Manko ne (10) Qawuk eni (21) Paradis e (10) Peddie Ext(5) Thyata(10) Gcinisa South(30) Libalel e(10) Upper Gwalan e (20)	Not achieve d as 0 houses were electrifie d in the followin g villages: Tyeni (25) Hambur g (40) Goboza na(30) Mankon e (10) Qawuke ni (21) Paradis e (10) Peddie Ext(5) Thyata(10) Gcinisa South(30) Libalele(10) Upper Gwalan e (20)	Late appoin tment of consult and contra ctor	Electrification of 211 house holds in the following village s will be done in 2018/1 9 financial year. Tyeni (25) Hamb urg (40) Goboz ana(30) Manko ne (10) Qawuk eni (21) Peddie Ext(5) Thyata (10) Peddie Ext(5) Thyata (10) Upper Gwala ne (20)	2	QB SD 14	R3,8 99,54 4

To manage the construction, repair and maintender and operational processes with regard to roads, community halls and storm water	km of gravel road to be mainta ined	119 km gravel road maintained	Mainte nance of 165km gravel road by 30 June 2018	Partially Achieve d, 149.50k m gravel road maintain ed.	Mecha nical faults (plant breaka ge) experi enced in Road Machi nery during mainte nance hinder ed the Munici pality to reach require d target.	The remain ing KM's in the mainte nance of gravel road will be done in 2018/1 9 financi al year	3	QB SD 15	R1,0 01,28 1
networks	Pot- hole patchi ng in Peddi e town ,Hamb urg and Bira	1200 m² pot- hole patching	Pothole patching of 1200 m² in Peddie town, Hamburg and Bira by 30 June 2018	Achieve d,1560 m² Pot- hole patching in Peddie town, Hambur g and Bira	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 16	
	Regravell ing of roads in munici pal area and cleaning of open drains	4km Re- gravelling of roads and 120 open drains	Cleanin g and unbloc king of 30 storm water drainag e by 30 June 2018	Not Achieve d, report and completi on form are not reflectin g number of storm water achieve d.	There is insuffic ient inform ation presen ted as proof of cleanin g and unbloc king of 30 storm water draina ges.	This will be rectify in 2018/1 9 financi al year.	3	QB SD 17	

Surfac ing of 1.8 km of Peddi e Town Street s phase 2	Phase 1 Surfacing of Peddie Town Streets	Contra ctor Appoint ed for Phase 2 (Surfac ing of Peddie Town Streets)	Achieve d, Appoint ment Letter for contract or for Phase 2(Surfacin g of Peddie Town Streets)		Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 18	R4,0 50,00 0
Appointment of Contractor for construction of Community	Contractor appointed	Appoint ment of Contra ctor for the Construction of Bhele Community Hall by 30 June 2018	Achieve d, Appoint ment letter for Constru ction of Bhele Commu nity Hall		Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	QB SD 19	R1,5 00,00 0
Appointment of Contractor for construction of Community	1 Community halls constructed	Appoint ment of Contra ctor for the Construction of Shushu Community Hall by 30 June 2018	Achieve d, Appoint ment letter for Constru ction of Shushu Commu nity Hall	100 m	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 20	R1,5 00,00 0
Appointment of Contractor for construction of Comm	1 Community halls constructed	Appoint ment of Contra ctor for the Construction of Ngqum a Comm	Achieve d, Appoint ment letter for Constru ction of Ngquma Commu nity Hall		Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	QB SD 21	R1,5 00,00 0

unity hall	unity Hall by 30 June 2018		
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KPA3: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Strate gy	Objec tive	Indicator	2016/1 7 Perfor mance (Basel ine)	2017/1 8 Annual Target	2017/1 8 Actual Perfor manc e	Sna psh ot	Reas ons for Varia nce	Corre ctive Actio ns	Sc or e	K PI N O	ADJ UST ED BUD GET
Local Econ omic Devel opme nt strive s to ensur e to creat e wealt h using natur al resou rces there by prom oting sustai nable	To creat e an enabli ng envir onme nt that prom otes the devel opme nt of the local econ omy and facilit ate job creati on	Development of Business Plan for LED initiatives	Draft LED Strate gy	Imple mentat ion of LED strateg y by 30 June 2018	Not Achie ved as LED Strate gy was not imple mente d	•	Reas on for varian ce is due to budge t constr aints	Imple mentat ion of LED Strate gy will be done in 2018/1 9 financi al year.	1	LE D 1	R O
econ omic growt h.	To mark et Ngqu shwa Local Munic ipality as a touris m destin ation of choic e	Number of Tourism projects implemented through the Tourism Sector Plan	Draft LED Strate gy	Imple mentat ion of the Draft Touris m sector plan by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed as Draft Touris m Sector Plan Imple mente d.		Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	LE D 2	R 50,00 O

	To enhan ce equita ble access and partici pation in agricul ture	Revitalization of 5 Irrigation Schemes(Ngxakax ha,Thyefu,Dube,G cinisa and Mthombe) Land Mechanization (Mthathi,Benton)	Draft LED Strate gy	Imple mentat ion of Draft Povert y Allevia tion Plan by 30 June 2018	Achie ved as Draft Pover ty Allevi ation Plan Imple mente d.	Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	LE D 3	R13 1,00 0
	oppror tunitie s by unlock ing agricul tural potent ial.	Conduct Risk Management Forums for the farmers	Not Applic able	Condu ct 4 Risk Manag ement Forum s by 30 June 2018	Achie ved as 4 Risk Mana geme nt Foru ms condu cted.	Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	LE D 4	R O
To manag e Qualit y Basic Servic es provisi oning in order to ensure the render ing of sustai nable and afford able servic es to the comm unities of Ngqus hwa by 2022 and beyon d.	To mana ge the rende ring of waste mana geme nt servic es in accor danc e with applic able legisl ation, by-laws and stand ards.	Development of business plan for source funding for construction of recycling facility and Landfill site	Peddi e landfill site	Source e fundin g for construction of Recycling facility and Landfil I site by 30 June 2018	Achie ved as Busin ess plan devel oped and submi tted to sourc e fundin g for construction of recycli ng facility and landfill site.	Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	C M S 1	RO
	To ensur e effecti ve,	Number of activities conducted for implementation of	Final draft Enviro nment al	Imple mentat ion of enviro nment	Achie ved as enviro nment	Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	C M S 2	R 0

efficie nt and econ omic mana geme nt of	environmental management plan	mana geme nt plan	al manag ement plan by 30 June 2018	al mana geme nt plan imple mente d.						
the envir onme nt by 2022 and beyo nd.	Development of business plan for sourcing funds for environmental related projects	Enviro nment al projec ts	Sourc e fundin g for enviro nment al related project s by 30 June 2018	Achie ved as busin ess plan devel oped and submitted to sourc e funds for enviro nment al projec ts		Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	C M S 3	RO
To mana ge the provis ioning and maint enan ce/ opera tion of parks , sport groun ds, com mona ge and public amen ities	Maintenance of open spaces, municipal grounds, parks and public amenities	Maint enanc e of Peddi e Park and Public ameni ties	Mainte nance of open space s, munici pal groun ds, parks and public amenit ies by 30 June 2018	Achie ved as open space s, munic ipal groun ds, parks and public ameni ties maint ained.	Comment of the commen	Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	C M S 4	RO
Integr ation of sustai nabilit y princi ples in planni	Number of activities conducted for implementation of coastal management plan	Coast al mana geme nt plan	Imple mentat ion of coasta I manag ement plan by 30	Achie ved, Coast al mana geme nt plan imple		Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	C M S 5	R O

ng and subse quent activit ies within the coast al zone			June 2018	mente d					
To mana ge the rende ring of efficie nt and sustai nable traffic and law enfor ceme nt servic es to all road users and public	Number of Roadblocks and Workshops conducted	4 Road blocks were condu cted	Three (3) roadbl ocks to be condu cted and one quarte rly aware ness works hops to be condu cted by 30 June 2018	Achie ved as Three (3) roadbl ocks and one aware ness works hops conducted.	Not Applic able	Not Applica ble	3	C M S 6	RO

KPA 4: FINANCIAL VIABILITY AND MANAGEMENT

Strate gy	Objective	Indicato r	2016/1 7 Perfor mance (Baseli ne)	2017/1 8 Annual Target	2017/18 Actual Perfor mance	Snap shot	Reaso ns for Varian ce	Correc tive Action s	Sc or e	KP I N O	ADJU STED BUDG ET
To be a financi al viable munici pality (self-sustain ability)	Ensuring sound financial planning and reporting through budget manage ment best practices and interdepa	Approv ed 5 year Financi al Plan	Not applic able	Develo pment and approv al of 5 year Financi al Plan adopte d by Counci I at 30 June 2018	Achiev ed,5 year Financi al Plan develo ped and adopte d by Council		Not Applica ble	Not Applica ble	3	BT O 1	R845, 687
	rtmental coordinat ion.	1.Subm ission of 1 set of signed Annual Financi al Statem ents for 2016/1 7 with accomp anying GRAP complia nt Fixed Asset Registe r for Audit	2015/1 6 Annua I Financ ial State ments and Fixed Asset Regist er	Develo pment of GRAP compli ant Financi al Statem ents and Fixed Asset Regist er by 31 August 2017	Achieve d,GRAP complia nt Financia I Stateme nts and Fixed Asset Register Develop ed		Not Applica ble	Not Applica ble	3	BT O 2	R3,23 0,232
		2.Subm ission of Interim Bi-Annual Financi al Statem ent for 2017/1 8 to Internal Audit by 28 Februar y 2018	2016/1 7 Annua I Financ ial State ments and Fixed Asset Regist er				Not Applica ble	Not Applica ble			

Implementing sound revenue and deb manage ment practice through revenue maximiz tion.	ed Financi al Recove ry plan adopte	Draft Financ ial Recov ery Plan	Develo pment of a financi al recove ry plan detailin g maximi zation of current revenu e stream s and identification of new revenu e stream s by Counci I 30 Septe mber 2017	Achiev ed as Financi al recover y plan detailin g maximi zation of current revenu e stream s and identific ation of new revenu e stream s develo ped.		Not Applica ble	Not Applica ble	3	BT O 3	R845, 687	
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KPA 5: GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

Strate gy	Objecti ve	Indicator	2016/17 Perfor mance (Baseli ne)	2017/18 Annual Target	2017/18 Actual Perfor mance	Sna psh ot	Reaso ns for Varian ce	Correc tive Action s	Sc or e	KPI NO	ADJ UST ED BUD GET
To prom ote a cultur e of partici pator y and good gover	To continu ously ensure effectiv e, econo mical and compli	Review of 2017/22 IDP	2016/2 017 IDP	Approved Reviewed 2017/2 022 IDP by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed as 2017/2 022 IDP review ed and approv ed.		Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 1	R350 ,000

nanc e.	ant integra ted plannin g	Developm ent of Ward Based Plans	Not applica ble	Develo pment of Ward Based Plans by 30 June 2018	Partiall y Achiev ed as Ward base plans develo ped		Late submi ssion by sector depart ment	Ward base plans to be submit ted to Counc il by 31st July 2018.	2	OM M 2	R O
	To create a high-perfor mance culture on on-going basis	Implement ation of Manual Performan ce Managem ent System	2015/1 6 PMS system	4 Quarte rly Report s on Implem entatio n of Manual Perfor mance Manag ement Syste m by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed,4 Quarte rly Report s on Implem entatio n of Manual Perfor mance Manag ement Syste m		Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 3	R O
	To ensure effective and compliant system s of assura nce on internal control	Number of Audit Committee reports submitted to Council	Four (4) Audit Committee reports to Counci I.	4 Audit Committee reports to council by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed, Four (4) Audit Committee reports submitt ed to Counci I.	400	Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 4	R O
	s, service deliver y and financi al reporti ng in line with legislat	Number of Audit committee meetings held	Four Audit Commi ttee meetin gs held	4 Audit commit tee meetin gs to be held by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed, Four (4) Audit Commi ttee Meetin gs held.		Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 5	R240 ,511
	ion by 2017 and beyond	Quarterly Report on the Implement ation status of the Internal Audit Plan.	4 Report s on the implem entatio n status of the Audit	4 Quarte rly Update d AAP Report s by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed, 4 Quarte rly Update d AAP Report s		Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 6	R O

		Action Plan								
	Quarterly Report on the Implement ation status of the Internal Audit Plan.	4 Quarte rly reports on the implem entatio n status of the Interna I Audit Plan	Approved Annual Interna I Audit Plan and 4 Quarte rly reports on the implem entatio n of the approved Interna I Audit Plan by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed, Approv ed Annual Interna I Audit Plan and 4 Quarte rly reports on the implem entatio n of the approv ed Interna I Audit Plan.	Land Control of the C	Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 7	RO
To continu ously ensure that NLM has and maintains an effective proces s of risk manag ement by 2017 and beyond		4 Quarte rly reports on the implem entatio n status of the Risk Manag ement Plan	One formal Annual Risk assess ment worksh op by 30 June 2018	Not Achiev ed as Annual Risk assess ment worksh op not conduc ted.		Delays to get assist ance from COGT A	Annua I Risk asses sment works hop to be condu cted by July 2018.	1	OM M 8	R30, 000
To strengt hen commu nicatio n with internal and extern al stakeh olders	Market and Brand the municipalit y's through Business Card Developm ent ,Newslette rs ,Radio Interviews	Market and Brand the munici pality's throug h the followi ng: 1.Busi ness	Market and Brand the munici pality's throug h the followi ng: 1.Busi ness	Achiev ed as Market and brandi ng of Munici pality was done throug h		Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 9	R85, 000

	and Website	Card Develo pment 2.New sletters 3.Radi o Intervie ws 4.Web site update	Card Develo pment 2.New sletters 3.Radi o Intervie ws 4.Web site	:1.Busi ness Card Develo pment 2.New sletters 3.Radi o Intervie ws 4.Web site						
	Number of Inter- Governme ntal Relations forum meetings held	3 Intergovern mental relation s' forum meetin gs	4 inter-govern mental relation s Forum meetin gs by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed as 4 intergovern mental relation s Forum meetin gs held.		Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 10	R8,0 00
To strengt hen particip atory democ racy by ensurin g that all stakeh olders	Conduct Annual Report Roadshow s	2015/1 6 Annual Report Roads hows	Condu ct Annual Report Roads hows on annual basis by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed as Annual roadsh ow conduc ted		Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 11	R130 ,700
are involve d in decisio n making and ensure that decisio n are made in a	Assess Mid-Year Performan ce Report	2016/1 7 Mid- Year Report	Assess Mid- Year perfor mance Report by 30 June 2018	Not achiev ed as Mid- Year perfor mance Report was not assess ed.	9	Delays to get Audite d Report s	Asses s Mid- Year perfor mance Report by July 2018	1	OM M 12	RO
democ ratic and transp arent manne r	Managing functioning of War Rooms on quarterly basis	Establi shment of War Rooms in 2016/1 7	Managi ng functio ning of War Rooms by 30 June 2018	Not Achiev ed as functio ning of War Rooms was not manag ed.	(Non- attend ance of Sector Depart ments	Office of the Premi er and Local Gover nment Interve ntion Augus t 2018	1	OM M 13	R O

To continu ously ensure mainstr eaming and effective functionality of special programmes within Ngqus hwa LM by 2022 and beyond	Number of special programm es national days to be coordinate d by 30 June 2018	7 Nation al Days Coordi nated in 2016/2 017	Coordination of the following 5 Nation al Days: 1.Nels on Mandel a Day 2.National Wome n's Day 3.Launch of 16 Days of Activis m 4. Closin g of 16 Days of Activis m-Christ mas for Older Person s and Orphans & Vulne rable childre n's 5.Coordination of Youth Day Celebration event	Achiev ed as 5 Nation al Days Coordi nated in 2017/2 018 financi al year.	Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 14	R30, 000
	Appointme nt of Service Provider for New Venture Creation Learnershi p	Not Applica ble	Appoin tment of Servic e Provid er for New Ventur e Creatio n Learne	Achiev ed, Appoin tment of Servic e Provid er for New Ventur e Creatio	Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 15	R 15 000 000

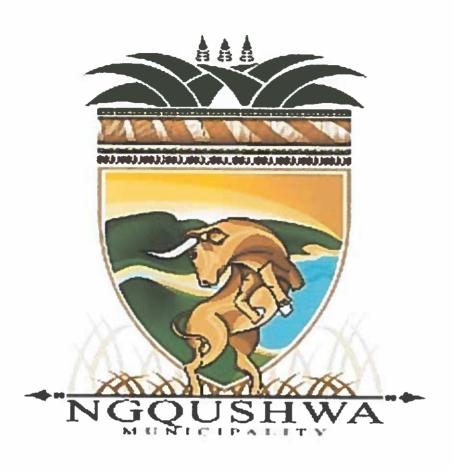
				rship by 30 June 2018	n Learne rship					
ogy with mu pal goa ena g a cor utic mu pal stra c	gn chnol y th unici lity als, ablin a ntrib on to unici lity's ategi	Implement ation of ICT governanc e framework on quarterly basis	Approv ed ICT Corpor ate Govern ance framew ork	Implem entatio n of ICT govern ance framew ork by the 30 June 2018	Not Achiev ed as ICT Enterpr ise Archite cture & ICT migrati on plan not develo ped.	Challe nge is with financi al constraints to condu ct trainin g	Trainin g is now on priority list on trainin g needs	1	OM M 16	RO
a sec ICT infr uct whi del s app riat leve dat inte y a	cure T rastr ture hich liver prop te egrit and ailab	Implement ation of ICT strategy on quarterly basis	Approv ed strateg y	Implem entatio n of ICT Strateg y by 30 June 2018	Achiev ed, Status report on server consoli dation and virtuali zation	Not applic able	Not applic able	3	OM M 17	R 500,0 00

KPA 6: SPATIAL DEVELOPMENT

Strate gy	Objective	Indic ator	2016/17 Performanc e (Baseline)	2017/ 18 Annu al Targe t	2017/ 18 Actua I Perfo rman ce	Sna psh ot	Reas ons for Varia nce	Corre ctive Actio ns	Sc or e	K P I N O	ADJ UST ED BUD GET
To ensur e that spatia I planni ng respo nds to Social , econo mic, enviro nment al and cultur al needs to promo te sustai nable livelih ood in accor dance with SPLU MA princi ples.	To review and implement wall to wall SPLUMA compliant Spatial Development Framework (SDF)	Appointme nt of Servi ce provi der for revie w of Spati al Devel opme nt Fram ework	Adopted Spatial Development Framework	Devel opme nt of Term s of Refer ence and Appointme nt of Service Provider for revie w of Spatial Devel opme nt Fram ework (SDF) by 30 June 2018	Partia Ily Achie ved as Appoi ntmen t of Servic e Provi der and Situati onal Analy sis phase produ ced	le le le le le le le le le le le le le l	Servic e provid er is now curren tly focusi ng on spatial propo sal	The SDF will be finaliz ed on 29 Septe mber 2018	2	$ oldsymbol{OPT} $	R75, 000
	Utilization of existing LRDP's to identify projects for implementation	Revie w of housi ng secto r plan, facilit ation and coord inatio n of housi ng	2016 /17 Housing Sector Plan	Facilit ation and coordi nation of housi ng sector plan devel opme nt by 30	Achie ved as Revie w of housi ng sector plan was compl eted		Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	S P 2	R O

	devel opme nt plan		June 2018							
Perform land audit so as to be able to engage owners for quick release;	Numb er of land parce ls identif ied for unloc king and regist ration	1 request submitted to Department of Public Works	2 Unloc king and regist ration of land parcel s owne d by gover nmen t depar tment s by 30 June 2018	Achie ved as 2 Unloc king and registr ation of land owne d parcel s		Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	∞ ₽ 3	R O
Development of Housing Needs Register	Numb er of housi ng benef iciarie s captu red in the need s regist er	700 Housing beneficiaries captured in 2016/17	450 Const ant Updat ing of housi ng needs regist er by June 2018	Achie ved as 598 Housi ng needs regist ers captur ed	Comment of the commen	Not Applic able	Not Applic able	3	SP4	R 0
Number of municipal properties identified for registration	Identi ficatio n and facilit ate regist ration of munic ipal unreg istere d prope	Not Applicable	Identification and facilitate registration of municipal unregistered prope	Partia Ily Achie ved, No registr ation of unregi stered prope rties.	<u> </u>	Due to delays to get respo nse from sector depart ments only proce ss of registr	Munici pality is in proce ss of regist ering 2 proper ties.	3	S P 5	R O

rties by June 2018		rties by June 2018		ation was done.				
Numb er of buildi ng plans ,billbo ards and lease agree ment s appro ved	12 building plans approved	Reve nue enha ncem ent throu gh adjudi cation of buildi ng plans, billbo ards and lease agree ments by 30 June 2018	Achie ved	Not applica ble.	Not applica ble.	3	∅ ₽ 6	RO



OVERSIGHT REPORT ON THE 2017/2018 ANNUAL REPORT 23 JANUARY 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Items	Page No.
1.	Introduction and Background	3
2.	Statutory Compliance	3
3.	Composition of MPAC and attendance of Meetings	4
4.	Accountability Framework	4
5.	Municipal Public Accounts Committee Public Consultation Meetings On 2017/2018 Annual Report	5
6.	Recommendation Pertaining to 2017/2018 Annual Report	6
7.	Recommendations Pertaining to Oversight Report	6

1. INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

MPAC has an obligation to exercise an oversight role over the executive obligations of Council, therefore a resolution was taken in Council for MPAC to consider and evaluate the Municipality's 2017/2018 Draft Annual Report and further recommend to Council the adoption of the Annual Report in terms of section 129 of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

The functions of the Oversight Committee on the Annual report are to:

- Undertake a review and analysis of the Annual Report
- Invite, receive and consider inputs on the Annual Report
- Consider written comments received on the Annual Report from the members of the public
- Receive and consider Councils' Audit Committee views and comments on the annual financial statements and the performance report
- Prepare the Oversight Report to be tabled before Council for consideration

2. STATUTORY COMPLIANCE

The process for the finalisation and approval of the 2017/2018 Annual Report was conducted as per the table below:

ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION	PROVISION
Preparation of annual financial statements of the municipality and submission to the Auditor-General	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 122(1)(2)
Receipt of final audit report from Auditor- General	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 126(3)(b)
Tabling of Final Draft Annual Report in Council by Mayor	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 127(2)
Allowing for comment by community and relevant state organs	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 127(5)(a) & (b)
Corrective actions to AG's opinion formulated and tabled in Council	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 121(3)(g)
Submission of Annual Report and Oversight Report to AG, Provincial Treasury and MEC: Local Government	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 129(2)(b)
Communication of final Annual Report / Oversight Report (Website, hard copies and other mediums)	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 129(3)
Submit Annual Report / Oversight Report to the provincial legislature	MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT Section 132 (1) (2)

3. COMPOSITION OF NGQUSHWA LOCAL MUNICIPALITY MUNICIPAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE AND ATTENDANCE OF MEETINGS

Ordinary Meetings

COUNCILLOR	PORTFOLIO		DATES OF ORDINARY MEETINGS				
NAME		27/09/2017	12/11/2017	18/01/2018	13/04/ 2018	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
Cllr. N. Mquqo	Chairperson	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	
Cllr. L. Moyeni	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Cllr. N. Mtati	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Cllr. R. Taylor	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	
Cllr. N.V. Gxasheka	Member	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	
Prince N. Mhlauli	Member	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Special Meetings

LOUNCILLOR	PORTFOLIO				
NAME		11/07/2017	10/10/2017	19 /01/2018	26 /062018
Cllr N. Mquqo	Chairperson	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cllr L. Moyeni	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cllr N. Mtati	Member	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cllr R. Taylor	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cllr N.V. Gxasheka	Member	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Prince N. Mhlauli	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

This Oversight Report is prepared in line with Section 129 of the Municipal Finance Management Act read in conjunction with Municipal Finance Management Act, Circular No.63.

4. ACCOUNTABILITY FRAMEWORK

The following table displays the nature of the accountability framework for local government:

Council Structures/Directorate	Responsible for	Oversight over	Accountable to
Council	Approving policy and budget	Executive Committee	Community
Mayor or Executive Committee	Policy, budgets, outcomes	Municipal Manager	Council

Municipal Manager	Outputs and implementation	The Administration	Mayor or Executive Committee
Chief Financial Officer and Senior Managers	Outputs and implementation	Financial Management and Operational Functions	Municipal Manager

- The Oversight Report is the final major step in the annual reporting process of a municipality. The oversight report must consider any input from the public and council.
- The Oversight Report on the Annual Report is a product of comprehensive consideration and consultation on the Annual Report and is considered to be a report of the Municipal Council to the community disclosing the extent to which the priority needs have been met as contained in the Integrated Development Plan.

5. MUNICIPAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE PUBLIC CONSULTATION MEETINGS ON 2017/2018 ANNUAL REPORT

Ward	Date	Activity	Venue	Time
1		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Tyeni Community Hall	10H00
4	16/10/2018	Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Machibi Community Hall	10H00
2		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Qugqwala Community Hall	13H00
3		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Qaukeni Community Hall	13H00
9		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Pikoli Community Hall	10H00
11	17/10/2018	Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Mgababa Community Hall	10H00
5		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Mankone Community Hall	13H00
10		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Lower Gwalana Hall	13H00
5		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Feni Community Hall	10H00
12	18/10/2018	Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Wesley Community Hall	10H00
5		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Crossroads Community Hall	13H00
8		Tabling of Annual Report 2017/2018	Ncumisa Kondlo Community Hall	13H00

Subsequent to the conclusion of the Annual Roadshows (as per table above), The Municipal Public Accounts Committee convened on the 11 December 2018 and on the 11 January 2019, to consider the public inputs received on the 2017/18 Draft

Annual Report and to assess the compliance of the Oversight Report with the guidelines set out in Circular 63 of the MFMA. Issues were raised with the Municipal Manager and upon re-assessment in January 2019, all the raised issues were rectified and the report was found to be compliant with the Municipal Finance Management Act, Circular 63.

6. MUNICIPAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS PERTAINING TO THE 2017/2018 ANNUAL REPORT

*

The Municipal Public Accounts Committee having considered the 2017/2018
 Annual Report recommends to Council the Adoption of the 2017/2018 Annual
 Report with no reservations in terms of section 129 (1) (a) of the Municipal
 Finance Management Act.

7. MUNICIPAL PUBLIC ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS PERTAINING TO THE OVERSIGHT REPORT

- Accordingly, the Municipal Public Accounts Committee recommends to Council
 to Adopt the 2017/2018 Oversight Report of the Ngqushwa Local Municipality
 and representations thereof in terms of section 129 of the Municipal Finance
 Management Act;
- The MPAC Oversight Report be made public in accordance with the prescripts of the Municipal Finance Management Act.

Cllr. N. Mquqo Chairperson

Signature:

Date: 23/01/2019

ANNEXURE F AUDIT COMMITTEE ANNUAL REPORT

NGQUSHWA MUNICIPALITY AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT TO COUNCIL

Report of the Audit Committee

We present our report for the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The function of the Audit Committee (hereinafter referred to as the Committee) is primarily to assist the Ngqushwa Municipality (hereinafter referred to as the Council) in discharging its duties relating to the safeguarding of assets, the operation of adequate systems, control processes and the preparation of financial reports and statements.

The Committee operates in terms of section 166 of the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), Act No. 56 of 2003 and has endeavoured to comply with its responsibilities arising from those requirements.

The Committee has performed its duties according to its terms of reference in the form of an approved Audit Committee Charter which stipulates amongst other issues the primary purpose of the Committee, which is:

- To monitor the integrity of the Council's financial statements and announcements relating to its financial performance, reviewing significant reporting financial reporting judgements;
- To review the effectiveness of the Council's internal controls and risk management systems;
- To monitor the effectiveness of the internal audit function and review its material findings; and,
- To oversee the relationship with the internal and external auditors, including agreeing to the latter's audit fees and terms of engagement, monitoring their independence, objectivity and effectiveness.

The Committee has no executive function and its primary objective is to review and challenge rather than assume responsibility for any matters within its remit.

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS AND ATTENDANCE

The audit committee consists of the members listed hereunder and should meet at least 4 times per annum as per its approved terms of reference. In terms of the Audit Committee Charter, the committee should consist of a minimum of 3 members. The current audit committee held 6 meetings during the year under review (including the review of financial statements):

Name of Member	# of Meetings Attended
WA Plaatjes	6
C Sparg	6
V Hlehliso	6
PH Songo	4

The committee meetings are also attended by the Mayor, the Chair of MPAC, the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer, Provincial Treasury, CoGTA, ADM, Internal and External Auditors (AG).

THE EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL

The system of internal control was not entirely effective for the period under review. During the period under review, several deficiencies in the system of internal control and/or deviations were identified by the audit committee and the internal auditors. Management has committed to working on improving the internal control environment and the committee will continue to monitor the improvement.

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT)

The committee recommended that ICT activities be adequately budgeted, as the risks may outweigh the cost. The AC recommends that IT Security management and The Open Architecture Framework be expedited for the implementation of ICT governance framework phase two.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Audit Committee approved the risk management strategy. A risk assessment was conducted during the year. The risk action plans are derived from the risk registers and are mainly constituted by suggested control improvements to address risks that may negatively affect the institution's ability to achieve its objectives. At the financial year-end, the overall implementation status in respect of strategic risks was 69% and 46% for operational risks. The AC recommended that risk management is taken seriously and that it form part of the performance agreements of senior managers.

PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

The overall performance of the institution was 72% for the 2017/18 (80% in 2016/17). The Audit Committee was satisfied that performance has remained elevated notwithstanding the cash flow constraints experienced by the institution during the financial year. The Audit Committee was part of the panel to evaluate the performance of senior management. The cascading of PMS still remains a challenge in the municipality.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MFMA, THE ANNUAL DIVISION OF REVENUE ACT AND ANY OTHER APPLICABLE LEGISLATION

The Audit Committee reports that it is not aware of any material occurrence or omission resulting or potentially resulting in non-compliance with the Municipal Finance Management Act; and any other key legislation applicable to the Local Municipality. No investigations were initiated by the Audit Committee or referred to the Audit Committee by Council.

The Annual Division of Revenue Act

R2.8m expenditure on MIG was covered via the equitable share. To prevent this situation in the future, departments are no longer working in silos. The audit committee was hoping to see much more alignment between income, especially conditional grants and expenditure to avoid negative cash flows.

Evaluation of the Financial Statements

The Audit Committee has:

- Reviewed and discussed the unaudited annual financial statements to be included in the annual report;
- Reviewed changes in accounting policies and practices;
- Reviewed the municipality's compliance with legal and regulatory provisions;
- Reviewed the information on pre-determined objectives to be included in the annual report, and Reviewed significant adjustments used in the compilation of the annual financial statements.

INTERNAL AUDIT

The in-house IA unit was augmented with additional resources from the co-sourcing partner, this arrangement ended on 31 January 2018.

The Audit Committee is satisfied that the internal audit function is operating effectively within its resource constraints and that it has addressed the risks pertinent to the municipality during the year under review.

AUDITOR GENERAL SOUTH AFRICA

The Audit Committee has met with the Auditor General during the year to ensure that there are no outstanding issues relating to the Municipality.

Prof. W Plaatjes

Chairperson of the Audit Committee Date: 14 December 2018

ANNEXURE G KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Chapter: Organisational Transformation and Institutional Development –KPA 1

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in municipal transformation and organizational development

	Indicator name	Total number of people (planned for) during the year under review	the year under review	Achievement percentage during the year	Comments on the gap
1	Vacancy rate for all approved and budgeted posts;	234	35	14%	
0 2	Percentage of appointment in strategic positions (Municipal Manager and Section 57 Managers)	1	1	100%	
3	Percentage of Section 57 Managers including Municipal Managers who attended at least 1 skill development training course within the FY	2	2	100%	
4	Percentage of Managers in Technical Services with a professional qualification	2	2	100%	

	Indicator name	Total	Achievement	Achievement	Comments on
		number of	level during	percentage	the gap
		people	the year	during the	
		(planned	under review	year	
		for) during			
		the year			
		under			
		review			
5	Level of PMS effectiveness in the DM – (DM to report)	THE INFORM	MATION SHOULE	D BE REFLECTED II	N A NARRATIVE
6	Level of effectiveness of PMS in the LM – (LM to report)	lever. Our pl (2017/19) w next two yea (2019/21) th the institution	an is to take 5ye are busy with ar we will be doi nen for year finalon.	cading PMS down ears, for the 1 st tw the Middle Manag ng Practitioners a I we will be doing	o years gers, then for nd officer everybody in
7	Adoption and implementation of a HRD including Workplace Skills Plan	WSP adopte 28 June 20 1	•	/ 2018 and HRD ac	dopted on the
8	Percentage of staff that have undergone a skills audit (including competency profiles) within the current 5 year term	219	79	36%	
9	Percentage of councillors who attended a skill development training within the current 5 year term	27	7	100%	
10	Percentage of staff complement with disability	2	2	100%	

	Indicator name	Total number of people (planned for) during the year under review	Achievement level during the year under review	Achievement percentage during the year	Comments on the gap
11	Percentage of female employees	6	14	233.3%	
12	Percentage of employees that are aged 35 or younger	11	11	100%	

Chapter: Basic Service delivery performance highlights (KPA 2)

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in water services

	Indicator	Total number of	Estimated	Target set	Number of	Percentage
	name	household/custo	backlogs	for the FY	HH/custom	of
		mer expected to	(actual	under	er reached	achieveme
		benefit	numbers)	review	during the	nt during
				(actual	FY	the year
				numbers)		
1	Percentag e of	This function is rendered by	This	This function is	This function is	This function is
	household	District	function is rendered by District	rendered	rendered by	rendered
	s with access to	Municipality		by District Municipali	District Municipality	by District Municipalit
	potable			ty		У
	water		- 7			
2	Percentag	This function is	This	This	This	This
	e of	rendered by	function is	function is	function is	function is
	indigent	District	rendered	rendered	rendered by	rendered
	household	Municipality	by District	by District	District	by District
	s with		Municipali	Municipali	Municipality	Municipalit
	access to		ty	ty		У
	free basic					
	potable					
	water					
3	Percentag	This function is	This	This	This	This
	e of clinics	rendered by	function is	function is	function is	function is

	with	District	rendered	rendered	rendered by	rendered
	access to	Municipality	by District	by District	District	by District
	potable		Municipali	Municipali	Municipality	Municipalit
	water		ty	ty		У
4	Percentag	This function is	This	This	This	This
	e of	rendered by	function is	function is	function is	function is
	schools	District	rendered	rendered	rendered by	rendered
	with	Municipality	by District	by District	District	by District
	access to		Municipali	Municipali	Municipality	Municipalit
	potable		ty	ty		У
	water					
5	Percentag	This function is	This	This	This	This
	e of	rendered by	function is	function is	function is	function is
	household	District	rendered	rendered	rendered by	rendered
	s in formal	Municipality	by District	by District	District	by District
	settlemen		Municipali	Municipali	Municipality	Municipalit
	ts using		ty	ty		У
	buckets					

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in Electricity services

	Indicator	Total number of	Estimated	Target set	Number of	Percentage of
	name	household/customer	backlogs	for the f.	HH/customer	achievement
		expected to benefit	(actual	year	reached	during the
			numbers)	under	during the FY	year
				review		
				(actual		
				numbers)		
1	Percentage	21 384	54	410	356	1.7%
	of					
	households					
	with access					
	to electricity					
	services					
2	Percentage	4 090	1 810	No Target	4 090	44.3%
	of indigent			set		
	households					
	with access					
	to basic					
	electricity					
	services					
3	Percentage	Not Applicable	Not	Not	Not	Not
	of indigent		Applicable	Applicable	Applicable	Applicable
	households					

with access			
to free			
alternative			
energy			
sources			

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in sanitation services (DISTRICT FUNCTION)

	Indicator name	Total number	Estimated	Target set	Number of	Percentage
		of	backlogs	for the f.	HH/custo	of
		household/cus	(actual	year	mer	achieveme
		tomer	numbers)	under	reached	nt during
		expected to		review		the year
		benefit				
1	Percentage of					
	households with					
	access to sanitation					
	services					
2	Percentage of					
	indigent households					
	with access to free					
	basic sanitation					
	services					
3	Percentage of clinics					
	with access to					
	sanitation services					
4	Percentage of schools					
	with access to					
	sanitation services					

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in road maintenance services

	Indicator	Total number of	Estimated	Target	Number of	Percentage
	name	household/customer	backlogs	set for	HH/customer	of
		expected to benefit	(actual	the f.	reached	achievement
			numbers)	year	during the FY	during the
				under		year
				review		
				(Actual		
				numbers)		
1	Percentage of	18 492	16 346	5314	5314	95%
	households					
	without					
	access to					
	gravel or					
	graded roads					

2	Percentage of	18 492	18 492	168 km	18 492	100%
	road					
	infrastructure					
	requiring					
	upgrade					
3	Percentage of	18 492	16 333	5314	5314	95%
	planned new					
	road					
	infrastructure					
	actually					
	constructed					
4	Percentage of	18 492	16 333	5000	5000	95%
	capital budget					
	reserved for					
	road					
	upgrading and					
	maintenance					
	effectively					
	used.					

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in waste management services

	Indicator	Total number of	Estimated	Target	Number of	Percentage of
	name	household/customer	backlogs	set for	HH/customer	achievement
		expected to benefit	(actual	the f.	reached	during the
			numbers)	year		year
				under		
				review		
1	Percentage of	15 000	Not	15 000	15 000	100%
	households		collecting			
	with access to		in Rural			
	refuse		areas.			
	removal					
	services					
2	Existence of	The Municipality has r	no Waste Ma	nagement	Plan.	
	waste					
	management					
	plan					

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in housing and town planning services

Indicator	Total number of	Estimated	Target set	Number of	Percentage
name	household/customer	backlogs	for the f.	HH/customer	of
	expected to benefit	(Actual	year	reached	achievement
		numbers)	under		during the
			review		year

1	Percentage	27,9%	5159	Dept.	Dept. Human	Dept. Human
	of			Human	Settlement	Settlement
	households			Settlement	Indicator	Indicator
	living in			Indicator		
	informal					
	settlements					
2	Percentage	None	None	None	None	None
	of informal					
	settlements					
	that have					
	been					
	provided					
	with basic					
	services					
3	Percentage	72,1%	13333	Dept.	Dept. Human	Dept. Human
	of			Human	Settlement	Settlement
	households			Settlement	Indicator	Indicator
	in formal			Indicator		
	housing that					
	conforms to					
	the minimum					
	building					
	standards for					
	residential					
	houses					
4	Existence of	The Municipality has I	ndigent polic	СУ		
	an effective					
	indigent					
	policy					
5	Existence of	The Municipality appo	inted Service	e Provider fo	r Development o	of SDF
	an approved					
	SDF					
6	Existence of	The Municipality is im	plementing	SPLUMA.		
	Land Use					
	Management					
	System					
	(LUMS)					

CHAPTER: MUNICIPAL LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK- (KPA 3)

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in LED

	Indicator name	Target set for the	Achievement level during the	Achievement
			year (absolute	percentage during
		year	•	the year
_	E 111 (LED)	VEC	figure)	
1	Existence of LED unit	YES		
2	Percentage of LED Budget	100%		100%
	spent on LED related activities.			
3	Existence of LED strategy			
		THE MUNICI	PALITY HAS AN EXI	STING LED STRATEGY
		THAT IT IS IN	N A DRAFT STAGE.	
4	Number of LED stakeholder	4	4	100%
	forum meetings held			
5	Plans to stimulate second	22	22 Informal	100%
	economy		traders received	
			capacity building	
6	Percentage of SMME that	60	30 Cooperatives	96%
	have benefited from a SMME		15 Contractors	
	support program		10 homestays	
			3 crafters	
7	Number of job opportunities	35	28 casual	89%
	created through EPWP		workers for	
			construction of	
			LED	
			infrastructure	
8	Number of job opportunities			
	created through PPP			
	· ·	l		

Chapter: MUNICIPAL FINANCIAL VIABILITY AND MANAGEMENT (KPA 4)

Annual performance as per key performance indicators in financial viability

	Indicator name	Target set for the year R(000)	Achievement level during the year R(000)	Achievement percentage during the year
1	Percentage expenditure of capital budget	27 632 297	93 759 397	339%
2	Salary budget as a percentage of the total operational budget	61 159 700	58 806 422	96%

3	Trade creditors as a percentage of total actual revenue	155 523 681	22 728 003	14.6%
4	Total municipal own revenue as a percentage of the total actual budget	155 523 681	41 859 720	26.9%
5	Rate of municipal consumer debt reduction	25 750 454	15 948 870	38%
6	Percentage of MIG budget appropriately spent	31 833 000	31 833 000	100%
7	Percentage of MSIG budget appropriately spent	0	0	0
8	AG Audit opinion	Unqualified Audit Opinion	Unqualified Audit Opinion	
9	Functionality of the Audit Committee	Effective	Effective	100%
10	Submission of AFS after the end of financial year	31 Aug 2018	31 Aug 31	100%

Chapter: GOOD GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC PARTICIPATION- (KPA 5)

No	Indicator name	Target set for the year	Achievement level during the year (absolute figure)	Achievement percentage during the year
1	% of ward committees established	100%	100%	100%
2	% of ward committees that are functional	100%	100%	100%
3	Existence of an effective system to monitor CDWs	The performance of CDW's is monitored directly by Department of Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, however, the office of the Speaker gives support to CDW's.		
4	Existence of an IGR strategy	No, We have terms of reference		

No	Indicator name	Target set for the year	Achievement level during the year (absolute figure)	Achievement percentage during the year	
5	Effective of IGR structural meetings	Yes			
6	Existence of an effective communication strategy	Yes			
7	Number of mayoral imbizos conducted	None			
8	Existence of a fraud prevention mechanism	The municipality has a fraud prevention plan and the fraud awareness workshop which is part of risk assessment workshop that is conducted on an annual basis.			